



Accreditation Council for
Graduate Medical Education

ACGME

Common Program Requirements

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Common Program Requirements

Note: The term “resident” in this document refers to both specialty residents and subspecialty fellows. Once the Common Program Requirements are inserted into each set of specialty and subspecialty requirements, the terms “resident” and “fellow” will be used respectively.

Introduction

Int.A. Residency is an essential dimension of the transformation of the medical student to the independent practitioner along the continuum of medical education. It is physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and requires longitudinally-concentrated effort on the part of the resident.

The specialty education of physicians to practice independently is experiential, and necessarily occurs within the context of the health care delivery system. Developing the skills, knowledge, and attitudes leading to proficiency in all the domains of clinical competency requires the resident physician to assume personal responsibility for the care of individual patients. For the resident, the essential learning activity is interaction with patients under the guidance and supervision of faculty members who give value, context, and meaning to those interactions. As residents gain experience and demonstrate growth in their ability to care for patients, they assume roles that permit them to exercise those skills with greater independence. This concept--graded and progressive responsibility--is one of the core tenets of American graduate medical education. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education has the goals of assuring the provision of safe and effective care to the individual patient; assuring each resident’s development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishing a foundation for continued professional growth.

I. Institutions

I.A. Sponsoring Institution

One sponsoring institution must assume ultimate responsibility for the program, as described in the Institutional Requirements, and this responsibility extends to resident assignments at all participating sites. ^{(Core)*}

The sponsoring institution and the program must ensure that the program director has sufficient protected time and financial support for his or her educational and administrative responsibilities to the program. ^(Core)

I.B. Participating Sites

I.B.1. There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. ^(Detail)

The PLA should:

I.B.1.a) identify the faculty who will assume both educational and

- 52 supervisory responsibilities for residents; ^(Detail)
- 53
- 54 I.B.1.b) specify their responsibilities for teaching, supervision, and formal
55 evaluation of residents, as specified later in this document; ^(Detail)
- 56
- 57 I.B.1.c) specify the duration and content of the educational experience;
58 and, ^(Detail)
- 59
- 60 I.B.1.d) state the policies and procedures that will govern resident
61 education during the assignment. ^(Detail)
- 62
- 63 I.B.2. The program director must submit any additions or deletions of
64 participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required
65 for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through
66 the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME)
67 Accreditation Data System (ADS). ^(Core)
- 68
- 69 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 70
- 71 II. Program Personnel and Resources
- 72
- 73 II.A. Program Director
- 74
- 75 II.A.1. There must be a single program director with authority and accountability
76 for the operation of the program. The sponsoring institution's Graduate
77 Medical Education Committee (GMEC) must approve a change in
78 program director. ^(Core)
- 79
- 80 II.A.1.a) The program director must submit this change to the ACGME via
81 the ADS. ^(Core)
- 82
- 83 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 84
- 85 II.A.2. The program director should continue in his or her position for a length of
86 time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability.
87 ^(Detail)
- 88
- 89 II.A.3. Qualifications of the program director must include:
- 90
- 91 II.A.3.a) requisite specialty expertise and documented educational and
92 administrative experience acceptable to the Review Committee;
93 ^(Core)
- 94
- 95 II.A.3.b) current certification in the specialty by the American Board of
96 _____, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the
97 Review Committee; and, ^(Core)
- 98
- 99 II.A.3.c) current medical licensure and appropriate medical staff
100 appointment. ^(Core)
- 101
- 102 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

- 103
104 II.A.4. The program director must administer and maintain an educational
105 environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME
106 competency areas. ^(Core)
107
108 The program director must:
109
110 II.A.4.a) oversee and ensure the quality of didactic and clinical education in
111 all sites that participate in the program; ^(Core)
112
113 II.A.4.b) approve a local director at each participating site who is
114 accountable for resident education; ^(Core)
115
116 II.A.4.c) approve the selection of program faculty as appropriate; ^(Core)
117
118 II.A.4.d) evaluate program faculty; ^(Core)
119
120 II.A.4.e) approve the continued participation of program faculty based on
121 evaluation; ^(Core)
122
123 II.A.4.f) monitor resident supervision at all participating sites; ^(Core)
124
125 II.A.4.g) prepare and submit all information required and requested by the
126 ACGME; ^(Core)
127
128 II.A.4.g).(1) This includes but is not limited to the program application
129 forms and annual program resident updates to the ADS,
130 and ensure that the information submitted is accurate and
131 complete. ^(Core)
132
133 II.A.4.h) ensure compliance with grievance and due process procedures as
134 set forth in the Institutional Requirements and implemented by the
135 sponsoring institution; ^(Detail)
136
137 II.A.4.i) provide verification of residency education for all residents,
138 including those who leave the program prior to completion; ^(Detail)
139
140 II.A.4.j) implement policies and procedures consistent with the institutional
141 and program requirements for resident duty hours and the working
142 environment, including moonlighting, ^(Core)
143
144 and, to that end, must:
145
146 II.A.4.j).(1) distribute these policies and procedures to the residents
147 and faculty; ^(Detail)
148
149 II.A.4.j).(2) monitor resident duty hours, according to sponsoring
150 institutional policies, with a frequency sufficient to ensure
151 compliance with ACGME requirements; ^(Core)
152
153 II.A.4.j).(3) adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive

154		service demands and/or fatigue; and, ^(Detail)
155		
156	II.A.4.j).(4)	if applicable, monitor the demands of at-home call and
157		adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive
158		service demands and/or fatigue. ^(Detail)
159		
160	II.A.4.k)	monitor the need for and ensure the provision of back up support
161		systems when patient care responsibilities are unusually difficult
162		or prolonged; ^(Detail)
163		
164	II.A.4.l)	comply with the sponsoring institution's written policies and
165		procedures, including those specified in the Institutional
166		Requirements, for selection, evaluation and promotion of
167		residents, disciplinary action, and supervision of residents; ^(Detail)
168		
169	II.A.4.m)	be familiar with and comply with ACGME and Review Committee
170		policies and procedures as outlined in the ACGME Manual of
171		Policies and Procedures; ^(Detail)
172		
173	II.A.4.n)	obtain review and approval of the sponsoring institution's
174		GMEC/DIO before submitting information or requests to the
175		ACGME, including: ^(Core)
176		
177	II.A.4.n).(1)	all applications for ACGME accreditation of new programs;
178		^(Detail)
179		
180	II.A.4.n).(2)	changes in resident complement; ^(Detail)
181		
182	II.A.4.n).(3)	major changes in program structure or length of training;
183		^(Detail)
184		
185	II.A.4.n).(4)	progress reports requested by the Review Committee;
186		^(Detail)
187		
188	II.A.4.n).(5)	responses to all proposed adverse actions; ^(Detail)
189		
190	II.A.4.n).(6)	requests for increases or any change to resident duty
191		hours; ^(Detail)
192		
193	II.A.4.n).(7)	voluntary withdrawals of ACGME-accredited programs;
194		^(Detail)
195		
196	II.A.4.n).(8)	requests for appeal of an adverse action; ^(Detail)
197		
198	II.A.4.n).(9)	appeal presentations to a Board of Appeal or the ACGME;
199		and, ^(Detail)
200		
201	II.A.4.n).(10)	proposals to ACGME for approval of innovative
202		educational approaches. ^(Detail)
203		
204	II.A.4.o)	obtain DIO review and co-signature on all program application

- 205 forms, as well as any correspondence or document submitted to
 206 the ACGME that addresses: ^(Detail)
- 207
- 208 II.A.4.o).(1) program citations, and/or, ^(Detail)
- 209
- 210 II.A.4.o).(2) request for changes in the program that would have
 211 significant impact, including financial, on the program or
 212 institution. ^(Detail)
- 213
- 214 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 215
- 216 II.B. Faculty
- 217
- 218 II.B.1. At each participating site, there must be a sufficient number of faculty with
 219 documented qualifications to instruct and supervise all residents at that
 220 location. ^(Core)
- 221
- 222 The faculty must:
- 223
- 224 II.B.1.a) devote sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their
 225 supervisory and teaching responsibilities; and to demonstrate a
 226 strong interest in the education of residents, and ^(Core)
- 227
- 228 II.B.1.b) administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to
 229 educating residents in each of the ACGME competency areas.
 230 ^(Core)
- 231
- 232 II.B.2. The physician faculty must have current certification in the specialty by
 233 the American Board of _____, or possess qualifications judged
 234 acceptable to the Review Committee. ^(Core)
- 235
- 236 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
- 237
- 238 II.B.3. The physician faculty must possess current medical licensure and
 239 appropriate medical staff appointment. ^(Core)
- 240
- 241 II.B.4. The nonphysician faculty must have appropriate qualifications in their field
 242 and hold appropriate institutional appointments. ^(Core)
- 243
- 244 II.B.5. The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry and
 245 scholarship with an active research component. ^(Core)
- 246
- 247 II.B.5.a) The faculty must regularly participate in organized clinical
 248 discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. ^(Detail)
- 249
- 250 II.B.5.b) Some members of the faculty should also demonstrate
 251 scholarship by one or more of the following:
- 252
- 253 II.B.5.b).(1) peer-reviewed funding; ^(Detail)
- 254
- 255 II.B.5.b).(2) publication of original research or review articles in peer

256		reviewed journals, or chapters in textbooks; ^(Detail)
257		
258	II.B.5.b).(3)	publication or presentation of case reports or clinical series
259		at local, regional, or national professional and scientific
260		society meetings; or, ^(Detail)
261		
262	II.B.5.b).(4)	participation in national committees or educational
263		organizations. ^(Detail)
264		
265	II.B.5.c)	Faculty should encourage and support residents in scholarly
266		activities. ^(Core)
267		
268		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
269		
270	II.C.	Other Program Personnel
271		
272		The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of all
273		necessary professional, technical, and clerical personnel for the effective
274		administration of the program. ^(Core)
275		
276		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
277		
278	II.D.	Resources
279		
280		The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of adequate
281		resources for resident education, as defined in the specialty program
282		requirements. ^(Core)
283		
284		[As further specified by the Review Committee]
285		
286	II.E.	Medical Information Access
287		
288		Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate
289		reference material in print or electronic format. Electronic medical literature
290		databases with search capabilities should be available. ^(Detail)
291		
292	III.	Resident Appointments
293		
294	III.A.	Eligibility Criteria
295		
296		The program director must comply with the criteria for resident eligibility as
297		specified in the Institutional Requirements. ^(Core)
298		
299	III.A.1.	<u>All Prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for entry into</u>
300		<u>ACGME-accredited residency programs must be accomplished</u>
301		<u>completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, ACGME</u>
302		<u>International-accredited residency programs, or Royal College of</u>
303		<u>Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited residency</u>
304		<u>programs located in Canada. ^(Core)</u>
305		

