

ACGME Program Requirements for Graduate Medical Education in Endocrinology, Diabetes, and Metabolism (Internal Medicine)

1 **ACGME Program Requirements for Graduate Medical Education** 2 in Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism (Internal Medicine) 3 4 **Common Program Requirements are in BOLD** 5 6 Introduction 7 8 Int.A. Residency is an essential dimension of the transformation of the medical 9 student to the independent practitioner along the continuum of medical 10 education. It is physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and 11 requires longitudinally-concentrated effort on the part of the resident. 12 The specialty education of physicians to practice independently is 13 14 experiential, and necessarily occurs within the context of the health care 15 delivery system. Developing the skills, knowledge, and attitudes leading to 16 proficiency in all the domains of clinical competency requires the resident 17 physician to assume personal responsibility for the care of individual patients. For the resident, the essential learning activity is interaction with 18 19 patients under the guidance and supervision of faculty members who give 20 value, context, and meaning to those interactions. As residents gain experience and demonstrate growth in their ability to care for patients, 21 22 they assume roles that permit them to exercise those skills with greater 23 independence. This concept—graded and progressive responsibility—is 24 one of the core tenets of American graduate medical education. 25 Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education has the goals of assuring the provision of safe and effective care to the individual patient; 26 27 assuring each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and 28 attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and 29 establishing a foundation for continued professional growth. 30 Endocrinology, diabetes, and metabolism fellowships provide advanced 31 Int.B. 32 education to allow a fellow to acquire competency in the subspecialty with sufficient expertise to act as an independent consultant. 33 34 35 Int.C. The educational program in endocrinology, diabetes and metabolism must be 24 months in length. (Core)* 36 37 38 I. Institutions 39 40 I.A. **Sponsoring Institution** 41 42 One sponsoring institution must assume ultimate responsibility for the 43 program, as described in the Institutional Requirements, and this responsibility extends to fellow assignments at all participating sites. (Core) 44 45 46 The sponsoring institution and the program must ensure that the program 47 director has sufficient protected time and financial support for his or her 48 educational and administrative responsibilities to the program. (Core)

49

50 51 52 53	I.A.1.	An endocrinology, diabetes and metabolism fellowship must function as an integral part of an ACGME-accredited residency in internal medicine. (Core)
54 55	I.A.2.	The sponsoring institution must: (Core)
56 57 58 59 60	I.A.2.a)	establish the endocrinology, diabetes and metabolism fellowship within a department of internal medicine or an administrative unit whose primary mission is the advancement of internal medicine subspecialty education and patient care; and, (Detail)
61 62 63	I.A.2.b)	provide the program director with adequate support for the administrative activities of the fellowship. (Core)
64 65 66 67	I.A.2.b).(1)	The program director must not be required to generate clinical or other income to provide this administrative support. (Core)
68 69 70 71	I.A.2.b).(2)	This support should be 25-50% of the program director's salary, or protected time, depending on the size of the program. (Detail)
72 73 74	I.A.3.	The sponsoring institution and participating sites must share appropriate inpatient and outpatient faculty performance data with the program director. (Core)
75		
75 76	I.B.	Participating Sites
76 77 78 79 80	I.B. I.B.1.	Participating Sites There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. (Core)
76 77 78 79 80 81 82		There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85		There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. (Core)
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	I.B.1.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. (Core) The PLA should: identify the faculty who will assume both educational and
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	I.B.1. I.B.1.a)	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. (Core) The PLA should: identify the faculty who will assume both educational and supervisory responsibilities for fellows; (Detail) specify their responsibilities for teaching, supervision, and formal evaluation of fellows, as specified later in this
76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	I.B.1.a) I.B.1.b)	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. (Core) The PLA should: identify the faculty who will assume both educational and supervisory responsibilities for fellows; (Detail) specify their responsibilities for teaching, supervision, and formal evaluation of fellows, as specified later in this document; (Detail) specify the duration and content of the educational

100 101			more through the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
102			Zadodnom (/186)mz/ /1881 canadion Zada cyclom (/186).
103	II.	Program Pers	sonnel and Resources
104		G	
105	II.A.	Progra	am Director
106			
107	II.A.1.		There must be a single program director with authority and
108			accountability for the operation of the program. The sponsoring
109			institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director. (Core)
110			
111	II.A.1.a	a)	The program director must submit this change to the ACGME
112			via the ADS. (Core)
113			
114	II.A.2.		The program director should continue in his or her position for a
115			length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and
116			program stability. (Detail)
117			
118	II.A.3.		Qualifications of the program director must include:
119			
120	II.A.3.a	a)	requisite specialty expertise and documented educational
121			and administrative experience acceptable to the Review
122			Committee; (Core)
123			
124	II.A.3.a	a).(1)	The program director must have at least five years of
125			participation as an active faculty member in an ACGME-
126			accredited internal medicine residency or endocrinology,
127			diabetes, and metabolism fellowship. (Detail)
128			
129	II.A.3.k	0)	current certification in the subspecialty by the American
130			Board of Internal Medicine (ABIM), or subspecialty
131			qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee;
132			and, ^(Core)
133	11 1 2 1	s) (1)	The Review Committee only accepte surrent ARIM
134 135	II.A.3.b)).(1)	The Review Committee only accepts current ABIM certification in endocrinology, diabetes and metabolism.
136			(Core)
137			
138	II.A.3.d	~)	current medical licensure and appropriate medical staff
139	11.7.5.0	<i>5</i> ,	appointment. (Core)
140			арропинени
141	II.A.4.		The program director must administer and maintain an educational
142	11.7.7.		environment conducive to educating the fellows in each of the
143			ACGME competency areas. (Core)
144			Adding competency arous.
145			The program director must:
146			p g. m
147	II.A.4.a	a)	oversee and ensure the quality of didactic and clinical
148		•	education in all sites that participate in the program (Core)

149		
150 151 152	II.A.4.b)	approve a local director at each participating site who is accountable for fellow education; (Core)
153 154	II.A.4.c)	approve the selection of program faculty as appropriate; (Core)
155 156	II.A.4.d)	evaluate program faculty; (Core)
157 158 159	II.A.4.e)	approve the continued participation of program faculty based on evaluation; $^{\left(\text{Core}\right)}$
160 161	II.A.4.f)	monitor fellow supervision at all participating sites; (Core)
162 163 164	II.A.4.g)	prepare and submit all information required and requested by the ACGME; $^{(\text{Core})}$
165 166 167 168 169	II.A.4.g).(1)	This includes but is not limited to the program application forms and annual program updates to the ADS, and ensure that the information submitted is accurate and complete; (Core)
170 171 172 173	II.A.4.h)	ensure compliance with grievance and due process procedures, as set forth in the Institutional Requirements and implemented by the sponsoring institution; (Detail)
174 175 176 177	II.A.4.i)	provide verification of fellowship education for all fellows, including those who leave the program prior to completion; (Detail)
178 179 180 181	II.A.4.j)	implement policies and procedures consistent with the institutional and program requirements for fellow duty hours and the working environment, including moonlighting (Core)
182 183		and, to that end, must:
184 185 186	II.A.4.j).(1)	distribute these policies and procedures to the fellows and faculty; $^{(\mbox{\scriptsize Detail})}$
187 188 189 190	II.A.4.j).(2)	monitor fellow duty hours, according to sponsoring institutional policies, with a frequency sufficient to ensure compliance with ACGME requirements; (Core)
191 192 193	II.A.4.j).(3)	adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive service demands and/or fatigue; and, (Detail)
194 195 196 197	II.A.4.j).(4)	if applicable, monitor the demands of at-home call and adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive service demands and/or fatigue. (Detail)

198 199 200 201	II.A.4.k)	monitor the need for and ensure the provision of back up support systems when patient care responsibilities are unusually difficult or prolonged; (Detail)
202 203 204 205 206	II.A.4.I)	comply with the sponsoring institution's written policies and procedures, including those specified in the Institutional Requirements, for selection, evaluation and promotion of fellows, disciplinary action, and supervision of fellows; (Detail)
207 208 209 210	II.A.4.m)	be familiar with and comply with ACGME and Review Committee policies and procedures as outlined in the ACGME Manual of Policies and Procedures; (Detail)
211 212 213 214	II.A.4.n)	obtain review and approval of the sponsoring institution's GMEC/DIO before submitting information or requests to the ACGME, including: (Core)
215 216 217	II.A.4.n).(1)	all applications for ACGME accreditation of new programs; (Detail)
218 219	II.A.4.n).(2)	changes in fellow complement; (Detail)
220 221 222	II.A.4.n).(3)	major changes in program structure or length of training; (Detail)
223 224 225	II.A.4.n).(4)	progress reports requested by the Review Committee;
226 227 228	II.A.4.n).(5)	requests for increases or any change to fellow duty hours; $^{(\mbox{\scriptsize Detail})}$
229 230 231	II.A.4.n).(6)	voluntary withdrawals of ACGME-accredited programs; (Detail)
232 233	II.A.4.n).(7)	requests for appeal of an adverse action; and, (Detail)
234 235 236	II.A.4.n).(8)	appeal presentations to a Board of Appeal or the ACGME. (Detail)
237 238 239 240	II.A.4.o)	obtain DIO review and co-signature on all program application forms, as well as any correspondence or document submitted to the ACGME that addresses: (Detail)
241 242	II.A.4.o).(1)	program citations; and/or (Detail)
243 244 245 246	II.A.4.o).(2)	request for changes in the program that would have significant impact, including financial, on the program or institution. (Detail)

