



**Accreditation Council for
Graduate Medical Education**

ACGME Program Requirements for Graduate Medical Education in Urology

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1 **ACGME Program Requirements for Graduate Medical Education**
2 **in Urology**

3
4 **Common Program Requirements are in BOLD**

5
6 Where applicable, text in italics describes the underlying philosophy of the requirements in that
7 section. These philosophic statements are not program requirements and are therefore not
8 citable.

9
10 **Introduction**

11
12 **Int. A. Residency is an essential dimension of the transformation of the medical**
13 **student to the independent practitioner along the continuum of medical**
14 **education. It is physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding, and**
15 **requires longitudinally-concentrated effort on the part of the resident.**

16
17 **The specialty education of physicians to practice independently is**
18 **experiential, and necessarily occurs within the context of the health care**
19 **delivery system. Developing the skills, knowledge, and attitudes leading to**
20 **proficiency in all the domains of clinical competency requires the resident**
21 **physician to assume personal responsibility for the care of individual**
22 **patients. For the resident, the essential learning activity is interaction with**
23 **patients under the guidance and supervision of faculty members who give**
24 **value, context, and meaning to those interactions. As residents gain**
25 **experience and demonstrate growth in their ability to care for patients, they**
26 **assume roles that permit them to exercise those skills with greater**
27 **independence. This concept--graded and progressive responsibility--is one**
28 **of the core tenets of American graduate medical education. Supervision in**
29 **the setting of graduate medical education has the goals of assuring the**
30 **provision of safe and effective care to the individual patient; assuring each**
31 **resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to**
32 **enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishing a foundation**
33 **for continued professional growth.**

34
35 **Int. B. Urology is the specialty that evaluates and treats patients with disorders of the**
36 **genitourinary tract, including the adrenal gland and external genitalia. Specialists**
37 **in this discipline must demonstrate knowledge of the basic and clinical sciences**
38 **related to the normal and diseased genitourinary system, as well as attendant**
39 **skills in medical and surgical therapy. Residency programs must educate**
40 **physicians in the prevention and treatment of genitourinary disease, including the**
41 **diagnosis, medical, and surgical management, and reconstruction of the**
42 **genitourinary tract.**

43
44 **Int. C. Duration and Scope of Education**

45
46 **The educational program in urology must be 60 months in length. (Core)**
47 **~~A minimum of 48 months of clinical urology education is required. Within the final~~**
48 **~~24 months of urology education, residents must serve at least 12 months as a~~**
49 **~~chief resident.~~ (Core)**

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51 **I. Institutions**

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I.A. Sponsoring Institution

One sponsoring institution must assume ultimate responsibility for the program, as described in the Institutional Requirements, and this responsibility extends to resident assignments at all participating sites.
(Core)

The sponsoring institution and the program must ensure that the program director has sufficient protected time and financial support for his or her educational and administrative responsibilities to the program. (Core)

I.A.1. The program director must devote at least 20 percent of his or her professional effort to the administrative and educational activities of the program and receive corresponding financial support for this time. (Core)

I.A.2. The program director must not be required to generate clinical or other income to finance this administrative time. (Core)

I.B. Participating Sites

I.B.1. There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site providing a required assignment. The PLA must be renewed at least every five years. (Core)

The PLA should:

I.B.1.a) identify the faculty who will assume both educational and supervisory responsibilities for residents; (Detail)

I.B.1.b) specify their responsibilities for teaching, supervision, and formal evaluation of residents, as specified later in this document; (Detail)

I.B.1.c) specify the duration and content of the educational experience; and, (Detail)

I.B.1.d) state the policies and procedures that will govern resident education during the assignment. (Detail)

I.B.2. The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)

~~I.B.3. Assignments at participating sites must be of sufficient length to ensure a quality educational experience, and should provide sufficient opportunity for continuity of care. Although the number of participating sites may vary, all participating sites must demonstrate the ability to promote the program goals.~~ (Core)

- 103
- 104 I.B.4. ~~The inclusion of more than four~~ Addition of participating sites for required
- 105 rotations must be based on sound educational rationale and approved in
- 106 advance by the Review Committee. ~~Two or more residents should rotate~~
- 107 ~~to each participating site to maintain peer interaction.~~ (Detail)(Core)
- 108
- 109 I.B.4.a) Assignments to distant sites -must be justified based on the basis
- 110 of educational resources that are not available at the sponsoring
- 111 ~~institution~~ primary clinical site or at a nearby participating site. (Detail)
- 112 (Core)
- 113
- 114 **II. Program Personnel and Resources**
- 115
- 116 **II.A. Program Director**
- 117
- 118 **II.A.1. There must be a single program director with authority and**
- 119 **accountability for the operation of the program. The sponsoring**
- 120 **institution's GMEC must approve a change in program director.** (Core)
- 121
- 122 **II.A.1.a) The program director must submit this change to the ACGME**
- 123 **via the ADS.** (Core)
- 124
- 125 **II.A.2. The program director should continue in his or her position for a**
- 126 **length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and**
- 127 **program stability.** (Detail)
- 128
- 129 ~~II.A.2.a) The program director should continue in his or her position for a~~
- 130 ~~minimum of six years.~~ (Detail)
- 131
- 132 **II.A.2.b) An absence of three months or more for the program director must**
- 133 **be reported to the Review Committee. In such situations, an**
- 134 **interim program director must be appointed and approved by the**
- 135 **Review Committee.** (Core)
- 136
- 137 **II.A.3. Qualifications of the program director must include:**
- 138
- 139 **II.A.3.a) requisite specialty expertise and documented educational**
- 140 **and administrative experience acceptable to the Review**
- 141 **Committee;** (Core)
- 142
- 143 **II.A.3.b) current certification in the specialty by the American Board of**
- 144 **Urology, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the**
- 145 **Review Committee;** (Core)
- 146
- 147 **II.A.3.c) current medical licensure and appropriate medical staff**
- 148 **appointment;** (Core)
- 149
- 150 **II.A.3.d) documented clinical and teaching skills and scholarly**
- 151 **expertiseactivity in urology; and.** (Core)
- 152

- 153 **II.A.4.** **The program director must administer and maintain an educational**
154 **environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the**
155 **ACGME competency areas.** ^(Core)
156
157 **The program director must:**
158
159 **II.A.4.a)** **oversee and ensure the quality of didactic and clinical**
160 **education in all sites that participate in the program;** ^(Core)
161
162 **II.A.4.b)** **approve a local director at each participating site who is**
163 **accountable for resident education;** ^(Core)
164
165 **II.A.4.b).(1)** **The local site director must be a urologist in good standing**
166 **at the participating site and have the majority of his or her**
167 **practice at that site;** ^(Core)
168
169 **II.A.4.b).(2)** ~~**The local site director must be responsible for the**~~
170 ~~**education of the residents at the participating site; and,**~~
171 ~~**(Detail)**~~
172
173 **II.A.4.b).(3)** ~~**The local site director must be responsible for the**~~
174 ~~**supervision of all educational and clinical activities of the**~~
175 ~~**program at that site.**~~ ^(Detail)
176
177 **II.A.4.c)** **approve the selection of program faculty as appropriate;** ^(Core)
178
179 **II.A.4.d)** **evaluate program faculty;** ^(Core)
180
181 **II.A.4.e)** **approve the continued participation of program faculty based**
182 **on evaluation;** ^(Core)
183
184 **II.A.4.f)** **monitor resident supervision at all participating sites;** ^(Core)
185
186 **II.A.4.g)** **prepare and submit all information required and requested by**
187 **the ACGME.** ^(Core)
188
189 **II.A.4.g).(1)** **This includes but is not limited to the program**
190 **application forms and annual program updates to the**
191 **ADS, and ensure that the information submitted is**
192 **accurate and complete.** ^(Core)
193
194 **II.A.4.h)** **ensure compliance with grievance and due process**
195 **procedures as set forth in the Institutional Requirements and**
196 **implemented by the sponsoring institution;** ^(Detail)
197
198 **II.A.4.i)** **provide verification of residency education for all residents,**
199 **including those who leave the program prior to completion;**
200 ^(Detail)
201
202 **II.A.4.j)** **implement policies and procedures consistent with the**
203 **institutional and program requirements for resident duty**

204		hours and the working environment, including moonlighting,
205		(Core)
206		
207		and, to that end, must:
208		
209	II.A.4.j).(1)	distribute these policies and procedures to the
210		residents and faculty; (Detail)
211		
212	II.A.4.j).(2)	monitor resident duty hours, according to sponsoring
213		institutional policies, with a frequency sufficient to
214		ensure compliance with ACGME requirements; (Core)
215		
216	II.A.4.j).(3)	adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive
217		service demands and/or fatigue; and, (Detail)
218		
219	II.A.4.j).(4)	if applicable, monitor the demands of at-home call and
220		adjust schedules as necessary to mitigate excessive
221		service demands and/or fatigue. (Detail)
222		
223	II.A.4.k)	monitor the need for and ensure the provision of back up
224		support systems when patient care responsibilities are
225		unusually difficult or prolonged; (Detail)
226		
227	II.A.4.l)	comply with the sponsoring institution’s written policies and
228		procedures, including those specified in the Institutional
229		Requirements, for selection, evaluation and promotion of
230		residents, disciplinary action, and supervision of residents;
231		(Detail)
232		
233	II.A.4.m)	be familiar with and comply with ACGME and Review
234		Committee policies and procedures as outlined in the ACGME
235		Manual of Policies and Procedures; (Detail)
236		
237	II.A.4.n)	obtain review and approval of the sponsoring institution’s
238		GMEC/DIO before submitting information or requests to the
239		ACGME, including: (Core)
240		
241	II.A.4.n).(1)	all applications for ACGME accreditation of new
242		programs; (Detail)
243		
244	II.A.4.n).(2)	changes in resident complement; (Detail)
245		
246	II.A.4.n).(3)	major changes in program structure or length of
247		training; (Detail)
248		
249	II.A.4.n).(4)	progress reports requested by the Review Committee;
250		(Detail)
251		
252	II.A.4.n).(5)	requests for increases or any change to resident duty
253		hours; (Detail)
254		

255	II.A.4.n).(6)	voluntary withdrawals of ACGME-accredited programs; ^(Detail)
256		
257		
258	II.A.4.n).(7)	requests for appeal of an adverse action; and, ^(Detail)
259		
260	II.A.4.n).(8)	appeal presentations to a Board of Appeal or the ACGME. ^(Detail)
261		
262		
263	II.A.4.o)	obtain DIO review and co-signature on all program application forms, as well as any correspondence or document submitted to the ACGME that addresses: ^(Detail)
264		
265		
266		
267	II.A.4.o).(1)	program citations, and/or, ^(Detail)
268		
269	II.A.4.o).(2)	request for changes in the program that would have significant impact, including financial, on the program or institution. ^(Detail)
270		
271		
272		
273	II.A.4.p)	ensure that the operative procedures performed by residents are entered in the ACGME Case Log System; <u>and,</u> ^(Core)
274		
275		
276	II.A.4.p).(1)	The program director must review the <u>Case Logs</u> of each resident at least <u>semi-annually</u> and at <u>graduation to ensure an even distribution, volume, and variety of operative experiences.</u> ^(Core)
277		
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281	II.A.4.p).(2)	The annual and final logs must be signed by both the resident and the program director as a statement of their accuracy. ^(Core)
282		
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285	II.A.4.p).(3)	Upon graduation, the program director must submit <u>provide</u> each resident's <u>with his or her final aggregate Case Log of the urology years to the ACGME.</u> ^(Core)
286		
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289	II.A.4.q)	conduct and document ongoing and final reviews of operative logs with residents to ensure an even distribution, volume, and variety of operative experiences; ^(Detail)
290		
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293	II.A.4.r)	notify each resident in writing, prior to admission, of the required length of the educational program, including both accredited and non-accredited time. ^(Core)
294		
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297	II.A.4.r).(1)	The educational program's required length may <u>must</u> not be changed without mutual agreement with the resident, unless there is a significant break in his or her educational program or unless the resident requires remedial education. ^(Core)
298		
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303	II.A.4.r).(2)	All educational program length changes for any resident must be approved in advance by the Review Committee; ^(Core)
304		
305		

- 306
307 **II.B. Faculty**
308
- 309 **II.B.1. At each participating site, there must be a sufficient number of**
310 **faculty with documented qualifications to instruct and supervise all**
311 **residents at that location.** ^(Core)
312
- 313 **The faculty must:**
- 314
- 315 **II.B.1.a) devote sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill**
316 **their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; and to**
317 **demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents;**
318 **and,** ^(Core)
319
- 320 **II.B.1.b) administer and maintain an educational environment**
321 **conducive to educating residents in each of the ACGME**
322 **competency areas.** ^(Core)
323
- 324 **II.B.2. The physician faculty must have current certification in the specialty**
325 **by the American Board of Urology, or possess qualifications judged**
326 **acceptable to the Review Committee.** ^(Core)
327
- 328 **II.B.2.a) To provide a diverse well-rounded educational experience, ~~several~~**
329 **some faculty members should have subspecialty education and/or**
330 **concentrate their practice in one or more of the following**
331 **subspecialized urological domains: (e.g., voiding dysfunction;**
332 **female urology; reconstruction; oncology; calculus disease;**
333 **pediatrics; sexual dysfunction; and infertility).** ^(Detail)
334
- 335 **II.B.2.b) The faculty should include individuals with experience with the**
336 **following urologic techniques: endo-urology; minimally-invasive**
337 **intra-abdominal and pelvic surgical techniques (such as**
338 **laparoscopy and robotic surgery); major flank and pelvic surgery;**
339 **urologic imaging; and microsurgery.** ^(CoreDetail)
340
- 341 **II.B.2.c) ~~Residents should have clinical interaction with faculty members~~**
342 **~~having expertise in geriatrics, infectious disease, renovascular~~**
343 **~~disease, renal transplantation, trauma, interventional radiology,~~**
344 **~~plastic surgery, and medical oncology.~~** ^(Detail)
345
- 346 **II.B.2.d) In addition to the program director, there must be at least a**
347 **minimum of two core clinical urology faculty members who devote**
348 **sufficient time to supervise and teach the residents, and who are**
349 **committed fully to the educational objectives of the residency**
350 **program.** ^(Core)
351
- 352 **II.B.2.e) There must be a core faculty-to-resident ratio of at least 1:2 ~~in the~~**
353 **total program.** ^(Core)
354
- 355 **II.B.2.e).(1) ~~The program director must be counted as one of the~~**
356 **~~faculty members in determining this ratio.~~** ^(Core)

- 357
358 II.B.2.e).(2) ~~The program director must notify the Review Committee if~~
359 ~~the number of clinical urology faculty members drops~~
360 ~~below three, or if the ratio falls below 1:2 and remains~~
361 ~~below that level longer than one year.~~ ^(Core)
362
- 363 **II.B.3. The physician faculty must possess current medical licensure and**
364 **appropriate medical staff appointment.** ^(Core)
365
- 366 **II.B.4. The nonphysician faculty must have appropriate qualifications in**
367 **their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments.** ^(Core)
368
- 369 **II.B.5. The faculty must establish and maintain an environment of inquiry**
370 **and scholarship with an active research component.** ^(Core)
371
- 372 **II.B.5.a) The faculty must regularly participate in organized clinical**
373 **discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences.** ^(Detail)
374
- 375 **II.B.5.b) Some members of the faculty should also demonstrate**
376 **scholarship by one or more of the following:**
- 377
- 378 **II.B.5.b).(1) peer-reviewed funding;** ^(Detail)
379
- 380 **II.B.5.b).(2) publication of original research or review articles in**
381 **peer reviewed journals, or chapters in textbooks;** ^(Detail)
382
- 383 **II.B.5.b).(3) publication or presentation of case reports or clinical**
384 **series at local, regional, or national professional and**
385 **scientific society meetings; or,** ^(Detail)
386
- 387 **II.B.5.b).(4) participation in national committees or educational**
388 **organizations.** ^(Detail)
389
- 390 **II.B.5.c) Faculty should encourage and support residents in scholarly**
391 **activities.** ^(Core)
392
- 393 **II.C. Other Program Personnel**
394
- 395 **The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of all**
396 **necessary professional, technical, and clerical personnel for the effective**
397 **administration of the program.** ^(Core)
398
- 399 **II.C.1. The program must include a program coordinator who devotes a**
400 **minimum of 20 percent of his or her effort per every five residents in the**
401 **program.** ^(Core)
402
- 403 **II.D. Resources**
404
- 405 **The institution and the program must jointly ensure the availability of**
406 **adequate resources for resident education, as defined in the specialty**
407 **program requirements.** ^(Core)

- 408
409 II.D.1. There must be adequate space and equipment for the educational
410 program, including meeting rooms and classrooms with audiovisual and
411 other educational aids; appropriate office space for residents; diagnostic,
412 therapeutic, and research facilities; and outpatient facilities, clinic, and
413 office space accessible to residents for pre-operative evaluation and post-
414 operative follow-up. (Core)
415
416 II.D.2. Clinical facilities must contain state-of-the-art equipment to perform
417 diagnostic and therapeutic procedures. (Core)
418
419 II.D.2.a) Equipment to perform the following procedures must be available:
420 flexible cystoscopy; ureteroscopy; percutaneous endoscopy;
421 percutaneous renal access, ~~extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy~~;
422 ultrasonography and biopsy; fluoroscopy; laparoscopy, ~~and~~ laser
423 therapy; and renal and prostate ultrasound. (Core)
424
425 II.D.2.b) Urodynamic equipment ~~should~~ must be present at a minimum of
426 one site. (Core)
427
428 II.D.2.c) Video imaging ~~should~~ must be available to allow adequate
429 supervision and education during endoscopic procedures. (Core)
430
431 II.D.3. A sufficient number and variety of inpatient ambulatory adult and pediatric
432 patients with urologic disease must be available for resident education.
433 (Core)
434