306 III.A.1.a) Residency programs must receive verification of each applicant's
307 level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME
308 Milestones assessments from the prior training program. ^(Core)

310 III.A.1.b) Review Committees will not grant exceptions to these eligibility
311 requirements for residency education. ^(Core)

312 III.A.2. Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs

313 All required Prerequisite-clinical education for entry into ACGME-
314 accredited fellowship programs must meet the following qualifications: be
315 completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, an ACGME
316 International-accredited residency program, or an RCPSC-accredited
317 residency program located in Canada. ^(Core)

321 III.A.2.a) Fellowship programs must receive verification of each applicant's
322 level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME
323 Milestones assessments from the core residency program. ^(Core) ~~for~~
324 ~~fellowship programs that require completion of a residency~~
325 ~~program, the completion of an ACGME-accredited residency~~
326 ~~program or an RCPSC-accredited residency program located in~~
327 ~~Canada.~~

328 III.A.2.b) Fellow Eligibility Exception

329 A Review Committee may grant the following exception to the
330 fellowship eligibility requirements:

331 An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an
332 exceptionally qualified applicant*, who does not satisfy the
333 eligibility requirements listed in III.A.2., but who does meet all of
334 the following additional qualifications and conditions: ^(Core) ~~for~~
335 ~~fellowship programs that require completion of some clinical~~
336 ~~education, clinical education that is accomplished in ACGME-~~
337 ~~accredited residency programs or RCPSC-accredited residency~~
338 ~~programs located in Canada.~~

342 III.A.2.b).(1) Assessment by the program director and fellowship
343 selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter
344 the program, based on prior training, and review of the
345 summative evaluations of training in the core specialty, and
346 ^(Core)

347 III.A.2.b).(2) Review and approval of the applicant's exceptional
348 qualifications by a subcommittee of the GMEC, and ^(Core)

349 III.A.2.b).(3) Satisfactory completion of the United States Medical
350 Licensing Examination (USMLE) Steps 1, 2, and, if the
351 applicant is eligible, 3, and ^(Core)

- 355 III.A.2.b).(4) For an international graduate, verification of Educational
356 Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG)
357 certification, and ^(Core)
358
- 359 III.A.2.b).(5) Applicants accepted by this exception must complete
360 fellowship Milestones evaluation (for the purposes of
361 establishment of baseline performance by the Clinical
362 Competency Committee), conducted by the receiving
363 fellowship program within 6 weeks of matriculation. ^(Core)
364
- 365 III.A.2.b).(5).(a) If the trainee does not meet the expected level of
366 competency following entry into the fellowship, the
367 trainee must undergo a period of remediation,
368 overseen by the Clinical Competency Committee.
369 This period of remediation must not count toward
370 time in fellowship training. ^(Core)
371
- 372 ~~[The Review Committee may specify that prerequisite clinical~~
373 ~~education must be accomplished only in ACGME-accredited~~
374 ~~programs.]~~
375
- 376 *An exceptionally qualified applicant has (1) completed a non-ACGME-
377 accredited residency program in the core specialty, and (2) demonstrated
378 clinical excellence, in comparison to peers, throughout training. Additional
379 evidence of exceptional qualifications include (3) participation in
380 additional clinical or research training in the specialty or subspecialty; (4)
381 demonstrated scholarship in the specialty or subspecialty; and (5)
382 demonstrated leadership in the field of the specialty or in specialty
383 organizations.
384
- 385 [Each Review Committee will decide whether the exception specified
386 above will be permitted. If the Review Committee will not allow this
387 exception, the program requirements will include the following statement]:
388
- 389 III.A.2.c) The Review Committee for _____ will not allow exceptions to the
390 Eligibility Requirements for Fellowship Programs in III.A.2. ^(Core)
391
- 392 III.B. Number of Residents
393
- 394 The program’s educational resources must be adequate to support the number of
395 residents appointed to the program. ^(Core)
396
- 397 III.B.1. The program director may not appoint more residents than approved by
398 the Review Committee, unless otherwise stated in the specialty-specific
399 requirements. ^(Core)
400
- 401 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
402
- 403 III.C. Resident Transfers
404
- 405 III.C.1. Before accepting a resident who is transferring from another program, the

- 406 program director must obtain written or electronic verification of previous
 407 educational experiences and a summative competency-based
 408 performance evaluation of the transferring resident. ^(Detail)
 409
- 410 III.C.2. A program director must provide timely verification of residency education
 411 and summative performance evaluations for residents who may leave the
 412 program prior to completion. ^(Detail)
 413
- 414 III.D. Appointment of Fellows and Other Learners
 415
 416 The presence of other learners (including, but not limited to, residents from other
 417 specialties, subspecialty fellows, PhD students, and nurse practitioners) in the
 418 program must not interfere with the appointed residents' education. ^(Core)
 419
- 420 III.D.1. The program director must report the presence of other learners to the
 421 DIO and GMEC in accordance with sponsoring institution guidelines. ^(Detail)
 422
 423 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
 424
- 425 IV. Educational Program
 426
- 427 IV.A. The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
 428
- 429 IV.A.1. Overall educational goals for the program, which the program must make
 430 available to residents and faculty; ^(Core)
 431
- 432 IV.A.2. Competency-based goals and objectives for each assignment at each
 433 educational level, which the program must distribute to residents and
 434 faculty at least annually, in either written or electronic form; ^(Core)
 435
- 436 IV.A.3. Regularly scheduled didactic sessions; ^(Core)
 437
- 438 IV.A.4. Delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive
 439 responsibility for patient management, and supervision of residents over
 440 the continuum of the program; and, ^(Core)
 441
- 442 IV.A.5. ACGME Competencies
 443
 444 The program must integrate the following ACGME competencies into the
 445 curriculum: ^(Core)
 446
- 447 IV.A.5.a) Patient Care and Procedural Skills
 448
- 449 IV.A.5.a).(1) Residents must be able to provide patient care that is
 450 compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment
 451 of health problems and the promotion of health. Residents:
 452 ^(Outcome)
 453
 454 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
 455
- 456 IV.A.5.a).(2) Residents must be able to competently perform all

457 medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered
458 essential for the area of practice. Residents: ^(Outcome)

459
460 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

461
462 IV.A.5.b) Medical Knowledge

463
464 Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and
465 evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-
466 behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge
467 to patient care. Residents: ^(Outcome)

468
469 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

470
471 IV.A.5.c) Practice-based Learning and Improvement

472
473 Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate
474 their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific
475 evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on
476 constant self-evaluation and life-long learning. ^(Outcome)

477
478 Residents are expected to develop skills and habits to be able to
479 meet the following goals:

480
481 IV.A.5.c).(1) identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's
482 knowledge and expertise; ^(Outcome)

483
484 IV.A.5.c).(2) set learning and improvement goals; ^(Outcome)

485
486 IV.A.5.c).(3) identify and perform appropriate learning activities; ^(Outcome)

487
488 IV.A.5.c).(4) systematically analyze practice using quality improvement
489 methods, and implement changes with the goal of practice
490 improvement; ^(Outcome)

491
492 IV.A.5.c).(5) incorporate formative evaluation feedback into daily
493 practice; ^(Outcome)

494
495 IV.A.5.c).(6) locate, appraise, and assimilate evidence from scientific
496 studies related to their patients' health problems; ^(Outcome)

497
498 IV.A.5.c).(7) use information technology to optimize learning; and,
499 ^(Outcome)

500
501 IV.A.5.c).(8) participate in the education of patients, families, students,
502 residents and other health professionals. ^(Outcome)

503
504 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

505
506 IV.A.5.d) Interpersonal and Communication Skills

507

508 Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication
509 skills that result in the effective exchange of information and
510 collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals.
511 (Outcome)

512
513 Residents are expected to:

514
515 IV.A.5.d).(1) communicate effectively with patients, families, and the
516 public, as appropriate, across a broad range of
517 socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds; (Outcome)

518
519 IV.A.5.d).(2) communicate effectively with physicians, other health
520 professionals, and health related agencies; (Outcome)

521
522 IV.A.5.d).(3) work effectively as a member or leader of a health care
523 team or other professional group; (Outcome)

524
525 IV.A.5.d).(4) act in a consultative role to other physicians and health
526 professionals; and, (Outcome)

527
528 IV.A.5.d).(5) maintain comprehensive, timely, and legible medical
529 records, if applicable. (Outcome)

530
531 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

532
533 IV.A.5.e) Professionalism

534
535 Residents must demonstrate a commitment to carrying out
536 professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical
537 principles. (Outcome)

538
539 Residents are expected to demonstrate:

540
541 IV.A.5.e).(1) compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Outcome)

542
543 IV.A.5.e).(2) responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-
544 interest; (Outcome)

545
546 IV.A.5.e).(3) respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Outcome)

547
548 IV.A.5.e).(4) accountability to patients, society and the profession; and,
549 (Outcome)

550
551 IV.A.5.e).(5) sensitivity and responsiveness to a diverse patient
552 population, including but not limited to diversity in gender,
553 age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, and sexual
554 orientation. (Outcome)

555
556 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

557
558 IV.A.5.f) Systems-based Practice

559
560 Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and
561 responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, as
562 well as the ability to call effectively on other resources in the
563 system to provide optimal health care. ^(Outcome)
564

565 Residents are expected to:

566
567 IV.A.5.f).(1) work effectively in various health care delivery settings and
568 systems relevant to their clinical specialty; ^(Outcome)
569

570 IV.A.5.f).(2) coordinate patient care within the health care system
571 relevant to their clinical specialty; ^(Outcome)
572

573 IV.A.5.f).(3) incorporate considerations of cost awareness and risk-
574 benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as
575 appropriate; ^(Outcome)
576

577 IV.A.5.f).(4) advocate for quality patient care and optimal patient care
578 systems; ^(Outcome)
579

580 IV.A.5.f).(5) work in interprofessional teams to enhance patient safety
581 and improve patient care quality; and, ^(Outcome)
582

583 IV.A.5.f).(6) participate in identifying system errors and implementing
584 potential systems solutions. ^(Outcome)
585