247 248 249 250	II.A.4.p)	be responsible for monitoring fellow stress, including mental or emotional conditions inhibiting performance or learning, and drugor alcohol-related dysfunction; (Core)
251 252 253 254	II.A.4.p).(1)	The program director should provide access to timely confidential counseling and psychological support services to fellows. (Detail)
255 256 257 258	II.A.4.p).(2)	Situations that demand excessive service or that consistently produce undesirable stress on fellows must be evaluated and modified. (Detail)
259 260 261 262	II.A.4.q)	ensure that fellows' service responsibilities are limited to patients for whom the teaching service has diagnostic and therapeutic responsibility. (Core)
263 264 265 266	II.A.4.r)	dedicate an average of 20 hours per week of his or her professional effort to the fellowship, including time for administration of the program; (Detail)
267 268 269 270	II.A.4.s)	participate in academic societies and in educational programs designed to enhance his or her educational and administrative skills; (Detail)
271 272 273 274	II.A.4.t)	have a reporting relationship with the program director of the internal medicine residency program to ensure compliance with ACGME accreditation standards; and, (Core)
275	II.A.4.u)	be available at the primary clinical site. (Detail)
276 277	II.B.	Faculty
278 279 280 281 282	II.B.1.	At each participating site, there must be a sufficient number of faculty with documented qualifications to instruct and supervise all fellows at that location. (Core)
283 284		The faculty must:
285 286 287 288 289	II.B.1.a)	devote sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; and to demonstrate a strong interest in the education of fellows; and (Core)
290 291 292 293	II.B.1.b)	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating fellows in each of the ACGME competency areas. (Core)
294 295 296	II.B.2.	The physician faculty must have current certification in the subspecialty by the American Board of Internal Medicine, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)

297		
298	II.B.3.	The physician faculty must possess current medical licensure and
299	11.0.3.	appropriate medical staff appointment. (Core)
300		appropriate medical stan appointment.
301	II.B.4.	The nonphysician faculty must have appropriate qualifications in
302	II.D.4.	their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
303		their field and floid appropriate institutional appointments.
	II.B.5.	The fearlier must establish and maintain an environment of incuring
304	II.D.J.	The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry
305		and scholarship with an active research component. (Core)
306		
307	II.B.5.a)	The faculty must regularly participate in organized clinical
308		discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Detail)
309		
310	II.B.5.b)	Some members of the faculty should also demonstrate
311		scholarship by one or more of the following:
312		
313	II.B.5.b).(1)	peer-reviewed funding; (Detail)
314		
315	II.B.5.b).(2)	publication of original research or review articles in
316		peer-reviewed journals, or chapters in textbooks; (Detail)
317		
318	II.B.5.b).(3)	publication or presentation of case reports or clinical
319	,-(-)	series at local, regional, or national professional and
320		scientific society meetings; or, (Detail)
		colonial ecoloty meetings, or,
321		
321 322	II R 5 b) (4)	narticination in national committees or educational
322	II.B.5.b).(4)	participation in national committees or educational
322 323	II.B.5.b).(4)	participation in national committees or educational organizations. (Detail)
322 323 324	, , ,	organizations. (Detail)
322 323 324 325	II.B.5.b).(4)	organizations. (Detail) Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly
322 323 324 325 326	, , ,	organizations. (Detail)
322 323 324 325 326 327	II.B.5.c)	organizations. (Detail) Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328	, , ,	organizations. (Detail) Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329	II.B.5.c)	organizations. (Detail) Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330	II.B.5.c) II.B.6.	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331	II.B.5.c)	organizations. (Detail) Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7.	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333	II.B.5.c) II.B.6.	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7.	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7.	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a) II.B.7.b)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core) For programs with more than three fellows, there must be at least
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a) II.B.7.b)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a) II.B.7.b) II.B.7.c)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core) For programs with more than three fellows, there must be at least one KCF for every 1.5 fellows. (Core)
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a) II.B.7.b)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core) For programs with more than three fellows, there must be at least
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a) II.B.7.b) II.B.7.c)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core) For programs with more than three fellows, there must be at least one KCF for every 1.5 fellows. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty Qualifications
322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342	II.B.5.c) II.B.6. II.B.7. II.B.7.a) II.B.7.b) II.B.7.c)	Faculty should encourage and support fellows in scholarly activities. (Core) The physician faculty must meet professional standards of ethical behavior. (Core) Key Clinical Faculty In addition to the program director, each program must have at least one Key Clinical Faculty (KCF). (Core) KCF are attending physicians who dedicate, on average, 10 hours per week throughout the year to the program. (Core) For programs with more than three fellows, there must be at least one KCF for every 1.5 fellows. (Core)

346		diabetes and metabolism as a discipline. (Core)	
347 348 349 350	II.B.7.d).(2)	KCF must have current ABIM certification in endocrinology, diabetes and metabolism. (Core)	
351 352	II.B.7.e)	Key Clinical Faculty Responsibilities	
353 354 355 356 357 358	II.B.7.e).(1)	In addition to the responsibilities of all individua members, the KCF and the program director ar responsible for the planning, implementation, mand evaluation of the fellows' clinical and resea education. (Core)	e onitoring
359 360 361 362 363 364	II.B.7.e).(2)	At least 50% of the KCF must demonstrate evice productivity in scholarship, specifically, peer-reviewed funding; publication of original research, reviewed editorial, or case reports in peer-reviewed journ chapters in textbooks. (Detail)	viewed articles,
365 366	II.B.7.e).(3)	At least one of the KCF must:	
367 368 369 370	II.B.7.e).(3).(a	be knowledgeable in the evaluation and assessment of the ACGME competencion (Detail)	es; and,
371 372 373 374	II.B.7.e).(3).(b	spend significant time in the evaluation of including the direct observation of fellow patients. (Detail)	
375 376 377	II.B.7.e).(4)	Appointment of one KCF to be an associate prodirector is suggested. (Detail)	ogram
378 379	II.C.	Other Program Personnel	
380 381 382 383		The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availabilinecessary professional, technical, and clerical personnel for the administration of the program. (Core)	
384 385 386 387	II.C.1.	There must be services available from other health care profesincluding dietitians, language interpreters, nurses, occupational therapists, physical therapists, and social workers. (Detail)	•
388 389 390 391 392	II.C.2.	There must be a close working relationship with dietary and/or services, as well as with specialists in general surgery, nephroneurological surgery, neurology, obstetrics and gynecology, ophthalmology, pediatrics, podiatry, and urology. (Detail)	
393 394 395	II.C.3.	There must be appropriate and timely consultation from other (Detail)	specialties.

396 397	II.D.	Resources
398 399 400		The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of adequate resources for fellow education, as defined in the specialty program requirements. (Core)
401 402 403	II.D.1.	Space and Equipment
404 405 406 407		There must be space and equipment for the program, including meeting rooms, examination rooms, computers, visual and other educational aids, and work/study space. (Core)
408	II.D.2.	Facilities
409 410 411 412 413	II.D.2.a)	Inpatient and outpatient systems must be in place to prevent fellows from performing routine clerical functions, such as scheduling tests and appointments, and retrieving records and letters. (Detail)
414 415 416 417 418	II.D.2.b)	The sponsoring institution must provide the broad range of facilities and clinical support services required to provide comprehensive care of adult patients. (Core)
419 420 421	II.D.2.c)	Fellows must have access to a lounge facility during assigned duty hours. (Detail)
421 422 423 424 425	II.D.2.d)	When fellows are in the hospital, assigned night duty, or called in from home, they must be provided with a secure space for their belongings. (Detail)
426 427	II.D.3.	Laboratory and Imaging Services
428 429 430	II.D.3.a)	There must be a complete biochemistry laboratory and facilities for hormone immunoassays. (Core)
431 432 433	II.D.3.b)	There must be access to karyotyping and immunohistologic studies. (Core)
434 435 436	II.D.3.c)	Imaging services must include nuclear, ultrasound, and radiologic facilities, including bone density. (Core)
437 438	II.D.4.	Medical Records
439 440 441 442 443		Access to an electronic health record should be provided. In the absence of an existing electronic health record, institutions must demonstrate institutional commitment to its development and progress toward its implementation. (Core)
444 445	II.D.5.	Patient Population