435 II.E. Medical Information Access

436
437 **Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other**
438 **appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. Electronic**
439 **medical literature databases with search capabilities should be available.**
440 (Detail)
441

442 III. Resident Appointments

443 444 III.A. Eligibility Criteria

445
446 **The program director must comply with the criteria for resident eligibility**
447 **as specified in the Institutional Requirements.** (Core)
448

449 III.A.1. Eligibility Requirements – Residency Programs

450
451 **III.A.1.a) All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for**
452 **initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency**
453 **programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency**
454 **programs, or in Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of**
455 **Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians**
456 **of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in**
457 **Canada. Residency programs must receive verification of**
458 **each applicant’s level of competency in the required clinical**

459		field using ACGME or CanMEDS Milestones assessments
460		from the prior training program. ^(Core)
461		
462	III.A.1.a).(1)	<u>Program policies for resident selection should recognize</u>
463		<u>the value and importance of diversity. ^(Detail)</u>
464		
465	III.A.1.a).(2)	<u>Based on educational objectives, an alternative format for</u>
466		<u>admission to a urology residency includes a prerequisite of</u>
467		<u>one year of education in an ACGME-accredited surgery</u>
468		<u>program or an RCPSC-accredited surgery program located</u>
469		<u>in Canada. ^(Core)</u>
470		
471	III.A.1.a).(3)	The prerequisite for admission to a urology residency
472		program is a minimum of one year of education in an
473		ACGME-accredited surgery program or an RCPSC-
474		accredited surgery program located in Canada. ^(Core)
475		
476	III.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Based on educational objectives, two years of
477		general surgery is an alternative format. During
478		these one or two years, residents must spend a
479		minimum of three months in general surgery, as
480		well as a minimum of three months in the core
481		surgical rotations of critical care, vascular surgery,
482		or trauma. Additional clinical assignments must
483		enhance the resident education and prepare
484		residents for the practice of urology. If there is only
485		a single year of general surgery, dedicated
486		research time during that period is not allowed. The
487		educational program for the general surgery period
488		is developed by the program director of the
489		respective surgery residency program with the input
490		and approval of the respective urology program
491		director. ^(Detail)
492		
493	III.A.1.b)	A physician who has completed a residency program that
494		was not accredited by ACGME, RCPSC, or CFPC may enter
495		an ACGME-accredited residency program in the same
496		specialty at the PGY-1 level and, at the discretion of the
497		program director at the ACGME-accredited program may be
498		advanced to the PGY-2 level based on ACGME Milestones
499		assessments at the ACGME-accredited program. This
500		provision applies only to entry into residency in those
501		specialties for which an initial clinical year is not required for
502		entry. ^(Core)
503		
504	III.A.1.c)	A Review Committee may grant the exception to the eligibility
505		requirements specified in Section III.A.2.b) for residency
506		programs that require completion of a prerequisite residency
507		program prior to admission. ^(Core)
508		

- 509 **III.A.1.d) Review Committees will grant no other exceptions to these**
510 **eligibility requirements for residency education.** ^(Core)
511
- 512 **III.A.2. Eligibility Requirements – Fellowship Programs**
513
514 **All required clinical education for entry into ACGME-accredited**
515 **fellowship programs must be completed in an ACGME-accredited**
516 **residency program, or in an RCPSC-accredited or CFPC- accredited**
517 **residency program located in Canada.** ^(Core)
518
- 519 **III.A.2.a) Fellowship programs must receive verification of each**
520 **entering fellow’s level of competency in the required field**
521 **using ACGME or CanMEDS Milestones assessments from the**
522 **core residency program.** ^(Core)
523
- 524 **III.A.2.b) Fellow Eligibility Exception**
525
526 **A Review Committee may grant the following exception to the**
527 **fellowship eligibility requirements:**
528
529 **An ACGME-accredited fellowship program may accept an**
530 **exceptionally qualified applicant**, who does not satisfy the**
531 **eligibility requirements listed in Sections III.A.2. and III.A.2.a),**
532 **but who does meet all of the following additional**
533 **qualifications and conditions:** ^(Core)
534
- 535 **III.A.2.b).(1) Assessment by the program director and fellowship**
536 **selection committee of the applicant’s suitability to**
537 **enter the program, based on prior training and review**
538 **of the summative evaluations of training in the core**
539 **specialty; and** ^(Core)
540
- 541 **III.A.2.b).(2) Review and approval of the applicant’s exceptional**
542 **qualifications by the GMEC or a subcommittee of the**
543 **GMEC; and** ^(Core)
544
- 545 **III.A.2.b).(3) Satisfactory completion of the United States Medical**
546 **Licensing Examination (USMLE) Steps 1, 2, and, if the**
547 **applicant is eligible, 3, and;** ^(Core)
548
- 549 **III.A.2.b).(4) For an international graduate, verification of**
550 **Educational Commission for Foreign Medical**
551 **Graduates (ECFMG) certification; and,** ^(Core)
552
- 553 **III.A.2.b).(5) Applicants accepted by this exception must complete**
554 **fellowship Milestones evaluation (for the purposes of**
555 **establishment of baseline performance by the Clinical**
556 **Competency Committee), conducted by the receiving**
557 **fellowship program within six weeks of matriculation.**
558 **This evaluation may be waived for an applicant who**
559 **has completed an ACGME International-accredited**

560 residency based on the applicant's Milestones
561 evaluation conducted at the conclusion of the
562 residency program. (Core)

563
564 **III.A.2.b).(5).(a)** If the trainee does not meet the expected level
565 of Milestones competency following entry into
566 the fellowship program, the trainee must
567 undergo a period of remediation, overseen by
568 the Clinical Competency Committee and
569 monitored by the GMEC or a subcommittee of
570 the GMEC. This period of remediation must not
571 count toward time in fellowship training. (Core)

572
573 **** An exceptionally qualified applicant has (1) completed a**
574 **non-ACGME-accredited residency program in the core**
575 **specialty, and (2) demonstrated clinical excellence, in**
576 **comparison to peers, throughout training. Additional**
577 **evidence of exceptional qualifications is required, which may**
578 **include one of the following: (a) participation in additional**
579 **clinical or research training in the specialty or subspecialty;**
580 **(b) demonstrated scholarship in the specialty or**
581 **subspecialty; (c) demonstrated leadership during or after**
582 **residency training; (d) completion of an ACGME-International-**
583 **accredited residency program.**

584
585 **III.B. Number of Residents**

586
587 **The program's educational resources must be adequate to support the**
588 **number of residents appointed to the program. (Core)**

589
590 **III.B.1. The program director may not appoint more residents than**
591 **approved by the Review Committee, unless otherwise stated in the**
592 **specialty-specific requirements. (Core)**

593
594 **III.B.2. Any change/increase in the number of residents, whether permanent or**
595 **temporary, must receive the prior approval of the Review Committee. (Core)**

596
597 **III.B.2.a) Requests/A request for changes/an increase in the resident**
598 **complement of a program must be based on a strong educational**
599 **rationale. (Core)**

600
601 **III.B.2.a).(1) The program must have a status of Continued**
602 **Accreditation to request an increase in the resident**
603 **complement. (Core)**

604
605 **III.B.2.a).(2) The program must demonstrate sufficient clinical volume**
606 **for the increased complement, adequate faculty-to-resident**
607 **ratio, and an appropriate plan for integrating new residents**
608 **into the program. (Core)**

609

610 III.B.2.b) ~~A vacancy in a resident complement, if filled, must be at the same~~
611 ~~level in which the vacancy occurs, unless otherwise approved by~~
612 ~~the Review Committee.~~^(Core)
613

614 **III.C. Resident Transfers**

615
616 **III.C.1. Before accepting a resident who is transferring from another**
617 **program, the program director must obtain written or electronic**
618 **verification of previous educational experiences and a summative**
619 **competency-based performance evaluation of the transferring**
620 **resident.** ^(Detail)
621

622 **III.C.2. A program director must provide timely verification of residency**
623 **education and summative performance evaluations for residents**
624 **who may leave the program prior to completion.** ^(Detail)
625

626 **III.D. Appointment of Fellows and Other Learners**

627
628 **The presence of other learners (including, but not limited to, residents from**
629 **other specialties, subspecialty fellows, PhD students, and nurse**
630 **practitioners) in the program must not interfere with the appointed**
631 **residents' education.** ^(Core)
632

633 **III.D.1. The program director must report the presence of other learners to**
634 **the DIO and GMEC in accordance with sponsoring institution**
635 **guidelines.** ^(Detail)
636