586 [As further specified by the Review Committee]

587
588 IV.B. Residents' Scholarly Activities
589

590 IV.B.1. The curriculum must advance residents' knowledge of the basic principles
591 of research, including how research is conducted, evaluated, explained to
592 patients, and applied to patient care. ^(Core)
593

594 IV.B.2. Residents should participate in scholarly activity. ^(Core)
595

596 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
597

598 IV.B.3. The sponsoring institution and program should allocate adequate
599 educational resources to facilitate resident involvement in scholarly
600 activities. ^(Detail)
601

602 [As further specified by the Review Committee]
603

604 V. Evaluation
605

606 V.A. Resident Evaluation
607

608 V.A.1. The program director must appoint the Clinical Competency Committee.
609 ^(Core)

610		
611	V.A.1.a)	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must be
612		composed of three members of the program faculty. ^(Core)
613		
614	V.A.1.a).(1)	Others eligible for appointment to the committee include
615		faculty from other programs and non-physician members of
616		the health care team. ^(Detail)
617		
618	V.A.1.b)	There must be a written description of the responsibilities of the
619		Clinical Competency Committee. ^(Core)
620		
621	V.A.1.b).(1)	The Clinical Competency Committee should:
622		
623	V.A.1.b).(1).(a)	review all resident evaluations semi-annually; ^(Core)
624		
625	V.A.1.b).(1).(b)	prepare and assure the reporting of Milestones
626		evaluations of each resident semi-annually to
627		ACGME; and, ^(Core)
628		
629	V.A.1.b).(1).(c)	advise the program director regarding resident
630		progress, including promotion, remediation, and
631		dismissal. ^(Detail)
632		
633	V.A.2.	Formative Evaluation
634		
635	V.A.2.a)	The faculty must evaluate resident performance in a timely
636		manner during each rotation or similar educational assignment,
637		and document this evaluation at completion of the assignment.
638		^(Core)
639		
640	V.A.2.b)	The program must:
641		
642	V.A.2.b).(1)	provide objective assessments of competence in patient
643		care and procedural skills, medical knowledge, practice-
644		based learning and improvement, interpersonal and
645		communication skills, professionalism, and systems-based
646		practice based on the specialty-specific Milestones; ^(Core)
647		
648	V.A.2.b).(2)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty, peers, patients, self,
649		and other professional staff); ^(Detail)
650		
651	V.A.2.b).(3)	document progressive resident performance improvement
652		appropriate to educational level; and, ^(Core)
653		
654	V.A.2.b).(4)	provide each resident with documented semiannual
655		evaluation of performance with feedback. ^(Core)
656		
657	V.A.2.c)	The evaluations of resident performance must be accessible for
658		review by the resident, in accordance with institutional policy. ^(Detail)
659		
660	V.A.3.	Summative Evaluation

661		
662	V.A.3.a)	The specialty-specific Milestones must be used as one of the tools
663		to ensure residents are able to practice core professional activities
664		without supervision upon completion of the program. ^(Core)
665		
666	V.A.3.b)	The program director must provide a summative evaluation for
667		each resident upon completion of the program. ^(Core)
668		
669		This evaluation must:
670		
671	V.A.3.b).(1)	become part of the resident’s permanent record
672		maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for
673		review by the resident in accordance with institutional
674		policy; ^(Detail)
675		
676	V.A.3.b).(2)	document the resident’s performance during the final
677		period of education; and, ^(Detail)
678		
679	V.A.3.b).(3)	verify that the resident has demonstrated sufficient
680		competence to enter practice without direct supervision.
681		^(Detail)
682		
683	V.B.	Faculty Evaluation
684		
685	V.B.1.	At least annually, the program must evaluate faculty performance as it
686		relates to the educational program. ^(Core)
687		
688	V.B.2.	These evaluations should include a review of the faculty’s clinical
689		teaching abilities, commitment to the educational program, clinical
690		knowledge, professionalism, and scholarly activities. ^(Detail)
691		
692	V.B.3.	This evaluation must include at least annual written confidential
693		evaluations by the residents. ^(Detail)
694		
695	V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement
696		
697	V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee
698		(PEC). ^(Core)
699		
700	V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee:
701		
702	V.C.1.a).(1)	must be composed of at least two program faculty
703		members and should include at least one resident; ^(Core)
704		
705	V.C.1.a).(2)	must have a written description of its responsibilities; and,
706		^(Core)
707		
708	V.C.1.a).(3)	should participate actively in:
709		
710	V.C.1.a).(3).(a)	planning, developing, implementing, and evaluating
711		educational activities of the program; ^(Detail)