446 447 448	II.D.5.a)	The patient population must have a variety of clinical problems and stages of diseases. (Core)
449 450 451	II.D.5.b)	There must be patients of each gender, with a broad age range, including geriatric patients. (Core)
452 453 454	II.D.5.c)	A sufficient number of patients must be available to enable each fellow to achieve the required educational outcomes. (Core)
455 456	II.E.	Medical Information Access
457 458 459 460 461		Fellows must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. Electronic medical literature databases with search capabilities should be available.
462	III. Fellov	v Appointments
463 464 465	III.A.	Eligibility Criteria
466 467 468		The program director must comply with the criteria for resident eligibility as specified in the Institutional Requirements. (Core)
469 470	III.A.1.	Eligibility Requirements – Residency Programs
471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481	III.A.1.a)	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, or in Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada. Residency programs must receive verification of each applicant's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME or CanMEDS Milestones assessments from the prior training program. (Core)
482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492	III.A.1.b)	A physician who has completed a residency program that was not accredited by ACGME, RCPSC, or CFPC may enter an ACGME-accredited residency program in the same specialty at the PGY-1 level and, at the discretion of the program director at the ACGME-accredited program may be advanced to the PGY-2 level based on ACGME Milestones assessments at the ACGME-accredited program. This provision applies only to entry into residency in those specialties for which an initial clinical year is not required for entry. (Core)
493 494	III.A.1.c)	A Review Committee may grant the exception to the eligibility requirements specified in Section III.A.2.b) for residency

495 496 497		programs that require completion of a prerequisite residency program prior to admission. (Core)
498 499 500	III.A.1.d)	Review Committees will grant no other exceptions to these eligibility requirements for residency education. (Core)
501 502	III.A.2.	Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs
502 503 504 505 506 507		All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited residency program, or in an RCPSC-accredited or CFPC- accredited residency program located in Canada. (Core)
508 509 510		Prior to appointment in the fellowship, fellows should have completed an ACGME- or RCPSC-accredited internal medicine program. (Core)
511 512 513 514	III.A.2.a)	Fellowship programs must receive verification of each entering fellow's level of competency in the required field using ACGME or CanMEDS Milestones assessments from the core residency program. (Core)
515 516	III.A.2.b)	Fellow Eligibility Exception
517 518 519 520		A Review Committee may grant the following exception to the fellowship eligibility requirements:
521 522 523 524 525 526		An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an exceptionally qualified applicant**, who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in Sections III.A.2. and III.A.2.a), but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)
527 528 529 530 531 532	III.A.2.b).(1)	Assessment by the program director and fellowship selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of training in the core specialty; and, (Core)
532 533 534 535 536	III.A.2.b).(2)	Review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC or a subcommittee of the GMEC; and, (Core)
537 538 539 540	III.A.2.b).(3)	Satisfactory completion of the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) Steps 1, 2, and, if the applicant is eligible, 3; and, (Core)
541 542 543	III.A.2.b).(4)	For an international graduate, verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification; and, (Core)

544 545 III.A.2.b).(5) Applicants accepted by this exception must complete 546 fellowship Milestones evaluation (for the purposes of 547 establishment of baseline performance by the Clinical 548 Competency Committee), conducted by the receiving fellowship program within six weeks of matriculation. 549 550 This evaluation may be waived for an applicant who has completed an ACGME International-accredited 551 552 residency based on the applicant's Milestones 553 evaluation conducted at the conclusion of the 554 residency program; and, (Core) 555 556 III.A.2.b).(5).(a) If the trainee does not meet the expected level of Milestones competency following entry into 557 558 the fellowship program, the trainee must undergo a period of remediation, overseen by 559 the Clinical Competency Committee and 560 monitored by the GMEC or a subcommittee of 561 the GMEC. This period of remediation must not 562 count toward time in fellowship training. (Core) 563 564 565 ** An exceptionally qualified applicant has (1) completed a non-ACGME-accredited residency program in the core 566 567 specialty, and (2) demonstrated clinical excellence, in comparison to peers, throughout training. Additional 568 569 evidence of exceptional qualifications is required, which may include one of the following: (a) participation in additional 570 571 clinical or research training in the specialty or subspecialty; (b) demonstrated scholarship in the specialty or 572 573 subspecialty; (c) demonstrated leadership during or after residency training; (d) completion of an ACGME-574 International-accredited residency program. 575 576 III.A.2.b).(6) Fellows from non-ACGME- or RCPSC-accredited internal 577 578 medicine programs must have at least three years of internal medicine education prior to starting the fellowship. 579 580 581 582 III.A.2.b).(6).(a) The program director must inform applicants from non-ACGME-accredited programs, prior to 583 584 appointment and in writing, of the ABIM policies 585 and procedures that will affect their eligibility for ABIM certification. (Detail) 586 587 588 III.A.2.c) The Review Committee for Internal Medicine does allow 589 exceptions to the Eligibility Requirements for Fellowship Programs in Section III.A.2. (Core) 590 591 592 III.B. **Number of Fellows**

593 594 595 596		The program's educational resources must be adequate to support the number of fellows appointed to the program. (Core)
597 598 599 600	III.B.1.	The program director may not appoint more fellows than approved by the Review Committee, unless otherwise stated in the specialty-specific requirements. (Core)
601 602 603	III.B.2.	The number of available fellow positions in the program must be at least one per year. (Detail)
604 605	III.C.	Fellow Transfers
606 607 608 609 610	III.C.1.	Before accepting a fellow who is transferring from another program, the program director must obtain written or electronic verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation of the transferring fellow. (Detail)
611 612 613 614	III.C.2.	A program director must provide timely verification of fellowship education and summative performance evaluations for fellows who may leave the program prior to completion. (Detail)
615 616	III.D.	Appointment of Fellows and Other Learners
617 618 619 620 621	III.D.1.	The presence of other learners (including, but not limited to, residents from other specialties, subspecialty fellows, PhD students, and nurse practitioners) in the program must not interfere with the appointed fellows' education. (Core)
622 623 624 625	III.D.2.	The program director must report the presence of other learners to the DIO and GMEC in accordance with sponsoring institution guidelines. (Detail)
626 627	IV. Educ	cational Program
628 629	IV.A.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components:
630 631 632	IV.A.1.	Overall educational goals for the program, which the program must make available to fellows and faculty; (Core)
633 634 635 636	IV.A.2.	Competency-based goals and objectives for each assignment at each educational level, which the program must distribute to fellows and faculty at least annually, in either written or electronic form. (Core)
637 638	IV.A.3.	Regularly scheduled didactic sessions; (Core)
639 640 641	IV.A.3.a)	The core curriculum must include a didactic program based upon the core knowledge content in the subspecialty area. (Core)

642 643 644 645	IV.A.3.a).(1)	The program must afford each fellow an opportunity to review topics covered in conferences that he or she was unable to attend. (Detail)
646 647 648 649	IV.A.3.a).(2)	Fellows must participate in clinical case conferences, journal clubs, research conferences, and morbidity and mortality or quality improvement conferences. (Detail)
650 651 652 653	IV.A.3.a).(3)	All core conferences must have at least one faculty member present, and must be scheduled as to ensure peer-peer and peer-faculty interaction. (Detail)
654 655 656 657 658	IV.A.3.b)	Patient-based teaching must include direct interaction between fellows and faculty members, bedside teaching, discussion of pathophysiology, and the use of current evidence in diagnostic and therapeutic decisions. (Core)
659		The teaching must be:
660 661 662 663	IV.A.3.b).(1)	formally conducted on all inpatient, outpatient, and consultative services; and, (Detail)
664 665 666 667 668	IV.A.3.b).(2)	conducted with a frequency and duration that ensures a meaningful and continuous teaching relationship between the assigned supervising faculty member(s) and fellows.
669 670 671	IV.A.3.c)	Fellows must receive instruction in practice management relevant to endocrinology, diabetes, and metabolism. (Detail)
672 673 674	IV.A.4.	Delineation of fellow responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and supervision of fellows over the continuum of the program. (Core)
675 676 677	IV.A.5.	ACGME Competencies
678 679 680		The program must integrate the following ACGME competencies into the curriculum: $^{(\text{Core})}$
681 682	IV.A.5.a)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills
683 684 685 686 687	IV.A.5.a).(1)	Fellows must be able to provide patient care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. Fellows: (Outcome)
688 689 690 691	IV.A.5.a).(1).(a)	must demonstrate competence in the practice of health promotion, disease prevention, diagnosis, care, and treatment of patients of each gender, from adolescence to old age, during health and all

