Rural Track Regulation References

Consistent with Section II of the ACGME framework for medically underserved areas and populations and graduate medical education ("MUA/P and GME"), the ACGME is developing processes addressing ACGME-accredited programs that are also "rural tracks" as defined in rules and regulations of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Relevant CMS regulations are referenced below.

Rural Track and Relevant Policy Regulations:

- 42 CFR §412.64(b)(1)(ii)(C) - CMS classification of “rural area”
- 42 CFR §412.103 - CMS policy for Hospitals located in urban areas and that apply for reclassification as rural
- 42 CFR §413.75(b) - CMS definition of Rural track FTE limitation and Rural track or integrated rural track
- 42 CFR §413.79(k) - CMS policy for Residents training in rural track programs
- 42 CFR §413.79(l) - CMS definition of new medical residency training program

The most current rural track policy can be found on the [electronic code of federal regulations](https://www.ecfr.gov) in 413.79(k).

Policy Changes Related to Rural Tracks:

**FY 2001 IPPS Final Rule**, August 1, 2000, pages 47033-47036
- Implementation of Balanced Budget Refinement Act and Rural Track FTE Limitation

- Response to comments (including separate accreditation and integrated rural track discussion) and finalization of rural track policy

**FY 2004 IPPS Final Rule**, August 1, 2003, pages 45454-45457
- Change in amount of rural training time required for urban hospital to qualify for an increase in Rural Track FTE Limitation from “at least two-thirds” to “more than one-half” of the duration of the program
- Rural Track FTE residents included in rolling average calculation for IME and DGME

- “Clarification of Definition of New Medical Residency Training Program”

- “Teaching Hospitals: Change in New Program Growth from 3 to 5 years”

- “Participation of Redesignated Hospital in Rural Training Track”

**FY 2017 IPPS Final Rule**, August 22, 2016, pages 57027-57031
- “Policy Changes Relating to Rural Training Tracks at Urban Hospitals”
  - Rural Track FTE Limitation changed from 3-year to 5-year period
  - “Nonhospital” site references updated to “nonprovider” site

**FY 2020 IPPS Final Rule**, August 16, 2019, pages 42411-42416
- “Policy Changes Related to Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs) as NonProviders for Direct GME and IME Payment Purposes”

**FY 2022 IPPS Final Rule, pending** (see **FY 2022 IPPS Proposed Rule Home Page**)
- Anticipating changes to rural track policy with promulgation of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 under Sec. 127 – Promoting Rural Hospital GME Funding Opportunity (pages 1789-1790)

Disclaimer: The ACGME Rural Track Program (RTP) designation is independent of any rural track designation by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and does not guarantee that a program will meet CMS eligibility requirements for GME or other financial support. If you have questions about the CMS rural track policy, contact your GME finance staff and/or the Prospective Payment System (PPS) hospital’s Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC).