Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.	[None]	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice patterns established during graduate medical education persist many years later.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.
	Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.	[None] - (Continued)	Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all members of the health care team.
,	Definition of Specialty Accredited programs in dermatology provide educational and practical experiences that result in delivery of superior specialized care to patients with	[None]	Definition of Specialty Accredited programs in dermatology provide educational and practical experiences that result in delivery of superior specialized care to patients with diseases of the skin, hair, nails, and mucous membranes.

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number		Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Length of Educational Program		Leaveth of Educational Decumen
Int C	The educational program in dermetalogy must be 26 months in length (Care)	4.4	Length of Educational Program The educational program in dermetalogy must be 36 months in length (Core)
Int.C.	The educational program in dermatology must be 36 months in length. (Core) Oversight	4.1. Section 1	The educational program in dermatology must be 36 months in length. (Core) Section 1: Oversight
1.	Oversignt	Section 1	Section 1. Oversignt
	Sponsoring Institution		
	The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.		Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements.
I.A.	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
I.A.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution.	1.1.	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring Institution.
I.B.	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.	[None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents.
I.B.1.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.2.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1.3.	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)	The PLA must:	[None]	
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)
I.B.3.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment at all participating sites. (Core)
	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director.	1.5.	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director. (Core)
	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through	1.6.	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
I.B.5.	Required rotations to participating sites that are geographically distant from the Sponsoring Institution must offer educational opportunities not available locally that significantly augment residents' overall educational experience. (Detail)	1.6.a.	Required rotations to participating sites that are geographically distant from the Sponsoring Institution must offer educational opportunities not available locally that significantly augment residents' overall educational experience. (Detail)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Troquiromont ruminor	rtoquiionic Languago	Troquiromont Itamibor	Troquironione Lunguago
	Rotational experiences occurring outside of the Sponsoring Institution should		Rotational experiences occurring outside of the Sponsoring Institution should
	occur with a clear educational rationale that does not place learning or resident		occur with a clear educational rationale that does not place learning or resident
I.B.6.	well-being at risk as a result of significant or burdensome daily travel or transit time to reach the clinical education site. (Detail)	1.6.b.	well-being at risk as a result of significant or burdensome daily travel or transit time to reach the clinical education site. (Detail)
	Workforce Recruitment and Retention		Workforce Recruitment and Retention
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage
	in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if		in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if
	present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and		present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and
I.C.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core) Resources
			The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		Resources The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
I.D.1.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
	The program must provide equipment for taking and reviewing clinical		The program must provide equipment for taking and reviewing clinical
	photographs, as well as for viewing educational materials, including portable digital cameras, a microscope with image capture system, a digital image filing		photographs, as well as for viewing educational materials, including portable digital cameras, a microscope with image capture system, a digital image filing
	and retrieval system, a laptop computer and digital projector, and a viewing		and retrieval system, a laptop computer and digital projector, and a viewing
I.D.1.a)	room with a projection screen. (Detail)	1.8.a.	room with a projection screen. (Detail)
I.D.1.b)	There must be adequate space available for didactic conferences. (Detail)	1.8.b.	There must be adequate space available for didactic conferences. (Detail) There must be a sufficient number of adult and pediatric patients to ensure
	There must be a sufficient number of adult and pediatric patients to ensure adequate exposure to and education in medical, pediatric, surgical, and		adequate exposure to and education in medical, pediatric, surgical, and
	procedural dermatology as evidenced by residents reaching graduate-level	4.0	procedural dermatology as evidenced by residents reaching graduate-level
I.D.1.c)	milestones by the end of the educational program. (Core) There must be a sufficient number of dermatopathology specimens available to	1.8.c.	milestones by the end of the educational program. (Core) There must be a sufficient number of dermatopathology specimens available to
	and reviewed by residents to ensure adequate exposure to and education in		and reviewed by residents to ensure adequate exposure to and education in
I.D.1.d)	dermatopathology. (Core)	1.8.d.	dermatopathology. (Core)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote resident
I.D.2.	resident well-being and provide for:	1.9.	well-being and provide for:
I.D.2.a)	access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9.a.	access to food while on duty; (Core)
I.D.2.b)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
1.0.2.0)	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,	1.3.0.	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,
I.D.2.c)	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,	404	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and,
I.D.2.d)	(Core) accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the	1.9.d.	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the
I.D.2.e)	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Poquiroment Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Poquiroment Language
I.D.3.	Requirement Language Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	Requirement Language Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text capabilities. (Core)
1.0.3.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel	1.10.	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
I.E.	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows, and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the appointed residents' education. (Core)
II.	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
II.A.1.	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)	2.1.	Program Director There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program		The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program
	director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical		director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical
II.A.1.a)	appointment. (Core)	2.2.	appointment. (Core)
II.A.1.a).(1)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)	2.2.a.	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.1.b)	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)	2.3.	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program stability. (Core)
II.A.2.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program	2.4.	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team, must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
	Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with the dedicated minimum time specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core) Number of Approved Resident Positions: 12 or fewer Minimum FTE Required: 0.2		Program leadership, in aggregate, must be provided with the dedicated minimum time specified below for administration of the program. This may be time spent by the program director only or divided between the program director and one or more associate (or assistant) program directors. (Core) Number of Approved Resident Positions: 12 or fewer Minimum FTE Required: 0.2
II.A.2.a)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 13-18 Minimum FTE Required: 0.3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 19 or more Minimum FTE Required: 0.4	2.4.a.	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 13-18 Minimum FTE Required: 0.3 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 19 or more Minimum FTE Required: 0.4
II.A.2.a).(1)	The appointed term of an interim director should not exceed six months. (Core) If the temporary absence is eight weeks or longer, the Review Committee must	2.4.b.	The appointed term of an interim director should not exceed six months. (Core) If the temporary absence is eight weeks or longer, the Review Committee must
II.A.2.a).(2)	be notified via ADS. (Core)	2.4.c.	be notified via ADS. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
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II.A.2.a).(3)	The interim director must be a full-time faculty member, with current certification by the American Board of Dermatology, or by the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology, with at least three years of experience educating dermatology residents or fellows. (Core)	2.4.d.	The interim director must be a full-time faculty member, with current certification by the American Board of Dermatology, or by the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology, with at least three years of experience educating dermatology residents or fellows. (Core)
			Qualifications of the Program Director
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.5.	The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.a)	must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core)	2.5.	Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Dermatology or by the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; and, (Core)	2.5.a.	The program director must possess current certification in the specialty for which they are the program director by the American Board of Dermatology or by the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.c)	must include ongoing clinical activity. (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
II.A.3.d)	must include a minimum of one year of documented experience serving as a core faculty member for an ACGME-accredited dermatology program, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.5.c.	The program director must demonstrate a minimum of one year of documented experience serving as a core faculty member for an ACGME-accredited dermatology program, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.4.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)	2.6.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a)	The program director must:	[None]	
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.6.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.6.c.	The program director must administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.6.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.6.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the	2.6.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
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II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.6.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(8)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident; (Core)	2.6.h.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.6.i.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(10)	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program; and, (Core)	2.6.j.	The program director must document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(11)	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the resident's request, within 30 days; and (Core)	2.6.k.	The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)
	Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.		Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population.
II.B.	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.	[None]	Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety. Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.
n.o.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to		There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to
II.B.1.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)	2.7.	instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
II.B.2.	Faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.2.a)	. , ,	2.8.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
II.B.2.b)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number		Requirement Number	
	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including		Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of
	devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their		residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to
II.B.2.c)	supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to		Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational
II.B.2.d)		2.8.c.	environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal		Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical
II.B.2.e)		2.8.d.	discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least		Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance
II.B.2.f)		2.8.e.	their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)
	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety;		in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety;
II.B.2.f).(2)		2.8.e.2.	(Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement		in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement
II.B.2.f).(4)	efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	efforts. (Detail)
			Faculty Qualifications
			Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
			Faculty Qualifications
	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and		Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and
II.B.3.a)	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	2.10.	
			Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty
	have current certification in the specialty by the American Board of		by the American Board of Dermatology or the American Osteopathic Board
	Dermatology or the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology or possess		of Dermatology or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review
II.B.3.b).(1)	qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.10.	Committee. (Core)
	Physician faculty members directing resident education in dermatopathology		Physician faculty members directing resident education in dermatopathology
	should have subspecialty certification in dermatopathology by the American		should have subspecialty certification in dermatopathology by the American
	Board of Dermatology, or the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology.		Board of Dermatology, or the American Osteopathic Board of Dermatology.