692 693		stages of illness; (Outcome)
694 695 696 697 698 699	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b)	must demonstrate competence in the evaluation and management of hormonal problems including diseases, infections, neoplasms and other causes of dysfunction of the following endocrine organs: (Outcome)
700 701	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b).(i)	adrenal cortex and medulla; (Outcome)
702 703	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b).(ii)	hypothalamus and pituitary; (Outcome)
704 705	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b).(iii)	ovaries and testes; (Outcome)
706 707	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b).(iv)	pancreatic islets; (Outcome)
708 709	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b).(v)	parathyroid; and, (Outcome)
710 711	IV.A.5.a).(1).(b).(vi)	thyroid. (Outcome)
712 713 714 715	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c)	must demonstrate competence in the care of patients with type-1 and type-2 diabetes, including: (Outcome)
716 717 718	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(i)	diabetes detection and management during pregnancy; (Outcome)
719 720 721 722	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(ii)	evaluation and management of acute, life- threatening complications of hyper- and hypo-glycemia; (Outcome)
723 724 725 726	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(iii)	evaluation and management of intensive insulin therapy in critical care and surgical patients; (Outcome)
727 728 729	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(iv)	intensive management of glycemic control in the ambulatory setting; (Outcome)
730 731 732	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(v)	long term goals, counseling, education, and monitoring; (Outcome)
733 734 735	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(vi)	multidisciplinary diabetes education and treatment program; and, (Outcome)
736 737 738 739	IV.A.5.a).(1).(c).(vii)	prevention and surveillance of microvascular and macrovascular complications. (Outcome)
740 741	IV.A.5.a).(1).(d)	must demonstrate competence in the care of patients with:

742		
742 743 744 745	IV.A.5.a).(1).(d).(i)	calcium, phosphorus, and magnesium imbalances; (Outcome)
746 747 748 749	IV.A.5.a).(1).(d).(ii)	disorders of bone and mineral metabolism, with particular emphasis on the diagnosis and management of osteoporosis; (Outcome)
750 751 752	IV.A.5.a).(1).(d).(iii)	disorders of fluid, electrolyte, and acid-base metabolism; (Outcome)
753 754	IV.A.5.a).(1).(d).(iv)	gonadal disorders; and, (Outcome)
755 756 757	IV.A.5.a).(1).(d).(v)	nutritional disorders of obesity, anorexia nervosa, and bulimia. (Outcome)
758 759 760	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e)	must demonstrate competence in the performance of the following:
761 762 763	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(i)	diagnosis and management of ectopic hormone production; (Outcome)
764 765 766	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(ii)	diagnosis and management of lipid and lipoprotein disorders; (Outcome)
767 768 769	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(iii)	genetic screening and counseling for endocrine and metabolic disorders; (Outcome)
770 771	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(iv)	interpretation of hormone assays; (Outcome)
772 773 774 775	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(v)	interpretation of laboratory studies, including the effects of non-endocrine disorders on these studies; (Outcome)
776 777 778	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(vi)	interpretation of radiologic studies for diagnosis and treatment of endocrine and metabolic diseases, including: (Outcome)
779 780 781	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(vi).(a)	computed tomography; (Outcome)
782 783	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(vi).(b)	magnetic resonance imaging; (Outcome)
784 785 786	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(vi).(c)	quantification of bone density;
787 788 789	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(vi).(d)	radionuclide localization of endocrine tissue; and, (Outcome)
790 791	IV.A.5.a).(1).(e).(vi).(e)	ultrasonography of the soft tissues of the neck. (Outcome)

792 793 794 795 796	IV.A.5.a).(2)	Fellows must be able to competently perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. Fellows:
797 798 799		must demonstrate competence in the performance of:
800 801	IV.A.5.a).(2).(a)	parenteral nutrition support; (Outcome)
802 803 804	IV.A.5.a).(2).(b)	performance and interpretation of stimulation and suppression tests; and, (Outcome)
805 806	IV.A.5.a).(2).(c)	thyroid biopsy-:and, (Outcome)
807 808	IV.A.5.a).(2).(d)	thyroid ultrasound; (Outcome)
809 810 811	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e)	skeletal dual photon absorptiometry interpretation; (Outcome)
812 813	IV.A.5.a).(2).(f)	management of insulin pumps; and, (Outcome)
814 815	IV.A.5.a).(2).(g)	continuous glucose monitoring. (Outcome)
816 817	IV.A.5.b)	Medical Knowledge
818 819 820 821 822		Fellows must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. Fellows: (Outcome)
823 824 825 826	IV.A.5.b).(1)	must demonstrate knowledge of the scientific method of problem solving, and evidence-based decision making; (Outcome)
827 828 829 830 831 832 833	IV.A.5.b).(2)	must demonstrate knowledge of indications, contraindications, limitations, complications, techniques, and interpretation of results of those diagnostic and therapeutic procedures integral to the discipline, including the appropriate indications for and use of screening tests/procedures; (Outcome)
834 835	IV.A.5.b).(3)	must demonstrate knowledge of:
836 837 838 839	IV.A.5.b).(3).(a)	basic laboratory techniques, including quality control, quality assurance, and proficiency standards; (Outcome)
840 841	IV.A.5.b).(3).(b)	biochemistry and physiology, including cell and molecular biology, as they relate to endocrinology,

842		diabetes, and metabolism; (Outcome)
843 844 845 846 847	IV.A.5.b).(3).(c)	developmental endocrinology, including growth and development, sexual differentiation, and pubertal maturation; (Outcome)
848 849 850	IV.A.5.b).(3).(d)	endocrine adaptations and maladaptations to systemic diseases; (Outcome)
851 852	IV.A.5.b).(3).(e)	endocrine aspects of psychiatric diseases; (Outcome)
853 854 855 856	IV.A.5.b).(3).(f)	endocrine physiology and pathophysiology in systemic diseases and principles of hormone action; (Outcome)
857 858	IV.A.5.b).(3).(g)	genetics as it relates to endocrine diseases; (Outcome)
859 860 861	IV.A.5.b).(3).(h)	pathogenesis and epidemiology of diabetes mellitus; (Outcome)
862 863 864	IV.A.5.b).(3).(i)	signal transduction pathways and biology of hormone receptors; and, (Outcome)
865 866 867	IV.A.5.b).(3).(j)	whole organ and islet cell pancreatic transplantation. (Outcome)
868	IV.A.5.c)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement
868 869 870 871 872 873	IV.A.5.c)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning.
868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876	IV.A.5.c)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care
868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878	IV.A.5.c)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning. Fellows are expected to develop skills and habits to be able
868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881	, and the second	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning. Fellows are expected to develop skills and habits to be able to meet the following goals: identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's
868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884	IV.A.5.c).(1)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning. Fellows are expected to develop skills and habits to be able to meet the following goals: identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise; (Outcome)
868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883	IV.A.5.c).(1) IV.A.5.c).(2)	Fellows must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning. Fellows are expected to develop skills and habits to be able to meet the following goals: identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise; (Outcome) set learning and improvement goals; (Outcome) identify and perform appropriate learning activities;

892 893 894 895 896	IV.A.5.c).(6)	locate, appraise, and assimilate evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems; (Outcome)
897 898 899	IV.A.5.c).(7)	use information technology to optimize learning;
900 901 902 903	IV.A.5.c).(8)	participate in the education of patients, families, students, fellows and other health professionals; (Outcome)
904 905 906 907	IV.A.5.c).(9)	obtain procedure-specific informed consent by competently educating patients about rationale, technique, and complications of procedures. (Outcome)
908 909 910 911	IV.A.5.c).(10)	demonstrate competence in educating patients about the rationale, technique, and complications of thyroid biopsy.
912	IV.A.5.d)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills
913 914 915 916 917 918		Fellows must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Outcome)
919		Fellows are expected to:
920 921 922 923 924	IV.A.5.d).(1)	communicate effectively with patients, families, and the public, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds; (Outcome)
925 926 927	IV.A.5.d).(2)	communicate effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health related agencies; (Outcome)
928 929 930	IV.A.5.d).(3)	work effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group; (Outcome)
931 932 933	IV.A.5.d).(4)	act in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals; and, (Outcome)
934 935 936	IV.A.5.d).(5)	maintain comprehensive, timely, and legible medical records, if applicable. (Outcome)
937 938	IV.A.5.e)	Professionalism
939 940		Fellows must demonstrate a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical

941		principles. (Outcome)
942 943		Fellows are expected to demonstrate:
944 945 946	IV.A.5.e).(1)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Outcome)
947 948 949	IV.A.5.e).(2)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; $^{\left(\text{Outcome}\right)}$
950 951	IV.A.5.e).(3)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Outcome)
952 953 954	IV.A.5.e).(4)	accountability to patients, society and the profession; (Outcome)
955 956 957 958 959	IV.A.5.e).(5)	sensitivity and responsiveness to a diverse patient population, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, and sexual orientation; and, (Outcome)
960 961 962 963 964	IV.A.5.e).(6)	high standards of ethical behavior, including maintaining appropriate professional boundaries and relationships with other physicians and other health care team members, and avoiding conflicts of interest. (Outcome)
965 966	IV.A.5.f)	Systems-based Practice
967 968 969 970 971 972		Fellows must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources in the system to provide optimal health care.
973 974		Fellows are expected to:
975 976 977 978	IV.A.5.f).(1)	work effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty; (Outcome)
979 980 981	IV.A.5.f).(2)	coordinate patient care within the health care system relevant to their clinical specialty; (Outcome)
982 983 984 985	IV.A.5.f).(3)	incorporate considerations of cost awareness and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate; (Outcome)
986 987 988	IV.A.5.f).(4)	advocate for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems; (Outcome)
989	IV.A.5.f).(5)	work in interprofessional teams to enhance patient

990		safety and improve patient care quality; and (Outcome)
991 992 993 994	IV.A.5.f).(6)	participate in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Outcome)
995 996	IV.A.6.	Curriculum Organization and Fellow Experiences
997 998 999	IV.A.6.a)	A minimum of 12 months must be devoted to clinical experience. (Core)
1000 1001	IV.A.6.b)	Fellows must participate in training using simulation. (Detail)
1002 1003	IV.A.6.c)	Experience with Continuity Ambulatory Patients
1004 1005 1006 1007	IV.A.6.c).(1)	Fellows must have continuity ambulatory clinic experience that exposes them to the breadth and depth of the subspecialty. (Core)
1008 1009 1010	IV.A.6.c).(2)	This experience should average one half-day each week.
1011 1012 1013 1014 1015	IV.A.6.c).(2).(a)	The program must include a minimum of two half-days of ambulatory care per week, averaged over the two years of education, which includes the continuity ambulatory experience. (Detail)
1016 1017 1018	IV.A.6.c).(2).(b)	Three half-days of ambulatory care per week is suggested. (Detail)
1019 1020 1021	IV.A.6.c).(3)	This experience must include an appropriate distribution of patients of each gender and a diversity of ages. (Core)
1022 1023		This should be accomplished through either:
1024 1025 1026	IV.A.6.c).(3).(a)	a continuity clinic which provides fellows the opportunity to learn the course of disease; or, (Detail)
1027 1028 1029	IV.A.6.c).(3).(b)	selected blocks of at least six months which address specific areas of endocrine disease. (Detail)
1030 1031 1032	IV.A.6.c).(4)	Each fellow should, on average, be responsible for four to eight patients during each half-day session. (Detail)
1033 1034 1035 1036	IV.A.6.c).(5)	The continuity patient care experience should not be interrupted by more than one month, excluding a fellow's vacation. (Detail)
1037 1038 1039	IV.A.6.c).(6)	Fellows should be informed of the status of their continuity patients when such patients are hospitalized, as clinically appropriate. (Detail)

1040		
1040	IV.A.6.d)	Procedures and Technical Skills
1042	17.7 (.0.0)	1 1000da100 and 100mmodi Oniio
1043	IV.A.6.d).(1)	Direct supervision of procedures performed by each fellow
1044	, ()	must occur until proficiency has been acquired and
1045		documented by the program director. (Core)
1046		, , ,
1047	IV.A.6.d).(2)	Faculty members must teach and supervise the fellows in
1048		the performance and interpretation of procedures, which
1049		must be documented in each fellow's record, including
1050		indications, outcomes, diagnoses, and supervisor(s). (Core)
1051		
1052	IV.A.6.e)	Fellows must have experience in the role of an endocrinology
1053		consultant in both the inpatient and outpatient settings. (Core)
1054	IV D	Follows' Cohologly Activities
1055 1056	IV.B.	Fellows' Scholarly Activities
1056	IV.B.1.	The curriculum must advance follows' knowledge of the basis
1057	IV.D.I.	The curriculum must advance fellows' knowledge of the basic principles of research, including how research is conducted,
1058		evaluated, explained to patients, and applied to patient care. (Core)
1060		evaluated, explained to patients, and applied to patient care.
1061	IV.B.2.	Fellows should participate in scholarly activity. (Core)
1062	14.0.2.	Tenows should participate in scholarly detivity.
1063	IV.B.2.a)	The majority of fellows must demonstrate evidence of scholarship
1064	/	conducted during the fellowship. (Outcome)
1065		
1066		This should be achieved through one or more of the following:
1067		
1068	IV.B.2.a).(1)	publication of articles, book chapters, abstracts or case
1069		reports in peer-reviewed journals; (Detail)
1070	I) / D O =) /O)	
1071	IV.B.2.a).(2)	publication of peer-reviewed performance improvement or education research; (Detail)
1072 1073		education research, (*******)
1073	IV.B.2.a).(3)	peer-reviewed funding; or, (Detail)
1075	10.0.2.a).(3)	peci-reviewed funding, or,
1076	IV.B.2.a).(4)	peer-reviewed abstracts presented at regional, state or
1077		national specialty meetings. (Detail)
1078		
1079	IV.B.3.	The sponsoring institution and program should allocate adequate
1080		educational resources to facilitate fellow involvement in scholarly
1081		activities. (Detail)
1082		
1083	V. Evalu	uation
1084		
1085	V.A.	Fellow Evaluation
1086	V A 4	The pregram director must supplied the Clinical Competence
1087	V.A.1.	The program director must appoint the Clinical Competency Committee. (Core)
1088		Committee. (500)
1089		

1090 1091 1092	V.A.1.a)	At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must be composed of three members of the program faculty. (Core)
1093 1094 1095	V.A.1.a).(1)	The program director may appoint additional members of the Clinical Competency Committee.
1096 1097 1098 1099 1100 1101 1102	V.A.1.a).(1).(a)	These additional members must be physician faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's fellows in patient care and other health care settings. (Core)
1103 1104 1105 1106 1107 1108	V.A.1.a).(1).(b)	Chief residents who have completed core residency programs in their specialty and are eligible for specialty board certification may be members of the Clinical Competency Committee. (Core)
1109 1110 1111	V.A.1.b)	There must be a written description of the responsibilities of the Clinical Competency Committee. (Core)
1112 1113	V.A.1.b).(1)	The Clinical Competency Committee should:
1114 1115	V.A.1.b).(1).(a)	review all fellow evaluations semi-annually; (Core)
1116 1117 1118 1119	V.A.1.b).(1).(b)	prepare and ensure the reporting of Milestones evaluations of each fellow semi-annually to ACGME; and, (Core)
1120 1121 1122 1123	V.A.1.b).(1).(c)	advise the program director regarding fellow progress, including promotion, remediation, and dismissal. (Detail)
1124 1125	V.A.2.	Formative Evaluation
1126 1127 1128 1129 1130	V.A.2.a)	The faculty must evaluate fellow performance in a timely manner during each rotation or similar educational assignment, and document this evaluation at completion of the assignment. (Core)
1131 1132 1133	V.A.2.a).(1)	The faculty must discuss this evaluation with each fellow at the completion of each assignment. (Core)
1134 1135 1136 1137	V.A.2.a).(2)	Assessment of procedural competence should include a formal evaluation process and not be based solely on a minimum number of procedures performed. (Detail)
1137	V.A.2.b)	The program must:

1139		
1140	V.A.2.b).(1)	provide objective assessments of competence in
1141		patient care and procedural skills, medical knowledge,
1142		practice-based learning and improvement,
1143		interpersonal and communication skills,
1144		professionalism, and systems-based practice based
1145		on the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)
1146		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1147	V.A.2.b).(1).(a)	Patient Care
1148	, (, (,	
1149		The program must assess the fellow in data
1150		gathering, clinical reasoning, patient management
1151		and procedures in both the inpatient and outpatient
1152		setting. ^(Core)
1153		
1154	V.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	This assessment must involve direct
1155		observation of fellow patient encounters
1156		(Detail)
1157		
1158	V.A.2.b).(1).(a).(ii)	Each program must define criteria for
1159		competence for all required and elective
1160		procedures. (Detail)
1161	\	The area and of each of the area (the shorts)
1162	V.A.2.b).(1).(a).(iii)	The record of evaluation must include the
1163		fellow's logbook or an equivalent method to demonstrate that each fellow has achieved
1164 1165		
1166		competence in the performance of required procedures. (Detail)
1167		procedures.
1168	V.A.2.b).(1).(b)	Medical Knowledge
1169	V.7 (.2.6).(1).(6)	Wodioai Wiowioago
1170		The program must use an objective formative
1171		assessment method. The same formative
1172		assessment method must be administered at least
1173		twice during the program. (Detail)
1174		
1175	V.A.2.b).(1).(c)	Practice-based Learning and Improvement
1176		· ·
1177		The program must use performance data to assess
1178		the fellow in:
1179		
1180	V.A.2.b).(1).(c).(i)	application of evidence to patient care; (Detail)
1181	\\ A \Q \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	(Datail)
1182	V.A.2.b).(1).(c).(ii)	practice improvement; (Detail)
1183	\	to a state of a 120 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
1184	V.A.2.b).(1).(c).(iii)	teaching skills involving peers and patients;
1185		and, (Detail)
1186	\(\lambda 2 \h) \(\lambda \) \(\lambda	opholoropin (Detail)
1187	V.A.2.b).(1).(c).(iv)	scholarship. (Detail)
1188		