712		
713	V.C.1.a).(3).(b)	reviewing and making recommendations for
714		revision of competency-based curriculum goals and
715		objectives; ^(Detail)
716		
717	V.C.1.a).(3).(c)	addressing areas of non-compliance with ACGME
718		standards; and, ^(Detail)
719		
720	V.C.1.a).(3).(d)	reviewing the program annually using evaluations
721		of faculty, residents, and others, as specified below.
722		^(Detail)
723		
724	V.C.2.	The program, through the PEC, must document formal, systematic
725		evaluation of the curriculum at least annually, and is responsible for
726		rendering a written and Annual Program Evaluation (APE). ^(Core)
727		
728		The program must monitor and track each of the following areas:
729		
730	V.C.2.a)	resident performance; ^(Core)
731		
732	V.C.2.b)	faculty development; ^(Core)
733		
734	V.C.2.c)	graduate performance, including performance of program
735		graduates on the certification examination; ^(Core)
736		
737	V.C.2.d)	program quality; and, ^(Core)
738		
739	V.C.2.d).(1)	Residents and faculty must have the opportunity to
740		evaluate the program confidentially and in writing at least
741		annually, and ^(Detail)
742		
743	V.C.2.d).(2)	The program must use the results of residents' and faculty
744		members' assessments of the program together with other
745		program evaluation results to improve the program. ^(Detail)
746		
747	V.C.2.e)	progress on the previous year's action plan(s). ^(Core)
748		
749	V.C.3.	The PEC must prepare a written plan of action to document initiatives to
750		improve performance in one or more of the areas listed in section V.C.2.,
751		as well as delineate how they will be measured and monitored. ^(Core)
752		
753	V.C.3.a)	The action plan should be reviewed and approved by the teaching
754		faculty and documented in meeting minutes. ^(Detail)
755		
756	VI.	Resident Duty Hours in the Learning and Working Environment
757		
758	VI.A.	Professionalism, Personal Responsibility, and Patient Safety
759		
760	VI.A.1.	Programs and sponsoring institutions must educate residents and faculty
761		members concerning the professional responsibilities of physicians to
762		appear for duty appropriately rested and fit to provide the services

- 763 required by their patients. ^(Core)
- 764
- 765 VI.A.2. The program must be committed to and responsible for promoting patient
766 safety and resident well-being in a supportive educational environment.
767 ^(Core)
- 768
- 769 VI.A.3. The program director must ensure that residents are integrated and
770 actively participate in interdisciplinary clinical quality improvement and
771 patient safety programs. ^(Core)
- 772
- 773 VI.A.4. The learning objectives of the program must:
- 774
- 775 VI.A.4.a) be accomplished through an appropriate blend of supervised
776 patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic
777 educational events; and, ^(Core)
- 778
- 779 VI.A.4.b) not be compromised by excessive reliance on residents to fulfill
780 non-physician service obligations. ^(Core)
- 781
- 782 VI.A.5. The program director and institution must ensure a culture of
783 professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility.
784 ^(Core)
- 785
- 786 VI.A.6. Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding and
787 acceptance of their personal role in the following:
- 788
- 789 VI.A.6.a) assurance of the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their
790 care; ^(Outcome)
- 791
- 792 VI.A.6.b) provision of patient- and family-centered care; ^(Outcome)
- 793
- 794 VI.A.6.c) assurance of their fitness for duty; ^(Outcome)
- 795
- 796 VI.A.6.d) management of their time before, during, and after clinical
797 assignments; ^(Outcome)
- 798
- 799 VI.A.6.e) recognition of impairment, including illness and fatigue, in
800 themselves and in their peers; ^(Outcome)
- 801
- 802 VI.A.6.f) attention to lifelong learning; ^(Outcome)
- 803
- 804 VI.A.6.g) the monitoring of their patient care performance improvement
805 indicators; and, ^(Outcome)
- 806
- 807 VI.A.6.h) honest and accurate reporting of duty hours, patient outcomes,
808 and clinical experience data. ^(Outcome)
- 809
- 810 VI.A.7. All residents and faculty members must demonstrate responsiveness to
811 patient needs that supersedes self-interest. They must recognize that
812 under certain circumstances, the best interests of the patient may be
813 served by transitioning that patient's care to another qualified and rested

814		provider. ^(Outcome)
815		
816	VI.B.	Transitions of Care
817		
818	VI.B.1.	Programs must design clinical assignments to minimize the number of
819		transitions in patient care. ^(Core)
820		
821	VI.B.2.	Sponsoring institutions and programs must ensure and monitor effective,
822		structured hand-over processes to facilitate both continuity of care and
823		patient safety. ^(Core)
824		
825	VI.B.3.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating
826		with team members in the hand-over process. ^(Outcome)
827		
828	VI.B.4.	The sponsoring institution must ensure the availability of schedules that
829		inform all members of the health care team of attending physicians and
830		residents currently responsible for each patient's care. ^(Detail)
831		
832	VI.C.	Alertness Management/Fatigue Mitigation
833		
834	VI.C.1.	The program must:
835		
836	VI.C.1.a)	educate all faculty members and residents to recognize the signs
837		of fatigue and sleep deprivation; ^(Core)
838		
839	VI.C.1.b)	educate all faculty members and residents in alertness
840		management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, ^(Core)
841		
842	VI.C.1.c)	adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential
843		negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as
844		naps or back-up call schedules. ^(Detail)
845		
846	VI.C.2.	Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in
847		the event that a resident may be unable to perform his/her patient care
848		duties. ^(Core)
849		
850	VI.C.3.	The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or
851		safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to
852		safely return home. ^(Core)
853		
854	VI.D.	Supervision of Residents
855		
856	VI.D.1.	In the clinical learning environment, each patient must have an
857		identifiable, appropriately-credentialed and privileged attending physician
858		(or licensed independent practitioner as approved by each Review
859		Committee) who is ultimately responsible for that patient's care. ^(Core)
860		
861	VI.D.1.a)	This information should be available to residents, faculty
862		members, and patients. ^(Detail)
863		