637 **III.D.2. A log that details the operative experience of all fellows (accredited and**
638 **non-accredited) who may impact the core urology residents' experience**
639 **must be maintained and be available for review by the Review Committee**
640 **upon request.** ^(Core)
641

642 ~~III.D.2.a) If a program's residents rotate to a participating site that offers an~~
643 ~~accredited or non-accredited fellowship program, the operative log~~
644 ~~of the fellow(s) at that site must be maintained.~~^(Core)
645

646 **IV. Educational Program**

647
648 **IV.A. The curriculum must contain the following educational components:**

649
650 **IV.A.1. Overall educational goals for the program, which the program must**
651 **make available to residents and faculty;** ^(Core)
652

653 **IV.A.2. Competency-based goals and objectives for each assignment at**
654 **each educational level, which the program must distribute to**
655 **residents and faculty at least annually, in either written or electronic**
656 **form;** ^(Core)
657

658 **IV.A.3. Regularly scheduled didactic sessions;** ^(Core)
659

- 660 IV.A.3.a) The curriculum must include didactic instruction in the core
 661 domains of:
 662
 663 IV.A.3.a).(1) calculus disease; ^(Core)
 664
 665 IV.A.3.a).(2) female pelvic medicine; ^(Core)
 666
 667 IV.A.3.a).(3) geriatric urology; ^(Core)
 668
 669 IV.A.3.a).(4) infertility and sexual dysfunction; ^(Core)
 670
 671 IV.A.3.a).(5) pediatric urology; ^(Core)
 672
 673 IV.A.3.a).(6) reconstruction; ^(Core)
 674
 675 IV.A.3.a).(7) urologic oncology; ~~and,~~ ^(Core)
 676
 677 IV.A.3.a).(8) urologic trauma; ~~and,~~ ^(Core)
 678
 679 IV.A.3.a).(9) voiding dysfunction. ^(Core)
 680

681 **IV.A.4. Delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive**
 682 **responsibility for patient management, and supervision of residents**
 683 **over the continuum of the program; and,** ^(Core)
 684

685 **IV.A.5. ACGME Competencies**

686
 687 **The program must integrate the following ACGME competencies**
 688 **into the curriculum:** ^(Core)
 689

690 **IV.A.5.a) Patient Care and Procedural Skills**

691
 692 **IV.A.5.a).(1) Residents must be able to provide patient care that is**
 693 **compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the**
 694 **treatment of health problems and the promotion of**
 695 **health.** ^(Outcome)
 696

697 **IV.A.5.a).(2) Residents must be able to competently perform all**
 698 **medical, diagnostic and surgical procedures**
 699 **considered essential for the area of practice.**
 700 **Residents:** ^(Outcome)
 701

702 IV.A.5.a).(2).(a) must ~~develop~~ demonstrate competence in providing
 703 direct patient care with increasing levels of
 704 responsibility in patient management as they
 705 advance through the program; ^(Outcome)
 706

707 IV.A.5.a).(2).(b) must, under supervision, demonstrate competence
 708 in providing for the total care of the patient,
 709 including initial evaluation, establishment of
 710 diagnosis, selection of appropriate therapy,

711		providing that therapy, and management of
712		complications; ^(Outcome)
713		
714	IV.A.5.a).(2).(c)	must develop <u>demonstrate</u> competence in providing
715		continuity of patient care through pre-operative and
716		post-operative clinics and inpatient contact; and,
717		^(Outcome)
718		
719	IV.A.5.a).(2).(c).(i)	When residents participate in pre-operative
720		and post-operative care in a clinic or private
721		office setting, the program director must
722		ensure that the resident functions with an
723		appropriate degree of responsibility under
724		supervision. ^(Outcome)
725		
726	IV.A.5.a).(2).(d)	must be given responsibility based
727		upon <u>commensurate with</u> their individual knowledge,
728		problem-solving ability, technical skills, experience,
729		and the severity and complexity of each patient's
730		status.; <u>and,</u> ^(Outcome)
731		
732	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e)	must develop competence in the following core
733		techniques:
734		
735	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e).(i)	endo-urology; ^(Outcome)
736		
737	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e).(ii)	major open flank and pelvic surgery; ^(Outcome)
738		
739	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e).(iii)	microsurgery; ^(Outcome)
740		
741	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e).(iv)	minimally-invasive intra-abdominal and
742		pelvic surgical techniques including,
743		laparoscopy and robotics; ^(Outcome)
744		
745	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e).(v)	perineal and genital surgery; and, ^(Outcome)
746		
747	IV.A.5.a).(2).(e).(vi)	urologic imaging including fluoroscopy,
748		interventional radiology, and ultrasound.
749		^(Outcome)
750		
751	IV.A.5.a).(3)	must demonstrate procedural competence by
752		performing <u>Each graduating resident must perform the</u>
753		minimum number of essential operative cases and case
754		categories as established by the Review Committee. ^(Core)
755		
756	IV.A.5.b)	Medical Knowledge
757		
758		Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and
759		evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-
760		behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this
761		knowledge to patient care. Residents: ^(Outcome)

762		
763	IV.A.5.b).(1)	must develop <u>demonstrate</u> knowledge of the following
764		curricular topics:
765		
766	IV.A.5.b).(1).(a)	bioethics; (Outcome)
767		
768	IV.A.5.b).(1).(b)	biostatistics; (Outcome)
769		
770	IV.A.5.b).(1).(c)	calculus disease; (Outcome)
771		
772	IV.A.5.b).(1).(d)	epidemiology; (Outcome)
773		
774	IV.A.5.b).(1).(e)	evidence-based medicine; (Outcome)
775		
776	IV.A.5.b).(1).(f)	female pelvic medicine; (Outcome)
777		
778	IV.A.5.b).(1).(g)	infectious disease; (Outcome)
779		
780	IV.A.5.b).(1).(h)	infertility and sexual dysfunction; (Outcome)
781		
782	IV.A.5.b).(1).(i)	geriatrics; (Outcome)
783		
784	IV.A.5.b).(1).(j)	medical oncology; (Outcome)
785		
786	IV.A.5.b).(1).(k)	patient safety and quality improvement; (Outcome)
787		
788	IV.A.5.b).(1).(l)	pediatric urology; (Outcome)
789		
790	IV.A.5.b).(1).(m)	plastic surgery; (Outcome)
791		
792	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n)	pre-operative, intra-operative, <u>and</u> post-operative,
793		and, aspects of:
794		
795	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n).(i)	endoscopic-urology; (Outcome)
796		
797	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n).(ii)	major open flank and pelvic surgery; (Outcome)
798		
799	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n).(iii)	microsurgery; (Outcome)
800		
801	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n).(iv)	minimally-invasive intra-abdominal and
802		pelvic surgical techniques, including
803		laparoscopy and robotic surgery; (Outcome)
804		
805	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n).(v)	perineal and genital surgery; and, (Outcome)
806		
807	IV.A.5.b).(1).(n).(vi)	urologic imaging, including fluoroscopy,
808		interventional radiology, and ultrasound.
809		(Outcome)
810		
811	IV.A.5.b).(1).(o)	radiation safety; (Outcome)
812		

813 IV.A.5.b).(1).(p) reconstruction; (Outcome)
 814
 815 IV.A.5.b).(1).(q) renal transplantation; (Outcome)
 816
 817 IV.A.5.b).(1).(r) renovascular disease; (Outcome)
 818
 819 IV.A.5.b).(1).(s) trauma; (Outcome)
 820
 821 IV.A.5.b).(1).(t) urologic oncology; and, (Outcome)
 822
 823 IV.A.5.b).(1).(u) voiding dysfunction. (Outcome)
 824

IV.A.5.c)

Practice-based Learning and Improvement

Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning.
 (Outcome)

Residents are expected to develop skills and habits to be able to meet the following goals:

836 **IV.A.5.c).(1)** identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one’s
 837 knowledge and expertise; (Outcome)
 838
 839 **IV.A.5.c).(2)** set learning and improvement goals; (Outcome)
 840
 841 **IV.A.5.c).(3)** identify and perform appropriate learning activities;
 842 (Outcome)
 843
 844 **IV.A.5.c).(4)** systematically analyze practice using quality
 845 improvement methods, and implement changes with
 846 the goal of practice improvement; (Outcome)
 847
 848 **IV.A.5.c).(5)** incorporate formative evaluation feedback into daily
 849 practice; (Outcome)
 850
 851 **IV.A.5.c).(6)** locate, appraise, and assimilate evidence from
 852 scientific studies related to their patients’ health
 853 problems; (Outcome)
 854
 855 **IV.A.5.c).(7)** use information technology to optimize learning; and,
 856 (Outcome)
 857
 858 **IV.A.5.c).(8)** participate in the education of patients, families,
 859 students, residents and other health professionals.
 860 (Outcome)

IV.A.5.d)

Interpersonal and Communication Skills

863

864 Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and
865 communication skills that result in the effective exchange of
866 information and collaboration with patients, their families,
867 and health professionals. (Outcome)

868
869 Residents are expected to:

870
871 **IV.A.5.d).(1)** communicate effectively with patients, families, and
872 the public, as appropriate, across a broad range of
873 socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds; (Outcome)

874
875 **IV.A.5.d).(2)** communicate effectively with physicians, other health
876 professionals, and health related agencies; (Outcome)

877
878 **IV.A.5.d).(3)** work effectively as a member or leader of a health care
879 team or other professional group; (Outcome)

880
881 **IV.A.5.d).(4)** act in a consultative role to other physicians and
882 health professionals; and, (Outcome)

883
884 **IV.A.5.d).(5)** maintain comprehensive, timely, and legible medical
885 records, if applicable. (Outcome)

886
887 **IV.A.5.e)** Professionalism

888
889 Residents must demonstrate a commitment to carrying out
890 professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical
891 principles. (Outcome)

892
893 Residents are expected to demonstrate:

894
895 **IV.A.5.e).(1)** compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Outcome)

896
897 **IV.A.5.e).(2)** responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-
898 interest; (Outcome)

899
900 **IV.A.5.e).(3)** respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Outcome)

901
902 **IV.A.5.e).(4)** accountability to patients, society and the profession;
903 and, (Outcome)

904
905 **IV.A.5.e).(5)** sensitivity and responsiveness to a diverse patient
906 population, including but not limited to diversity in
907 gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, and
908 sexual orientation. (Outcome)

909
910 **IV.A.5.f)** Systems-based Practice

911
912 Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and
913 responsiveness to the larger context and system of health
914 care, as well as the ability to call effectively on other

915 **resources in the system to provide optimal health care.**
916 (Outcome)

917
918 **Residents are expected to:**

919
920 **IV.A.5.f).(1) work effectively in various health care delivery**
921 **settings and systems relevant to their clinical**
922 **specialty;** (Outcome)

923
924 **IV.A.5.f).(2) coordinate patient care within the health care system**
925 **relevant to their clinical specialty;** (Outcome)

926
927 **IV.A.5.f).(3) incorporate considerations of cost awareness and**
928 **risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-**
929 **based care as appropriate;** (Outcome)

930
931 **IV.A.5.f).(4) advocate for quality patient care and optimal patient**
932 **care systems;** (Outcome)

933
934 **IV.A.5.f).(5) work in interprofessional teams to enhance patient**
935 **safety and improve patient care quality; and,** (Outcome)

936
937 **IV.A.5.f).(6) participate in identifying system errors and**
938 **implementing potential systems solutions.** (Outcome)

939
940 **IV.A.6. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences**

941
942 **IV.A.6.a) The program director must be responsible for the design,**
943 **implementation, and oversight of the Uro-1 (PGY-1) year. The**
944 **Uro-1 year must include:** (Core)

945
946 **IV.A.6.a).(1) at least six months of core surgical education in rotations**
947 **outside of urology designed to foster competence in basic**
948 **surgical skills, the peri-operative care of surgical patients,**
949 **and inter-disciplinary patient care coordination, including:**
950 **(Core)**

951
952 **IV.A.6.a).(1).(a) at least three months of general surgery; and,** (Core)

953
954 **IV.A.6.a).(1).(b) at least three months of additional non-urological**
955 **surgical training.** (Core)

956
957 **IV.A.6.a).(2) at least a four week assignment on each non-urology**
958 **rotation;** (Core)

959
960 **IV.A.6.a).(3) at least three months of urology rotations designed to**
961 **develop competence in basic urological skills, general care**
962 **of the urology patient both in the in-patient and ambulatory**
963 **setting, management of urology patients in the emergency**
964 **department, and a foundation of urology knowledge; and,**
965 **(Core)**

966		
967	IV.A.6.a).(4)	<u>no more than three months total of non-surgical rotations designed to complement urological education-which must be selected from the following: anesthesiology, interventional radiology, and nephrology.</u> ^(Core)
968		
969		
970		
971		
972	IV.A.6.b)	<u>Uro-2 (PGY--2) through Uro-5 (PGY-5) years must include 48 months of education dedicated to didactic, clinical, and surgical urology.</u> ^(Core)
973		
974		
975		
976	IV.A.6.b).(1)	<u>Within the final 24 months of urology education, residents must serve at least 12 months as a chief resident.</u> ^(Core)
977		
978		
979	IV.A.6.b).(1).(a)	The clinical and academic experience as a chief resident should prepare the resident for an independent practice of urology. ^(Detail)
980		
981		
982		
983	IV.A.6.b).(1).(b)	As such, t This chief resident experience should include management of patients with complex urologic disease, advanced procedures, and, with appropriate supervision, a high level of responsibility and independence. ^(Detail)
984		
985		
986		
987		
988		
989	IV.A.6.c)	ensure that the d Didactic conferences <u>must</u> include:
990		
991	IV.A.6.c).(1)	combined-morbidity and mortality-conferences for all participating sites; ^(Core)
992		
993		
994	IV.A.6.c).(2)	urological imaging <u>review</u> conferences; <u>and,</u> ^(Core)
995		
996	IV.A.6.c).(3)	urological pathology conferences; <u>and,</u> ^(Core)
997		
998	IV.A.6.c).(4)	journal review. ^(Core)
999		
1000	IV.A.6.d)	maintain a list of conferences. ^(Core)
1001		
1002	IV.A.6.e)	<u>Didactic C</u> onferences must be well- attended by residents and <u>core</u> faculty members, and the list of conferences must include the date, conference topic, the name of the presenter(s), and the names of the faculty members and residents present for each conference. ^(Core)
1003		
1004		
1005		
1006		
1007		
1008	IV.B.	Residents' Scholarly Activities
1009		
1010	IV.B.1.	The curriculum must advance residents' knowledge of the basic principles of research, including how research is conducted, evaluated, explained to patients, and applied to patient care. ^(Core)
1011		
1012		
1013		
1014	IV.B.2.	Residents should participate in scholarly activity. ^(Core)
1015		

- 1016 IV.B.2.a) A research rotation in the clinical years must not occur during the
1017 Uro-1 or Uro-5 year. Dedicated research time must not exceed six
1018 months in the eligible (Uro-2, Uro-3, and Uro-4) accredited years.
1019 (Core)
1020
1021 IV.B.2.b) ~~Residents must demonstrate scholarly activity, including~~
1022 ~~manuscript preparation, lectures, teaching activities, abstracts,~~
1023 ~~and/or active performance of research or participation in clinical~~
1024 ~~studies and reviews. (Outcome)~~
1025
1026 IV.B.2.c) ~~Research included in the clinical years should not exceed a~~
1027 ~~maximum of six months, and regular clinical duties must be~~
1028 ~~assigned concurrently. (Core)~~
1029
1030 **IV.B.3. The sponsoring institution and program should allocate adequate**
1031 **educational resources to facilitate resident involvement in scholarly**
1032 **activities. (Detail)**
1033
1034 **V. Evaluation**
1035
1036 **V.A. Resident Evaluation**
1037
1038 **V.A.1. The program director must appoint the Clinical Competency**
1039 **Committee. (Core)**
1040
1041 **V.A.1.a) At a minimum the Clinical Competency Committee must be**
1042 **composed of three members of the program faculty. (Core)**
1043
1044 **V.A.1.a).(1) The program director may appoint additional members**
1045 **of the Clinical Competency Committee.**
1046
1047 **V.A.1.a).(1).(a) These additional members must be physician**
1048 **faculty members from the same program or**
1049 **other programs, or other health professionals**
1050 **who have extensive contact and experience**
1051 **with the program’s residents in patient care and**
1052 **other health care settings. (Core)**
1053
1054 **V.A.1.a).(1).(b) Chief residents who have completed core**
1055 **residency programs in their specialty and are**
1056 **eligible for specialty board certification may be**
1057 **members of the Clinical Competency**
1058 **Committee. (Core)**
1059
1060 **V.A.1.a).(2) The Clinical Competency Committee must include at least**
1061 **two core faculty members. (Core)**
1062
1063 **V.A.1.b) There must be a written description of the responsibilities of**
1064 **the Clinical Competency Committee. (Core)**
1065
1066 **V.A.1.b).(1) The Clinical Competency Committee should:**