1189	V.A.2.b).(1).(d)	Interpersonal and Communication Skills
1190 1191 1192 1193 1194		The program must use both direct observation and multi-source evaluation, including patients, peers and non-physician team members, to assess fellow performance in:
1195 1196 1197	V.A.2.b).(1).(d).(i)	communication with patient and family; (Detail)
1198 1199	V.A.2.b).(1).(d).(ii)	teamwork; (Detail)
1200 1201 1202	V.A.2.b).(1).(d).(iii)	communication with peers, including transitions in care; and, (Detail)
1203 1204	V.A.2.b).(1).(d).(iv)	record keeping. (Detail)
1205 1206	V.A.2.b).(1).(e)	Professionalism
1207 1208 1209 1210		The program must use multi-source evaluation, including patients, peers, and non-physician team members, to assess each fellow's:
1211 1212	V.A.2.b).(1).(e).(i)	honesty and integrity; (Detail)
1213 1214 1215	V.A.2.b).(1).(e).(ii)	ability to meet professional responsibilities;
1216 1217 1218 1219	V.A.2.b).(1).(e).(iii)	ability to maintain appropriate professional relationships with patients and colleagues; and, (Detail)
1220 1221	V.A.2.b).(1).(e).(iv)	commitment to self-improvement. (Detail)
1222 1223	V.A.2.b).(1).(f)	Systems-based Practice
1224 1225 1226 1227		The program must use multi-source evaluation, including peers, and non-physician team members, to assess each fellow's:
1228 1229 1230	V.A.2.b).(1).(f).(i)	ability to provide care coordination, including transition of care; (Detail)
1231 1232 1233	V.A.2.b).(1).(f).(ii)	ability to work in interdisciplinary teams;
1234 1235	V.A.2.b).(1).(f).(iii)	advocacy for quality of care; and, (Detail)
1236 1237 1238	V.A.2.b).(1).(f).(iv)	ability to identify system problems and participate in improvement activities. (Detail)

1239	V.A.2.b).(2)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty, peers, patients,
1240	/ (/	self, and other professional staff); (Detail)
1241		
1242	V.A.2.b).(3)	document progressive fellow performance
1243		improvement appropriate to educational level; and,
1244		(Core)
1245		
1246	V.A.2.b).(4)	provide each fellow with documented semiannual
1247		evaluation of performance with feedback. (Core)
1248	\/	Callegra's performance in continuity clinic report ha
1249 1250	V.A.2.b).(4).(a) Fellows' performance in continuity clinic must be reviewed with them verbally and in writing at least
1250		semiannually. (Detail)
1251		Semanidally.
1253	V.A.2.c)	The evaluations of fellow performance must be accessible for
1254	,	review by the fellow, in accordance with institutional policy;
1255		(Detail)
1256		
1257	V.A.3.	Summative Evaluation
1258		
1259	V.A.3.a)	The specialty-specific Milestones must be used as one of the
1260		tools to ensure fellows are able to practice core professional
1261		activities without supervision upon completion of the
1262		program. ^(Core)
1263		
1264	V.A.3.b)	The program director must provide a summative evaluation
1265		for each fellow upon completion of the program. (Core)
1266 1267		This evaluation must:
1268		This evaluation must.
1269	V.A.3.b).(1)	become part of the fellow's permanent record
1270		maintained by the institution, and must be accessible
1271		for review by the fellow in accordance with
1272		institutional policy; (Detail)
1273		
1274	V.A.3.b).(2)	document the fellow's performance during the final
1275		period of education; and, (Detail)
1276		
1277	V.A.3.b).(3)	verify that the fellow has demonstrated sufficient
1278		competence to enter practice without direct
1279		supervision. (Detail)
1280	V D	Faculty Evaluation
1281	V.B.	Faculty Evaluation
1282 1283	V.B.1.	At least annually, the program must evaluate faculty performance as
1284	۷.D.I.	it relates to the educational program. (Core)
1285		it relates to the educational program.
1286	V.B.2.	These evaluations should include a review of faculty's clinical
1287	T.D.Z.	teaching abilities, commitment to the educational program, clinical
0.		g and and a second a sec

1288		knowledge, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Detail)
1289 1290 1291 1292	V.B.3.	This evaluation must include at least annual written confidential evaluations by fellows. (Detail)
1293 1294 1295 1296	V.B.3.a)	Fellows must have the opportunity to provide confidential written evaluations of each supervising faculty member at the end of each rotation. (Detail)
1297 1298 1299	V.B.3.b)	These evaluations must be reviewed with each faculty member annually. (Detail)
1300 1301	V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement
1302 1303 1304	V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee (PEC). (Core)
1305 1306	V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee:
1307 1308 1309	V.C.1.a).(1)	must be composed of at least two program faculty members and should include at least one fellow; (Core)
1310 1311 1312	V.C.1.a).(2)	must have a written description of its responsibilities; and, $^{(\text{Core})}$
1313 1314	V.C.1.a).(3)	should participate actively in:
1315 1316 1317 1318	V.C.1.a).(3).(a)	planning, developing, implementing, and evaluating educational activities of the program; (Detail)
1319 1320 1321 1322	V.C.1.a).(3).(b	reviewing and making recommendations for revision of competency-based curriculum goals and objectives; (Detail)
1323 1324 1325	V.C.1.a).(3).(c)	addressing areas of non-compliance with ACGME standards; and, (Detail)
1326 1327 1328 1329	V.C.1.a).(3).(d	reviewing the program annually using evaluations of faculty, fellows, and others, as specified below. (Detail)
1330 1331 1332 1333	V.C.2.	The program, through the PEC, must document formal, systematic evaluation of the curriculum at least annually, and is responsible for rendering a written, annual program evaluation. (Core)
1333 1334 1335		The program must monitor and track each of the following areas:
1336	V.C.2.a)	fellow performance; (Core)

1337		
1338	V.C.2.b)	faculty development; (Core)
1339	,	rucuity development,
1340	V.C.2.c)	graduate performance, including performance of program
1341	,	graduates on the certification examination; (Core)
1342		9
1343	V.C.2.c).(1)	At least 80% of the program's graduating fellows from the
1344	/ (/	most recently defined five year period who are eligible
1345		should take the ABIM certifying examination. (Outcome)
1346		, 0
1347	V.C.2.c).(2)	At least 80% of a program's graduates taking the ABIM
1348	, , ,	certifying examination for the first time during the most
1349		recently defined five year period should pass. (Outcome)
1350		
1351	V.C.2.d)	program quality; and, ^(Core)
1352		
1353	V.C.2.d).(1)	Fellows and faculty must have the opportunity to
1354		evaluate the program confidentially and in writing at
1355		least annually. (Detail)
1356		
1357	V.C.2.d).(2)	The program must use the results of fellows' and
1358		faculty members' assessments of the program
1359		together with other program evaluation results to
1360		improve the program. (Detail)
1361		
1362	V.C.2.d).(3)	At least 80% of the entering fellows should have
1363		completed the program when averaged over a five-year
1364		period. (Outcome)
1365		
1366	V.C.2.e)	progress on the previous year's action plan(s). (Core)
1367	\\ O 0	
1368	V.C.3.	The PEC must prepare a written plan of action to document
1369		initiatives to improve performance in one or more of the areas listed
1370		in section V.C.2., as well as delineate how they will be measured
1371		and monitored. (Core)
1372	\\ . \	The code of the Hills of the Health of the
1373	V.C.3.a)	The action plan should be reviewed and approved by the
1374		teaching faculty and documented in meeting minutes. (Detail)
1375	\/ C	
1376	V.C.4.	Representative program personnel, at a minimum to include the program
1377		director, representative faculty, and one fellow, must review program
1378 1379		goals and objectives, and the effectiveness with which they are achieved.
1379		
1381	VI. Fellov	w Duty Hours in the Learning and Working Environment
1382	41. 1 GIIOV	w Daty Hours in the Learning and Working Little Chillent
1383	VI.A.	Professionalism, Personal Responsibility, and Patient Safety
1384	۷ I.A.	i rolessionalishi, i ersonai ivesponsibility, and rationt saloty
1385	VI.A.1.	Programs and sponsoring institutions must educate fellows and
1000	V 1	i rogiams and sponsoring institutions must educate tellows and

1386 1387 1388 1389		faculty members concerning the professional responsibilities of physicians to appear for duty appropriately rested and fit to provide the services required by their patients. (Core)
1390 1391 1392 1393	VI.A.2.	The program must be committed to and responsible for promoting patient safety and fellow well-being in a supportive educational environment. (Core)
1394 1395 1396 1397	VI.A.3.	The program director must ensure that fellows are integrated and actively participate in interdisciplinary clinical quality improvement and patient safety programs. (Core)
1398 1399	VI.A.4.	The learning objectives of the program must:
1400 1401 1402 1403	VI.A.4.a)	be accomplished through an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events; and, (Core)
1404 1405 1406	VI.A.4.b)	not be compromised by excessive reliance on fellows to fulfill non-physician service obligations. (Core)
1407 1408 1409	VI.A.5.	The program director and institution must ensure a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
1410 1411 1412	VI.A.6.	Fellows and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding and acceptance of their personal role in the following:
1413 1414 1415	VI.A.6.a)	assurance of the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care; $^{(\text{Outcome})}$
1416 1417	VI.A.6.b)	provision of patient- and family-centered care; (Outcome)
1418 1419	VI.A.6.c)	assurance of their fitness for duty; (Outcome)
1420 1421 1422	VI.A.6.d)	management of their time before, during, and after clinical assignments; (Outcome)
1423 1424 1425	VI.A.6.e)	recognition of impairment, including illness and fatigue, in themselves and in their peers; (Outcome)
1426		attention to lifelong learning; (Outcome)
1427	VI.A.6.f)	attention to melong learning,
1427 1428 1429 1430	VI.A.6.f) VI.A.6.g)	the monitoring of their patient care performance improvement indicators; and, (Outcome)

1434	VI.A.7.	All fellows and faculty members must demonstrate responsiveness
1435	V 117 W 1	to patient needs that supersedes self-interest. They must recognize
		•
1436		that under certain circumstances, the best interests of the patient
1437		may be served by transitioning that patient's care to another
1438		qualified and rested provider. (Outcome)
1439		quantum de secondo de
1440	VI.B.	Transitions of Care
	VI.D.	Transitions of Care
1441	\# 5 4	
1442	VI.B.1.	Programs must design clinical assignments to minimize the number
1443		of transitions in patient care. (Core)
1444		
1445	VI.B.2.	Sponsoring institutions and programs must ensure and monitor
1446		effective, structured hand-over processes to facilitate both
1447		continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
		Continuity of Care and patient Safety. (1989)
1448		
1449	VI.B.3.	Programs must ensure that fellows are competent in
1450		communicating with team members in the hand-over process.
1451		(Outcome)
1452		
1453	VI.B.4.	The sponsoring institution must ensure the availability of schedules
	VI.D.4.	•
1454		that inform all members of the health care team of attending
1455		physicians and fellows currently responsible for each patient's care.
1456		(Detail)
1457		
1458	VI.C.	Alertness Management/Fatigue Mitigation
1459		
1460	VI.C.1.	The program must:
1461	VII.O. 11	The program must.
	\/I C 4 a\	advecte all feaulty march are and fallows to recognize the
1462	VI.C.1.a)	educate all faculty members and fellows to recognize the
1463		signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation; (Core)
1464		
1465	VI.C.1.b)	educate all faculty members and fellows in alertness
1466		caddate an ideatty members and renews in distincts
		. The state of th
1467		management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core)
1467 1468	VI C 1 c)	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core)
1468	VI.C.1.c)	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential
1468 1469	VI.C.1.c)	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such
1468 1469 1470	VI.C.1.c)	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential
1468 1469 1470 1471	·	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail)
1468 1469 1470	VI.C.1.c) VI.C.2.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient
1468 1469 1470 1471	·	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473	·	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474	·	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475	VI.C.2.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core)
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476	·	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477	VI.C.2.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or safe transportation options for fellows who may be too
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477	VI.C.2.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477	VI.C.2.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or safe transportation options for fellows who may be too
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477	VI.C.2.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or safe transportation options for fellows who may be too
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477 1478 1479	VI.C.2. VI.C.3.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
1468 1469 1470 1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477 1478 1479 1480	VI.C.2. VI.C.3.	management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, (Core) adopt fatigue mitigation processes to manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient care and learning, such as naps or back-up call schedules. (Detail) Each program must have a process to ensure continuity of patient care in the event that a fellow may be unable to perform his/her patient care duties. (Core) The sponsoring institution must provide adequate sleep facilities and/or safe transportation options for fellows who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)

1483		identifiable, appropriately-credentialed and privileged attending
1484		physician (or licensed independent practitioner as approved by
1485		each Review Committee) who is ultimately responsible for that
1486		patient's care. (Core)
		patient's care. (500)
1487		
1488	VI.D.1.a)	This information should be available to fellows, faculty
1489		members, and patients. (Detail)
1490		, 1
1491	VI.D.1.b)	Fellows and faculty members should inform patients of their
	VI.D. 1.D)	
1492		respective roles in each patient's care. (Detail)
1493		
1494	VI.D.2.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of
1495		supervision is in place for all fellows who care for patients. (Core)
1496		•
1497		Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods. Some
1498		activities require the physical presence of the supervising faculty
1499		member. For many aspects of patient care, the supervising
1500		physician may be a more advanced resident or fellow. Other
1501		portions of care provided by the fellow can be adequately
1502		supervised by the immediate availability of the supervising faculty
1503		member or resident physician, either in the institution, or by means
1504		of telephonic and/or electronic modalities. In some circumstances,
1505		supervision may include post-hoc review of fellow-delivered care
1506		with feedback as to the appropriateness of that care. (Detail)
1507		
1508	VI.D.3.	Levels of Supervision
1509		-
1509		To oncurs eversight of follow cupervision and graded authority and
1510		To ensure oversight of fellow supervision and graded authority and
1510 1511		responsibility, the program must use the following classification of
1510 1511 1512		·
1510 1511		responsibility, the program must use the following classification of
1510 1511 1512	VI.D.3.a)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core)
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514	VI.D.3.a)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515	VI.D.3.a)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core)
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516	ŕ	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core)
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517	VI.D.3.a) VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518	VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision:
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519	ŕ	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518	VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision:
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519	VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521	VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522	VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core)
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524	VI.D.3.b)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525 1526	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care, but is immediately
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care, but is immediately available by means of telephonic and/or electronic
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527 1528	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care, but is immediately available by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities, and is available to provide Direct
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527 1528 1529	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care, but is immediately available by means of telephonic and/or electronic
1510 1511 1512 1513 1514 1515 1516 1517 1518 1519 1520 1521 1522 1523 1524 1525 1526 1527 1528	VI.D.3.b) VI.D.3.b).(1)	responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision: (Core) Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the fellow and patient. (Core) Indirect Supervision: with direct supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core) with direct supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care, but is immediately available by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities, and is available to provide Direct

1532 1533		review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered. (Core)
1534 1535 1536 1537 1538 1539	VI.D.4.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each fellow must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
1540 1541 1542 1543	VI.D.4.a)	The program director must evaluate each fellow's abilities based on specific criteria. When available, evaluation should be guided by specific national standards-based criteria. (Core)
1544 1545 1546 1547	VI.D.4.b)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians should delegate portions of care to fellows, based on the needs of the patient and the skills of the fellows. (Detail)
1548 1549 1550 1551 1552	VI.D.4.c)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role of junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
1552 1553 1554 1555 1556 1557	VI.D.5.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which fellows must communicate with appropriate supervising faculty members, such as the transfer of a patient to an intensive care unit, or end-of-life decisions. (Core)
1557 1558 1559 1560 1561	VI.D.5.a)	Each fellow must know the limits of his/her scope of authority, and the circumstances under which he/she is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
1562 1563 1564 1565	VI.D.5.a).(1)	In particular, PGY-1 residents should be supervised either directly or indirectly with direct supervision immediately available. (Core)
1566 1567 1568 1569 1570	VI.D.6.	Faculty supervision assignments should be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each fellow and delegate to him/her the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Detail)
1571 1572	VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities
1573 1574 1575 1576		The clinical responsibilities for each fellow must be based on PGY-level, patient safety, fellow education, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition and available support services. (Core)
1577 1578	VI.F.	Teamwork
1579 1580		Fellows must care for patients in an environment that maximizes effective communication. This must include the opportunity to work as a member of