II.B.3.b).(1).(a)	(Core)	2.10.a.	(Core)
	Physician faculty members directing resident education in dermatologic surgery		Physician faculty members directing resident education in dermatologic surgery
II.B.3.b).(1).(b)	1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	2.10.b.	should have advanced fellowship education in procedural dermatology. (Core)
	Core Faculty		
	dore i acuity		Core Faculty
	Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and		Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and
	supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their		supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their
	entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a		entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a
	component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative		component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative
II.B.4.		2.11.	feedback to residents. (Core)
	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.		Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a)		2.11.a.	(Core)
,	There should be a core faculty member-to-resident ratio of at least one-to-three.		There should be a core faculty member-to-resident ratio of at least one-to-three.
II.B.4.b)	•	2.11.b.	(Core)
,	,		Program Coordinator
	Program Coordinator	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	·
II C 4	There must be a pregram accordinator (Cara)	2.42	Program Coordinator There must be a program accordinator (Core)
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and		The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and
II C 2	support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size	2.42.0	support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
II.C.2.	and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	and configuration. (Core)
	At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)		At a minimum, the program coordinator must be provided with the dedicated time and support specified below for administration of the program: (Core)
	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-20 Minimum FTE Required: 0.5		
II.C.2.a)	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 21 or more Minimum FTE Required: 1	2.12.b.	Number of Approved Resident Positions: 1-20 Minimum FTE Required: 0.5 Number of Approved Resident Positions: 21 or more Minimum FTE Required: 1
	Other Program Personnel		Other Program Personnel
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective
II.D.	administration of the program. (Core)	2.13.	administration of the program. (Core)
	The Sponsoring Institution must ensure the availability of adequate clerical, clinical, and nursing personnel to ensure that residents' duties principally encompass the diagnosis and treatment of patients, and not duties which are		The Sponsoring Institution must ensure the availability of adequate clerical, clinical, and nursing personnel to ensure that residents' duties principally encompass the diagnosis and treatment of patients, and not duties which are
II.D.1.	primarily clerical or nursing in nature. (Core)	2.13.a.	primarily clerical or nursing in nature. (Core)
III.	Resident Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Resident Appointments
II.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	Eligibility Requirements An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
111.71.		0.2.	Eligibility Requirements
III.A.1.	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
III.A.1.a)	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	• holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(2)	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	• holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)	3.3.	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
III.A.2.a).(1)	Prior to appointment in the program, residents must have successfully completed a broad-based clinical year (PGY-1) in an emergency medicine, family medicine, general surgery, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, or transitional year program accredited by the ACGME, or in such a	3.3.a.1.	Prior to appointment in the program, residents must have successfully completed a broad-based clinical year (PGY-1) in an emergency medicine, family medicine, general surgery, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, pediatrics, or transitional year program accredited by the ACGME, or in such a program that satisfies the requirements in 3.3. (Core)
III.A.2.a).(1).(a)	During the broad-based clinical year (PGY-1), elective rotations in dermatology must not exceed a total of two months. (Core)	3.3.a.1.a.	During the broad-based clinical year (PGY-1), elective rotations in dermatology must not exceed a total of two months. (Core)
III.B.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)
III.C.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)

Roman Numeral	5	Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Educational Program		Section 4: Educational Program
	The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.		The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program.
	The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.		The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care.
IV.	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physicianscientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
	Educational Components		Educational Components
IV.A.1.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components: a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2. 4.2.a.	The curriculum must contain the following educational components: a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.2.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.3.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)
IV.A.4.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core) Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core
IV.A.4.a)	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	didactic activities. (Core)
IV.A.5.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each specialty.
IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.

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Poquiroment Language		Poquiroment Language
Requirement Language	Requirement Number	
Professionalism		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an
Fiolessionalism		adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an		dunierence to etinical principles. (Oore)
<u> </u>	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism
		Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an
		adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
		responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
		cultural humility; (Core)
		respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)
	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but		respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but
		not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities,
·	4.3.t.	national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
	4.2 ~	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and
	4.3.g.	professional well-being; and, (Core)
	4 2 h	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest.