1067		
1068	V.A.1.b).(1).(a)	review all resident evaluations semi-annually;
1069		<small>(Core)</small>
1070		
1071	V.A.1.b).(1).(b)	prepare and ensure the reporting of Milestones
1072		evaluations of each resident semi-annually to
1073		ACGME; and, <small>(Core)</small>
1074		
1075	V.A.1.b).(1).(c)	advise the program director regarding resident
1076		progress, including promotion, remediation,
1077		and dismissal. <small>(Detail)</small>
1078		
1079	V.A.2.	Formative Evaluation
1080		
1081	V.A.2.a)	The faculty must evaluate resident performance in a timely
1082		manner during each rotation or similar educational
1083		assignment, and document this evaluation at completion of
1084		the assignment. <small>(Core)</small>
1085		
1086	V.A.2.b)	The program must:
1087		
1088	V.A.2.b).(1)	provide objective assessments of competence in
1089		patient care and procedural skills, medical knowledge,
1090		practice-based learning and improvement,
1091		interpersonal and communication skills,
1092		professionalism, and systems-based practice based
1093		on the specialty-specific Milestones; <small>(Core)</small>
1094		
1095	V.A.2.b).(2)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty, peers, patients,
1096		self, and other professional staff); <small>(Detail)</small>
1097		
1098	V.A.2.b).(2).(a)	There must be a minimum of three different
1099		typesources of evaluations. <small>(Detail)</small>
1100		
1101	V.A.2.b).(3)	document progressive resident performance
1102		improvement appropriate to educational level; and,
1103		<small>(Core)</small>
1104		
1105	V.A.2.b).(4)	provide each resident with documented semiannual
1106		evaluation of performance with feedback. <small>(Core)</small>
1107		
1108	V.A.2.c)	The evaluations of resident performance must be accessible
1109		for review by the resident, in accordance with institutional
1110		policy. <small>(Detail)</small>
1111		
1112	V.A.2.d)	Assessment must specifically include monitoring the resident's
1113		medical knowledge by use of a formal examination such as the
1114		American Urological Association In-Service Examination or other
1115		cognitive examinations. <small>(Core)</small>
1116		

1117	V.A.2.d).(1)	Test results must <u>should</u> be assessed annually based on the specialty-specific Milestones and utilized to guide program curriculum and individual resident study plans. (Detail)
1118		
1119		
1120		
1121		
1122	V.A.2.d).(2)	Test results should not be used as the sole criterion of resident knowledge and should not be used as the sole criterion for promotion to a subsequent PG level. (Detail)
1123		
1124		
1125		
1126	V.A.3.	Summative Evaluation
1127		
1128	V.A.3.a)	The specialty-specific Milestones must be used as one of the tools to ensure residents are able to practice core professional activities without supervision upon completion of the program. (Core)
1129		
1130		
1131		
1132		
1133	V.A.3.b)	The program director must provide a summative evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
1134		
1135		
1136		This evaluation must:
1137		
1138	V.A.3.b).(1)	become part of the resident’s permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Detail)
1139		
1140		
1141		
1142		
1143	V.A.3.b).(2)	document the resident’s performance during the final period of education; and, (Detail)
1144		
1145		
1146	V.A.3.b).(3)	verify that the resident has demonstrated sufficient competence to enter practice without direct supervision. (Detail)
1147		
1148		
1149		
1150	V.B.	Faculty Evaluation
1151		
1152	V.B.1.	At least annually, the program must evaluate faculty performance as it relates to the educational program. (Core)
1153		
1154		
1155	V.B.2.	These evaluations should include a review of the faculty’s clinical teaching abilities, commitment to the educational program, clinical knowledge, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Detail)
1156		
1157		
1158		
1159	V.B.3.	This evaluation must include at least annual written confidential evaluations by the residents. (Detail)
1160		
1161		
1162	V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement
1163		
1164	V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee (PEC). (Core)
1165		
1166		
1167	V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee:

1168		
1169	V.C.1.a).(1)	must be composed of at least two program faculty members and should include at least one resident;
1170		<small>(Core)</small>
1171		
1172		
1173	V.C.1.a).(1).(a)	<u>The Program Evaluation Committee must include at least two core faculty members.</u> <small>(Core)</small>
1174		
1175		
1176	V.C.1.a).(2)	must have a written description of its responsibilities;
1177		and, <small>(Core)</small>
1178		
1179	V.C.1.a).(3)	should participate actively in:
1180		
1181	V.C.1.a).(3).(a)	planning, developing, implementing, and evaluating educational activities of the program; <small>(Detail)</small>
1182		
1183		
1184		
1185	V.C.1.a).(3).(b)	reviewing and making recommendations for revision of competency-based curriculum goals and objectives; <small>(Detail)</small>
1186		
1187		
1188		
1189	V.C.1.a).(3).(c)	addressing areas of non-compliance with ACGME standards; and, <small>(Detail)</small>
1190		
1191		
1192	V.C.1.a).(3).(d)	reviewing the program annually using evaluations of faculty, residents, and others, as specified below. <small>(Detail)</small>
1193		
1194		
1195		
1196	V.C.2.	The program, through the PEC, must document formal, systematic evaluation of the curriculum at least annually, and is responsible for rendering a written, annual program evaluation. <small>(Core)</small>
1197		
1198		
1199		
1200		The program must monitor and track each of the following areas:
1201		
1202	V.C.2.a)	resident performance; <small>(Core)</small>
1203		
1204	V.C.2.b)	faculty development; <small>(Core)</small>
1205		
1206	V.C.2.c)	graduate performance, including performance of program graduates on the certification examination; <small>(Core)</small>
1207		
1208		
1209	V.C.2.c).(1)	At least 80 percent of the program's graduates from the preceding three years who take either the American Board of Urology Qualifying Examination or the American Board of Osteopathic Surgery-Urological Surgery written qualifying examination for the first time must pass. <small>(Outcome)</small>
1210		
1211		
1212		
1213		
1214		
1215	V.C.2.c).(2)	The results of residents' annual objective tests (such as the In-service Examination and the Qualifying Examination) must be included in the assessment of the strengths and weaknesses of the program. <small>(Detail)</small>
1216		
1217		
1218		

1219		
1220	V.C.2.d)	program quality; and, ^(Core)
1221		
1222	V.C.2.d).(1)	Residents and faculty must have the opportunity to
1223		evaluate the program confidentially and in writing at
1224		least annually, and ^(Detail)
1225		
1226	V.C.2.d).(2)	The program must use the results of residents' and
1227		faculty members' assessments of the program
1228		together with other program evaluation results to
1229		improve the program. ^(Detail)
1230		
1231	V.C.2.e)	progress on the previous year's action plan(s). ^(Core)
1232		
1233	V.C.3.	The PEC must prepare a written plan of action to document
1234		initiatives to improve performance in one or more of the areas listed
1235		in section V.C.2., as well as delineate how they will be measured and
1236		monitored. ^(Core)
1237		
1238	V.C.3.a)	The action plan should be reviewed and approved by the
1239		teaching faculty and documented in meeting minutes. ^(Detail)
1240		
1241	VI.	The Learning and Working Environment
1242		
1243		<i>Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working</i>
1244		<i>environment that emphasizes the following principles:</i>
1245		
1246		• <i>Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents</i>
1247		<i>today</i>
1248		
1249		• <i>Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's</i>
1250		<i>residents in their future practice</i>
1251		
1252		• <i>Excellence in professionalism through faculty modeling of:</i>
1253		
1254		○ <i>the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that supports</i>
1255		<i>the professional development of physicians</i>
1256		
1257		○ <i>the joy of curiosity, problem-solving, intellectual rigor, and discovery</i>
1258		
1259		• <i>Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and</i>
1260		<i>all members of the health care team</i>
1261		
1262	VI.A.	Patient Safety, Quality Improvement, Supervision, and Accountability
1263		
1264	VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement
1265		
1266		<i>All physicians share responsibility for promoting patient safety and</i>
1267		<i>enhancing quality of patient care. Graduate medical education must</i>
1268		<i>prepare residents to provide the highest level of clinical care with</i>

1269 *continuous focus on the safety, individual needs, and humanity of*
1270 *their patients. It is the right of each patient to be cared for by*
1271 *residents who are appropriately supervised; possess the requisite*
1272 *knowledge, skills, and abilities; understand the limits of their*
1273 *knowledge and experience; and seek assistance as required to*
1274 *provide optimal patient care.*

1275
1276 *Residents must demonstrate the ability to analyze the care they*
1277 *provide, understand their roles within health care teams, and play an*
1278 *active role in system improvement processes. Graduating residents*
1279 *will apply these skills to critique their future unsupervised practice*
1280 *and effect quality improvement measures.*

1281
1282 *It is necessary for residents and faculty members to consistently*
1283 *work in a well-coordinated manner with other health care*
1284 *professionals to achieve organizational patient safety goals.*

1285
1286 **VI.A.1.a) Patient Safety**

1287
1288 **VI.A.1.a).(1) Culture of Safety**

1289
1290 *A culture of safety requires continuous identification*
1291 *of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently*
1292 *deal with them. An effective organization has formal*
1293 *mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and*
1294 *attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to*
1295 *identify areas for improvement.*

1296
1297 **VI.A.1.a).(1).(a) The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows**
1298 **must actively participate in patient safety**
1299 **systems and contribute to a culture of safety.**
1300 (Core)

1301
1302 **VI.A.1.a).(1).(b) The program must have a structure that**
1303 **promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based**
1304 **care.** (Core)