1581 1582 1583		effective interprofessional teams that are appropriate to the delivery of care in the specialty. $^{\left(\text{Core}\right)}$
1584 1585	VI.G.	Fellow Duty Hours
1586 1587	VI.G.1.	Maximum Hours of Work per Week
1588 1589 1590 1591		Duty hours must be limited to 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in-house call activities and all moonlighting. (Core)
1592 1593	VI.G.1.a)	Duty Hour Exceptions
1594 1595 1596 1597		A Review Committee may grant exceptions for up to 10% or a maximum of 88 hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. (Detail)
1598 1599 1600 1601		The Review Committee for Internal Medicine will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the fellows' work week.
1602 1603 1604 1605 1606	VI.G.1.a).(1)	In preparing a request for an exception the program director must follow the duty hour exception policy from the ACGME Manual on Policies and Procedures.
1607 1608 1609 1610	VI.G.1.a).(2)	Prior to submitting the request to the Review Committee, the program director must obtain approval of the institution's GMEC and DIO. (Detail)
1611 1612	VI.G.2.	Moonlighting
1613 1614 1615 1616	VI.G.2.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the fellow to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program. (Core)
1617 1618 1619 1620 1621	VI.G.2.b)	Time spent by fellows in Internal and External Moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted towards the 80-hour Maximum Weekly Hour Limit.
1622 1623	VI.G.2.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
1624 1625	VI.G.3.	Mandatory Time Free of Duty
1626 1627 1628 1629		Fellows must be scheduled for a minimum of one day free of duty every week (when averaged over four weeks). At-home call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)

1630 1631	VI.G.4.	Maximum Duty Period Length
1632 1633 1634	VI.G.4.a)	Duty periods of PGY-1 residents must not exceed 16 hours in duration. (Core)
1635 1636 1637 1638	VI.G.4.b)	Duty periods of PGY-2 residents and above may be scheduled to a maximum of 24 hours of continuous duty in the hospital. (Core)
1639 1640 1641 1642 1643 1644	VI.G.4.b).(1)	Programs must encourage fellows to use alertness management strategies in the context of patient care responsibilities. Strategic napping, especially after 16 hours of continuous duty and between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m., is strongly suggested. (Detail)
1645 1646 1647 1648 1649 1650	VI.G.4.b).(2)	It is essential for patient safety and fellow education that effective transitions in care occur. Fellows may be allowed to remain on-site in order to accomplish these tasks; however, this period of time must be no longer than an additional four hours. (Core)
1650 1651 1652 1653 1654	VI.G.4.b).(3)	Fellows must not be assigned additional clinical responsibilities after 24 hours of continuous in-house duty. (Core)
1655 1656 1657 1658 1659 1660 1661 1662 1663	VI.G.4.b).(4)	In unusual circumstances, fellows, on their own initiative, may remain beyond their scheduled period of duty to continue to provide care to a single patient. Justifications for such extensions of duty are limited to reasons of required continuity for a severely ill or unstable patient, academic importance of the events transpiring, or humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or family. (Detail)
1664 1665	VI.G.4.b).(4).(a)	Under those circumstances, the fellow must:
1666 1667 1668 1669	VI.G.4.b).(4).(a).(i)	appropriately hand over the care of all other patients to the team responsible for their continuing care; and, (Detail)
1670 1671 1672 1673 1674	VI.G.4.b).(4).(a).(ii)	document the reasons for remaining to care for the patient in question and submit that documentation in every circumstance to the program director.
1675 1676 1677 1678	VI.G.4.b).(4).(b)	The program director must review each submission of additional service, and track both individual fellow and program-wide

1679		episodes of additional duty. (Detail)
1680 1681 1682	VI.G.5.	Minimum Time Off between Scheduled Duty Periods
1683 1684 1685	VI.G.5.a)	PGY-1 residents should have 10 hours, and must have eight hours, free of duty between scheduled duty periods. (Core)
1686 1687 1688 1689 1690 1691 1692	VI.G.5.b)	Intermediate-level residents should have 10 hours free of duty, and must have eight hours between scheduled duty periods. They must have at least 14 hours free of duty after 24 hours of in-house duty. (Core) Internal medicine subspecialty fellows are considered to be in the final years of education.
1693 1694 1695 1696 1697	VI.G.5.c)	Residents in the final years of education must be prepared to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine and care for patients over irregular or extended periods. (Outcome)
1698 1699 1700		Internal medicine subspecialty fellows are considered to be in the final years of education.
1700 1701 1702 1703 1704 1705 1706 1707 1708 1709	VI.G.5.c).(1)	This preparation must occur within the context of the 80-hour, maximum duty period length, and one-day-off-in-seven standards. While it is desirable that residents in their final years of education have eight hours free of duty between scheduled duty periods, there may be circumstances when these fellows must stay on duty to care for their patients or return to the hospital with fewer than eight hours free of duty. (Detail)
1710 1711 1712 1713 1714 1715	VI.G.5.c).(1).(a)	Circumstances of return-to-hospital activities with fewer than eight hours away from the hospital by residents in their final years of education must be monitored by the program director. (Detail)
1716 1717 1718 1719 1720 1721 1722 1723 1724 1725 1726 1727	VI.G.5.c).(1).(b)	In unusual circumstances, fellows may remain beyond their scheduled period of duty or return after their scheduled period of duty to provide care to a single patient. Justifications for such extensions of duty are limited to reasons of required continuity of care for a severely ill or unstable patient, academic importance of the events transpiring, or humanistic attention to the needs of the patient or family. Such episodes should be rare, must be of the fellows' own initiative, and need not initiate a new 'off-duty period' nor require a change in the scheduled 'off-

1728		duty period.' (Detail)
1729	=	
1730	VI.G.5.c).(1).(c)	Under such circumstances, the fellow must
1731		appropriately hand over care of all other patients to
1732		the team responsible for their continuing care, and
1733		document the reasons for remaining or returning to
1734		care for the patient in question and submit that
1735		documentation to the program director. (Detail)
1736	\/I \O \(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-
1737	VI.G.5.c).(1).(d)	The program director must review each submission
1738		of additional service and track both individual
1739		fellows' and program-wide episodes of additional
1740		duty. (Detail)
1741	VI C 6	Maximum Fraguency of In House Night Float
1742	VI.G.6.	Maximum Frequency of In-House Night Float
1743		F II
1744		Fellows must not be scheduled for more than six consecutive nights
1745		of night float. (Core)
1746	\// O =	Market and the second Higher and
1747	VI.G.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency
1748		
1749		PGY-2 residents and above must be scheduled for in-house call no
1750		more frequently than every-third-night (when averaged over a four-
1751		week period). (Core)
1752	\". 0 7 \	
1753	VI.G.7.a)	Internal Medicine fellowships must not average in-house call over
1754		a four-week period. (Core)
1755	\/I \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	At Harris Oall
1756	VI.G.8.	At-Home Call
1757	\/I C 0 a\	Time exect in the bequited by fellows on at home cell must
1758	VI.G.8.a)	Time spent in the hospital by fellows on at-home call must
1759		count towards the 80-hour maximum weekly hour limit. The
1760		frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-
1761		night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one-day-
1762		in-seven free of duty, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
1763	\/I \(\O \(\O \(\D \) \)	At home call writer not be as from an tarrian as to
1764	VI.G.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to
1765		preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each
1766		fellow. (Core)
1767	\/I \O \O \F\	Fallows are manufitted to nations to the beautiful while as at
1768	VI.G.8.b)	Fellows are permitted to return to the hospital while on at-
1769		home call to care for new or established patients. Each
1770		episode of this type of care, while it must be included in the
1771		80-hour weekly maximum, will not initiate a new "off-duty
1772		period". (Detail)
1773		***
1774		005
1775 1776	*Coro Dominiono de 1-	Ctotomonto that define atrusture recovere an areas alements according to
1776 1777	graduate medical edu	: Statements that define structure, resource, or process elements essential to every
1777	graduate medical edu	Calional program.

1778	Detail Requirements: Statements that describe a specific structure, resource, or process, for achieving
1779	compliance with a Core Requirement. Programs in substantial compliance with the Outcome
1780	Requirements may utilize alternative or innovative approaches to meet Core Requirements.
1781	Outcome Requirements: Statements that specify expected measurable or observable attributes
1782	(knowledge, abilities, skills, or attitudes) of residents or fellows at key stages of their graduate medical
1783	education.
1784	
1785	Osteopathic Principles Recognition

Osteopathic Principles Recognition

1786

1787 1788 1789

1790

For programs seeking Osteopathic Principles Recognition for the entire program, or for a track within the program, the Osteopathic Recognition Requirements are also applicable. (http://www.acgme.org/acgmeweb/Portals/0/PFAssets/ProgramRequirements/Osteopathic Recognition Requirements.pdf)