- 864 VI.D.1.b) Residents and faculty members should inform patients of their
865 respective roles in each patient’s care. ^(Detail)
866
- 867 VI.D.2. The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision
868 is in place for all residents who care for patients. ^(Core)
869
- 870 Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods. Some
871 activities require the physical presence of the supervising faculty member.
872 For many aspects of patient care, the supervising physician may be a
873 more advanced resident or fellow. Other portions of care provided by the
874 resident can be adequately supervised by the immediate availability of the
875 supervising faculty member or resident physician, either in the institution,
876 or by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities. In some
877 circumstances, supervision may include post-hoc review of resident-
878 delivered care with feedback as to the appropriateness of that care. ^(Detail)
879
- 880 VI.D.3. Levels of Supervision
881
- 882 To ensure oversight of resident supervision and graded authority and
883 responsibility, the program must use the following classification of
884 supervision: ^(Core)
885
- 886 VI.D.3.a) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically
887 present with the resident and patient. ^(Core)
888
- 889 VI.D.3.b) Indirect Supervision:
890
- 891 VI.D.3.b).(1) with direct supervision immediately available – the
892 supervising physician is physically within the hospital or
893 other site of patient care, and is immediately available to
894 provide Direct Supervision. ^(Core)
895
- 896 VI.D.3.b).(2) with direct supervision available – the supervising
897 physician is not physically present within the hospital or
898 other site of patient care, but is immediately available by
899 means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities, and is
900 available to provide Direct Supervision. ^(Core)
901
- 902 VI.D.3.c) Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide
903 review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after
904 care is delivered. ^(Core)
905
- 906 VI.D.4. The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional
907 independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each
908 resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.
909 ^(Core)
910
- 911 VI.D.4.a) The program director must evaluate each resident’s abilities
912 based on specific criteria. When available, evaluation should be
913 guided by specific national standards-based criteria. ^(Core)
914

915	VI.D.4.b)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians should
916		delegate portions of care to residents, based on the needs of the
917		patient and the skills of the residents. ^(Detail)
918		
919	VI.D.4.c)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role of
920		junior residents in recognition of their progress toward
921		independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills
922		of the individual resident or fellow. ^(Detail)
923		
924	VI.D.5.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which
925		residents must communicate with appropriate supervising faculty
926		members, such as the transfer of a patient to an intensive care unit, or
927		end-of-life decisions. ^(Core)
928		
929	VI.D.5.a)	Each resident must know the limits of his/her scope of authority,
930		and the circumstances under which he/she is permitted to act with
931		conditional independence. ^(Outcome)
932		
933	VI.D.5.a).(1)	In particular, PGY-1 residents should be supervised either
934		directly or indirectly with direct supervision immediately
935		available. [Each Review Committee will describe the
936		achieved competencies under which PGY-1 residents
937		progress to be supervised indirectly, with direct supervision
938		available.] ^(Core)
939		
940	VI.D.6.	Faculty supervision assignments should be of sufficient duration to
941		assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and delegate to him/her
942		the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. ^(Detail)
943		
944	VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities
945		
946		The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY-level,
947		patient safety, resident education, severity and complexity of patient
948		illness/condition and available support services. ^(Core)
949		
950		[Optimal clinical workload will be further specified by each Review Committee.]
951		
952	VI.F.	Teamwork
953		
954		Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes effective
955		communication. This must include the opportunity to work as a member of
956		effective interprofessional teams that are appropriate to the delivery of care in the
957		specialty. ^(Core)
958		
959		[Each Review Committee will define the elements that must be present in each
960		specialty.]
961		
962	VI.G.	Resident Duty Hours
963		
964	VI.G.1.	Maximum Hours of Work per Week
965		

966		Duty hours must be limited to 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-
967		week period, inclusive of all in-house call activities and all moonlighting.
968		(Core)
969		
970	VI.G.1.a)	Duty Hour Exceptions
971		
972		A Review Committee may grant exceptions for up to 10% or a
973		maximum of 88 hours to individual programs based on a sound
974		educational rationale. (Detail)
975		
976	VI.G.1.a).(1)	In preparing a request for an exception the program
977		director must follow the duty hour exception policy from the
978		ACGME Manual on Policies and Procedures. (Detail)
979		
980	VI.G.1.a).(2)	Prior to submitting the request to the Review Committee,
981		the program director must obtain approval of the
982		institution's GMEC and DIO. (Detail)
983		
984	VI.G.2.	Moonlighting
985		
986	VI.G.2.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to
987		achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program. (Core)
988		
989	VI.G.2.b)	Time spent by residents in Internal and External Moonlighting (as
990		defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted
991		towards the 80-hour Maximum Weekly Hour Limit. (Core)
992		
993	VI.G.2.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
994		
995	VI.G.3.	Mandatory Time Free of Duty
996		
997		Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day free of duty every
998		week (when averaged over four weeks). At-home call cannot be assigned
999		on these free days. (Core)
1000		
1001	VI.G.4.	Maximum Duty Period Length
1002		
1003	VI.G.4.a)	Duty periods of PGY-1 residents must not exceed 16 hours in
1004		duration. (Core)
1005		
1006	VI.G.4.b)	Duty periods of PGY-2 residents and above may be scheduled to
1007		a maximum of 24 hours of continuous duty in the hospital. (Core)
1008		
1009	VI.G.4.b).(1)	Programs must encourage residents to use alertness
1010		management strategies in the context of patient care
1011		responsibilities. Strategic napping, especially after 16
1012		hours of continuous duty and between the hours of 10:00
1013		p.m. and 8:00 a.m., is strongly suggested. (Detail)
1014		
1015	VI.G.4.b).(2)	It is essential for patient safety and resident education that
1016		effective transitions in care occur. Residents may be