1305
1306 **VI.A.1.a).(2) Education on Patient Safety**

1307
1308 **Programs must provide formal educational activities**
1309 **that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and**
1310 **techniques.** (Core)

1311
1312 **VI.A.1.a).(3) Patient Safety Events**

1313
1314 *Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of adverse*
1315 *events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal*
1316 *mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are*
1317 *essential for the success of any patient safety*
1318 *program. Feedback and experiential learning are*
1319 *essential to developing true competence in the ability*

1320 *to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-*
1321 *based changes to ameliorate patient safety*
1322 *vulnerabilities.*

1324 VI.A.1.a).(3).(a) Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other
1325 clinical staff members must:

1326
1327 VI.A.1.a).(3).(a).(i) know their responsibilities in reporting
1328 patient safety events at the clinical site;
1329 (Core)

1330
1331 VI.A.1.a).(3).(a).(ii) know how to report patient safety
1332 events, including near misses, at the
1333 clinical site; and, (Core)

1334
1335 VI.A.1.a).(3).(a).(iii) be provided with summary information
1336 of their institution's patient safety
1337 reports. (Core)

1338
1339 VI.A.1.a).(3).(b) Residents must participate as team members in
1340 real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical
1341 patient safety activities, such as root cause
1342 analyses or other activities that include
1343 analysis, as well as formulation and
1344 implementation of actions. (Core)

1345
1346 VI.A.1.a).(4) Resident Education and Experience in Disclosure of
1347 Adverse Events

1348
1349 *Patient-centered care requires patients, and when*
1350 *appropriate families, to be apprised of clinical*
1351 *situations that affect them, including adverse events.*
1352 *This is an important skill for faculty physicians to*
1353 *model, and for residents to develop and apply.*

1354
1355 VI.A.1.a).(4).(a) All residents must receive training in how to
1356 disclose adverse events to patients and
1357 families. (Core)

1358
1359 VI.A.1.a).(4).(b) Residents should have the opportunity to
1360 participate in the disclosure of patient safety
1361 events, real or simulated. (Detail)

1362
1363 VI.A.1.b) Quality Improvement

1364
1365 VI.A.1.b).(1) Education in Quality Improvement

1366
1367 *A cohesive model of health care includes quality-*
1368 *related goals, tools, and techniques that are necessary*
1369 *in order for health care professionals to achieve*
1370 *quality improvement goals.*

1371		
1372	VI.A.1.b).(1).(a)	Residents must receive training and experience in quality improvement processes, including an understanding of health care disparities. ^(Core)
1373		
1374		
1375		
1376	VI.A.1.b).(2)	Quality Metrics
1377		
1378		<i>Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.</i>
1379		
1380		
1381		
1382	VI.A.1.b).(2).(a)	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. ^(Core)
1383		
1384		
1385		
1386	VI.A.1.b).(3)	Engagement in Quality Improvement Activities
1387		
1388		<i>Experiential learning is essential to developing the ability to identify and institute sustainable systems-based changes to improve patient care.</i>
1389		
1390		
1391		
1392	VI.A.1.b).(3).(a)	Residents must have the opportunity to participate in interprofessional quality improvement activities. ^(Core)
1393		
1394		
1395		
1396	VI.A.1.b).(3).(a).(i)	This should include activities aimed at reducing health care disparities. ^(Detail)
1397		
1398		
1399	VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability
1400		
1401	VI.A.2.a)	<i>Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.</i>
1402		
1403		
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1409		
1410		<i>Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.</i>
1411		
1412		
1413		
1414		
1415		
1416	VI.A.2.a).(1)	Each patient must have an identifiable and appropriately-credentialed and privileged attending physician (or licensed independent practitioner as specified by the applicable Review Committee) who is responsible and accountable for the patient's care. ^(Core)
1417		
1418		
1419		
1420		
1421		

1422		
1423	VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
1424		
1425		
1426		
1427	VI.A.2.a).(1).(b)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)
1428		
1429		
1430		
1431		
1432	VI.A.2.a).(1).(c)	The Review Committee recognizes only physician faculty members as appropriate faculty supervisors for residents. (Core)
1433		
1434		
1435		
1436	VI.A.2.b)	<i>Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods. For many aspects of patient care, the supervising physician may be a more advanced resident or fellow. Other portions of care provided by the resident can be adequately supervised by the immediate availability of the supervising faculty member, fellow, or senior resident physician, either on site or by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities. Some activities require the physical presence of the supervising faculty member. In some circumstances, supervision may include post-hoc review of resident-delivered care with feedback.</i>
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1448	VI.A.2.b).(1)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
1449		
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1455	VI.A.2.c)	Levels of Supervision
1456		
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1460		
1461	VI.A.2.c).(1)	Direct Supervision – the supervising physician is physically present with the resident and patient. (Core)
1462		
1463		
1464	VI.A.2.c).(2)	Indirect Supervision:
1465		
1466	VI.A.2.c).(2).(a)	with Direct Supervision immediately available – the supervising physician is physically within the hospital or other site of patient care, and is immediately available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core)
1467		
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1471		

1472	VI.A.2.c).(2).(b)	with Direct Supervision available – the supervising physician is not physically present within the hospital or other site of patient care, but is immediately available by means of telephonic and/or electronic modalities, and is available to provide Direct Supervision. (Core)
1473		
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1479	VI.A.2.c).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered. (Core)
1480		
1481		
1482		
1483	VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
1484		
1485		
1486		
1487		
1488	VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident’s abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
1489		
1490		
1491		
1492	VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)
1493		
1494		
1495		
1496		
1497	VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
1498		
1499		
1500		
1501		
1502		
1503	VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
1504		
1505		
1506		
1507	VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
1508		
1509		
1510		
1511		
1512	VI.A.2.e).(1).(a)	Initially, PGY-1 residents must be supervised either directly, or indirectly with direct supervision immediately available. (Core)
1513		
1514		
1515		
1516	VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
1517		
1518		
1519		
1520		
1521	VI.B. Professionalism	
1522		

- 1523 **VI.B.1.** **Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must**
 1524 **educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional**
 1525 **responsibilities of physicians, including their obligation to be**
 1526 **appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their**
 1527 **patients.** ^(Core)
 1528
- 1529 **VI.B.2.** **The learning objectives of the program must:**
 1530
- 1531 **VI.B.2.a)** **be accomplished through an appropriate blend of supervised**
 1532 **patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic**
 1533 **educational events;** ^(Core)
 1534
- 1535 **VI.B.2.b)** **be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to**
 1536 **fulfill non-physician obligations; and,** ^(Core)
 1537
- 1538 **VI.B.2.c)** **ensure manageable patient care responsibilities.** ^(Core)
 1539
- 1540 **VI.B.3.** **The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution,**
 1541 **must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient**
 1542 **safety and personal responsibility.** ^(Core)
 1543
- 1544 **VI.B.4.** **Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding**
 1545 **of their personal role in the:**
 1546
- 1547 **VI.B.4.a)** **provision of patient- and family-centered care;** ^(Outcome)
 1548
- 1549 **VI.B.4.b)** **safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care,**
 1550 **including the ability to report unsafe conditions and adverse**
 1551 **events;** ^(Outcome)
 1552
- 1553 **VI.B.4.c)** **assurance of their fitness for work, including:** ^(Outcome)
 1554
- 1555 **VI.B.4.c).(1)** **management of their time before, during, and after**
 1556 **clinical assignments; and,** ^(Outcome)
 1557
- 1558 **VI.B.4.c).(2)** **recognition of impairment, including from illness,**
 1559 **fatigue, and substance use, in themselves, their peers,**
 1560 **and other members of the health care team.** ^(Outcome)
 1561
- 1562 **VI.B.4.d)** **commitment to lifelong learning;** ^(Outcome)
 1563
- 1564 **VI.B.4.e)** **monitoring of their patient care performance improvement**
 1565 **indicators; and,** ^(Outcome)
 1566
- 1567 **VI.B.4.f)** **accurate reporting of clinical and educational work hours,**
 1568 **patient outcomes, and clinical experience data.** ^(Outcome)
 1569
- 1570 **VI.B.5.** **All residents and faculty members must demonstrate**
 1571 **responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest. This**
 1572 **includes the recognition that under certain circumstances, the best**