1017		allowed to remain on-site in order to accomplish these
1018		tasks; however, this period of time must be no longer than
1019		an additional four hours. ^(Core)
1020		
1021	VI.G.4.b).(3)	Residents must not be assigned additional clinical
1022		responsibilities after 24 hours of continuous in-house duty.
1023		^(Core)
1024		
1025	VI.G.4.b).(4)	In unusual circumstances, residents, on their own initiative,
1026		may remain beyond their scheduled period of duty to
1027		continue to provide care to a single patient. Justifications
1028		for such extensions of duty are limited to reasons of
1029		required continuity for a severely ill or unstable patient,
1030		academic importance of the events transpiring, or
1031		humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or family.
1032		^(Detail)
1033		
1034	VI.G.4.b).(4).(a)	Under those circumstances, the resident must:
1035		
1036	VI.G.4.b).(4).(a).(i)	appropriately hand over the care of all other
1037		patients to the team responsible for their
1038		continuing care; and, ^(Detail)
1039		
1040	VI.G.4.b).(4).(a).(ii)	document the reasons for remaining to care
1041		for the patient in question and submit that
1042		documentation in every circumstance to the
1043		program director. ^(Detail)
1044		
1045	VI.G.4.b).(4).(b)	The program director must review each submission
1046		of additional service, and track both individual
1047		resident and program-wide episodes of additional
1048		duty. ^(Detail)
1049		
1050	VI.G.5.	Minimum Time Off between Scheduled Duty Periods
1051		
1052	VI.G.5.a)	PGY-1 residents should have 10 hours, and must have eight
1053		hours, free of duty between scheduled duty periods. ^(Core)
1054		
1055	VI.G.5.b)	Intermediate-level residents [as defined by the Review Committee]
1056		should have 10 hours free of duty, and must have eight hours
1057		between scheduled duty periods. They must have at least 14
1058		hours free of duty after 24 hours of in-house duty. ^(Core)
1059		
1060	VI.G.5.c)	Residents in the final years of education [as defined by the
1061		Review Committee] must be prepared to enter the unsupervised
1062		practice of medicine and care for patients over irregular or
1063		extended periods. ^(Outcome)
1064		
1065	VI.G.5.c).(1)	This preparation must occur within the context of the 80-
1066		hour, maximum duty period length, and one-day-off-in-
1067		seven standards. While it is desirable that residents in their

1068 final years of education have eight hours free of duty
1069 between scheduled duty periods, there may be
1070 circumstances [as defined by the Review Committee] when
1071 these residents must stay on duty to care for their patients
1072 or return to the hospital with fewer than eight hours free of
1073 duty. ^(Detail)
1074

1075 VI.G.5.c).(1).(a) Circumstances of return-to-hospital activities with
1076 fewer than eight hours away from the hospital by
1077 residents in their final years of education must be
1078 monitored by the program director. ^(Detail)
1079

1080 VI.G.6. Maximum Frequency of In-House Night Float
1081
1082 Residents must not be scheduled for more than six consecutive nights of
1083 night float. ^(Core)
1084
1085 [The maximum number of consecutive weeks of night float, and maximum
1086 number of months of night float per year may be further specified by the
1087 Review Committee.]
1088

1089 VI.G.7. Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency
1090
1091 PGY-2 residents and above must be scheduled for in-house call no more
1092 frequently than every-third-night (when averaged over a four-week
1093 period). ^(Core)
1094

1095 VI.G.8. At-Home Call
1096

1097 VI.G.8.a) Time spent in the hospital by residents on at-home call must count
1098 towards the 80-hour maximum weekly hour limit. The frequency of
1099 at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but
1100 must satisfy the requirement for one-day-in-seven free of duty,
1101 when averaged over four weeks. ^(Core)
1102

1103 VI.G.8.a).(1) At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to
1104 preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each
1105 resident. ^(Core)
1106

1107 VI.G.8.b) Residents are permitted to return to the hospital while on at-home
1108 call to care for new or established patients. Each episode of this
1109 type of care, while it must be included in the 80-hour weekly
1110 maximum, will not initiate a new "off-duty period". ^(Detail)
1111

1112 ***
1113

1114 *Core Requirements: Statements that define structure, resource, or process elements essential to every
1115 graduate medical educational program.

1116 Detail Requirements: Statements that describe a specific structure, resource, or process, for achieving
1117 compliance with a Core Requirement. Programs in substantial compliance with the Outcome
1118 Requirements may utilize alternative or innovative approaches to meet Core Requirements.

1119 Outcome Requirements: Statements that specify expected measurable or observable attributes
1120 (knowledge, abilities, skills, or attitudes) of residents or fellows at key stages of their graduate medical
1121 education.