- 1573 interests of the patient may be served by transitioning that patient's
 1574 care to another qualified and rested provider. ^(Outcome)
 1575
- 1576 **VI.B.6.** Programs must provide a professional, respectful, and civil
 1577 environment that is free from mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of
 1578 students, residents, faculty, and staff. Programs, in partnership with
 1579 their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education
 1580 of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a
 1581 confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing
 1582 such concerns. ^(Core)
 1583
- 1584 **VI.C. Well-Being**
 1585
 1586 *In the current health care environment, residents and faculty members are*
 1587 *at increased risk for burnout and depression. Psychological, emotional,*
 1588 *and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent,*
 1589 *caring, and resilient physician. Self-care is an important component of*
 1590 *professionalism; it is also a skill that must be learned and nurtured in the*
 1591 *context of other aspects of residency training. Programs, in partnership*
 1592 *with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address*
 1593 *well-being as they do to evaluate other aspects of resident competence.*
 1594
- 1595 **VI.C.1. This responsibility must include:**
 1596
- 1597 **VI.C.1.a)** efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the
 1598 experience of being a physician, including protecting time
 1599 with patients, minimizing non-physician obligations,
 1600 providing administrative support, promoting progressive
 1601 autonomy and flexibility, and enhancing professional
 1602 relationships; ^(Core)
 1603
- 1604 **VI.C.1.b)** attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work
 1605 compression that impacts resident well-being; ^(Core)
 1606
- 1607 **VI.C.1.c)** evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of
 1608 residents and faculty members; ^(Core)
 1609
- 1610 **VI.C.1.d)** policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and
 1611 faculty member well-being; and, ^(Core)
 1612
- 1613 **VI.C.1.d).(1)** Residents must be given the opportunity to attend
 1614 medical, mental health, and dental care appointments,
 1615 including those scheduled during their working hours.
 1616 ^(Core)
 1617
- 1618 **VI.C.1.e)** attention to resident and faculty member burnout,
 1619 depression, and substance abuse. The program, in
 1620 partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must educate
 1621 faculty members and residents in identification of the
 1622 symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance abuse,
 1623 including means to assist those who experience these

1624		conditions. Residents and faculty members must also be
1625		educated to recognize those symptoms in themselves and
1626		how to seek appropriate care. The program, in partnership
1627		with its Sponsoring Institution, must: ^(Core)
1628		
1629	VI.C.1.e).(1)	encourage residents and faculty members to alert the
1630		program director or other designated personnel or
1631		programs when they are concerned that another
1632		resident, fellow, or faculty member may be displaying
1633		signs of burnout, depression, substance abuse,
1634		suicidal ideation, or potential for violence; ^(Core)
1635		
1636	VI.C.1.e).(2)	provide access to appropriate tools for self-screening;
1637		and, ^(Core)
1638		
1639	VI.C.1.e).(3)	provide access to confidential, affordable mental
1640		health assessment, counseling, and treatment,
1641		including access to urgent and emergent care 24
1642		hours a day, seven days a week. ^(Core)
1643		
1644	VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend
1645		work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, and family
1646		emergencies. Each program must have policies and procedures in
1647		place that ensure coverage of patient care in the event that a
1648		resident may be unable to perform their patient care responsibilities.
1649		These policies must be implemented without fear of negative
1650		consequences for the resident who is unable to provide the clinical
1651		work. ^(Core)
1652		
1653	VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation
1654		
1655	VI.D.1.	Programs must:
1656		
1657	VI.D.1.a)	educate all faculty members and residents to recognize the
1658		signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation; ^(Core)
1659		
1660	VI.D.1.b)	educate all faculty members and residents in alertness
1661		management and fatigue mitigation processes; and, ^(Core)
1662		
1663	VI.D.1.c)	encourage residents to use fatigue mitigation processes to
1664		manage the potential negative effects of fatigue on patient
1665		care and learning. ^(Detail)
1666		
1667	VI.D.2.	Each program must ensure continuity of patient care, consistent
1668		with the program's policies and procedures referenced in VI.C.2, in
1669		the event that a resident may be unable to perform their patient care
1670		responsibilities due to excessive fatigue. ^(Core)
1671		
1672	VI.D.3.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must
1673		ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for
1674		residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. ^(Core)

1675		
1676	VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care
1677		
1678	VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities
1679		
1680		The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
1681		
1682		
1683		
1684	VI.E.1.a)	The program director must establish <u>written</u> guidelines for the assignment of clinical responsibilities by the PGY level, including clinic volume, on-call frequency and back-up requirements, and the appropriate role in surgical procedures. (Core)
1685		
1686		
1687		
1688		
1689	VI.E.2.	Teamwork
1690		
1691		Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication. This must include the opportunity to work as a member of effective interprofessional teams that are appropriate to the delivery of care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)
1692		
1693		
1694		
1695		
1696	VI.E.2.a)	Each resident must have the opportunity to interact with nurses, other specialists, social workers, and mid-level <u>other health care</u> providers. (Core)
1697		
1698		
1699		
1700	VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care
1701		
1702	VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
1703		
1704		
1705		
1706	VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-over processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
1707		
1708		
1709		
1710		
1711	VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-over process. (Outcome)
1712		
1713		
1714		
1715	VI.E.3.d)	Programs and clinical sites must maintain and communicate schedules of attending physicians and residents currently responsible for care. (Core)
1716		
1717		
1718		
1719	VI.E.3.e)	Each program must ensure continuity of patient care, consistent with the program's policies and procedures referenced in VI.C.2, in the event that a resident may be unable to perform their patient care responsibilities due to excessive fatigue or illness, or family emergency. (Core)
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1725	VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education

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Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.

VI.F.1. Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week

Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in-house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. ^(Core)

VI.F.2. Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education

VI.F.2.a) The program must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal well-being. ^(Core)

VI.F.2.b) Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. ^(Detail)

VI.F.2.b).(1) There may be circumstances when residents choose to stay to care for their patients or return to the hospital with fewer than eight hours free of clinical experience and education. This must occur within the context of the 80-hour and the one-day-off-in-seven requirements. ^(Detail)

VI.F.2.c) Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. ^(Core)

VI.F.2.d) Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). At-home call cannot be assigned on these free days. ^(Core)

VI.F.3. Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length

VI.F.3.a) Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. ^(Core)

VI.F.3.a).(1) Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. ^(Core)

VI.F.3.a).(1).(a) Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. ^(Core)

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1778	VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions
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1780	VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances:
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1785	VI.F.4.a).(1)	to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; <small>(Detail)</small>
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1788	VI.F.4.a).(2)	humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or family; or, <small>(Detail)</small>
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1791	VI.F.4.a).(3)	to attend unique educational events. <small>(Detail)</small>
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1793	VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education will be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. <small>(Detail)</small>
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1796	VI.F.4.c)	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
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1802		The Review Committee for Urology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.
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1804	VI.F.4.c).(1)	In preparing a request for an exception, the program director must follow the clinical and educational work hour exception policy from the <i>ACGME Manual of Policies and Procedures.</i> <small>(Core)</small>
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1809	VI.F.4.c).(2)	Prior to submitting the request to the Review Committee, the program director must obtain approval from the Sponsoring Institution's GMEC and DIO. <small>(Core)</small>
1810		
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1813	VI.F.5.	Moonlighting
1814		
1815	VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. <small>(Core)</small>
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1820	VI.F.5.b)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. <small>(Core)</small>
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1823		
1824	VI.F.5.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. <small>(Core)</small>
1825		
1826	VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float
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1828 **Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-**
1829 **day-off-in-seven requirements.** ^(Core)
1830
1831 VI.F.6.a) Residents cannot be assigned more than eight weeks of night
1832 float per year. ^(Detail)
1833
1834 VI.F.6.b) ~~Night float rotations must not exceed 16 weeks total during the~~
1835 ~~URO-1 and URO-2 years.~~ ^(Detail)
1836
1837 **VI.F.7. Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency**
1838
1839 **Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently**
1840 **than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period).** ^(Core)
1841
1842 **VI.F.8. At-Home Call**
1843
1844 **VI.F.8.a) Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home**
1845 **call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit.**
1846 **The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-**
1847 **third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one**
1848 **day in seven free of clinical work and education, when**
1849 **averaged over four weeks.** ^(Core)
1850
1851 **VI.F.8.a).(1) At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to**
1852 **preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each**
1853 **resident.** ^(Core)
1854
1855 **VI.F.8.b) Residents are permitted to return to the hospital while on at-**
1856 **home call to provide direct care for new or established**
1857 **patients. These hours of inpatient patient care must be**
1858 **included in the 80-hour maximum weekly limit.** ^(Detail)
1859
1860 ***
1861
1862 ***Core Requirements:** Statements that define structure, resource, or process elements essential to every
1863 graduate medical educational program.
1864 **Detail Requirements:** Statements that describe a specific structure, resource, or process, for achieving
1865 compliance with a Core Requirement. Programs and sponsoring institutions in substantial compliance
1866 with the Outcome Requirements may utilize alternative or innovative approaches to meet Core
1867 Requirements.
1868 **Outcome Requirements:** Statements that specify expected measurable or observable attributes
1869 (knowledge, abilities, skills, or attitudes) of residents or fellows at key stages of their graduate medical
1870 education.
1871
1872 **Osteopathic Recognition**
1873 For programs seeking Osteopathic Recognition for the entire program, or for a track within the program,
1874 the Osteopathic Recognition Requirements are also applicable. (http://www.acgme.org/Portals/0/PFAssets/ProgramRequirements/Osteopathic_Recogniton_Requirements.pdf)
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