		(Core)
Fatient Care and Procedural Skins	[None]	ACOME Commission Potions Comm
Posidents must be able to provide nationt care that is nationt, and family		ACGME Competencies – Patient Care Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the
	4.4.	treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
production of modulin production of modulin (co.c)		
		Residents are expected to demonstrate the ability to manage patients in a variety of roles within a health system, with progressive responsibility, to include
		serving as the principal provider, continuity provider, the leader or member of a
		multi-disciplinary team of providers, a consultant to other physicians, and a
Residents are expected to demonstrate the ability to manage patients:	4.4.a.	teacher to the patient and other physicians. (Core)
		Residents are expected to demonstrate the ability to manage patients in a
in a variety of roles within a health system, with progressive responsibility, to		variety of roles within a health system, with progressive responsibility, to include
include serving as the principal provider, continuity provider, the leader or		serving as the principal provider, continuity provider, the leader or member of a
member of a multi-disciplinary team of providers, a consultant to other		multi-disciplinary team of providers, a consultant to other physicians, and a
physicians, and a teacher to the patient and other physicians. (Core)	4.4.a.	teacher to the patient and other physicians. (Core)
		ACOME Communication - Proceedings CUIII
Posidents must be able to perform all medical diagnostic and accessed		ACGME Competencies – Procedural Skills
<u> </u>	4 5	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
	7.0.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Residents must demonstrate competence in skin biopsy techniques, including local anesthesia and regional blocks, destruction of benign and malignant
		tumors, excision of benign and malignant tumors, and closures of surgical
		defects using layered repairs, in patients of all ages, with attention to the
chronologic and developmental age of the patient. (Core)	4.5.a.	chronologic and developmental age of the patient. (Core)
	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core) responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core) cultural humility; (Core) respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core) accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core) respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core) ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core) appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core) Patient Care and Procedural Skills Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core) Residents are expected to demonstrate the ability to manage patients: in a variety of roles within a health system, with progressive responsibility, to include serving as the principal provider, continuity provider, the leader or member of a multi-disciplinary team of providers, a consultant to other physicians, and a teacher to the patient and other physicians. (Core) Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core) Residents must demonstrate competence in skin biopsy techniques, including local anesthesia and regional blocks, destruction of benign and malignant tumors, excision of benign and malignant tumors, excision of benign and malignant tumors, and closures of surgical defects using layered repairs, in patients of all ages, with attention to the	Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core) 4.3. Residents must demonstrate competence in: compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core) 4.3.a. responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core) cultural humility; (Core) 4.3.c. respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core) 4.3.d. accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core) 4.3.d. accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core) 4.3.d. accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core) 4.3.f. respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, national origin, sociecoconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core) ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and professional well-being; and, (Core) 4.3.f. appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest. (Core) 4.3.n. Patient Care and Procedural Skills [None] Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core) 4.4. Residents are expected to demonstrate the ability to manage patients: 4.4.a. Residents are expected to demonstrate the ability to manage patients: 4.4.a. Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core) 4.5. Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core) 4.5. Residents must demonstrate competence in skin biopsy techniques, including local anesthesia and regional blocks, destruction of benign and malignant tumors, excision of benign and malignant tumors, excision of benign and malignant tumors, excision of benign and malignant tumors are considered essential for t

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
•	Residents must gain competence through direct clinical experiences in the	- toquiromone trambor	Residents must gain competence through direct clinical experiences in the
	application and interpretation of patch test procedures, and in counseling		application and interpretation of patch test procedures, and in counseling
	patients on the results. (Core)	4.5.b.	patients on the results. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in collecting material for and		Residents must demonstrate competence in collecting material for and
	interpreting in-office microscopic studies, including KOH, Tzanck smear,		interpreting in-office microscopic studies, including KOH, Tzanck smear, scabies
I.A.1.a).(1).(c)	scabies prep, etc. (Core)	4.5.c.	prep, etc. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in dermoscopic evaluation of skin		Residents must demonstrate competence in dermoscopic evaluation of skin
I.A.1.a).(1).(d)	lesions. (Core)	4.5.d.	lesions. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in ordering and interpreting results of	4.5.0	Residents must demonstrate competence in ordering and interpreting results of
I.A.1.a).(1).(e)		4.5.e.	dermatology-relevant serologic testing. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in the use of and		Residents must demonstrate competence in the use of and
	indications/contraindications for photomedicine, phototherapy, and topical/systemic pharmacologic therapies in all age groups, including infants		indications/contraindications for photomedicine, phototherapy, and topical/systemic pharmacologic therapies in all age groups, including infants and
I.A.1.a).(1).(f)		4.5.f.	young children. (Core)
· · · · · ·	Medical Knowledge		ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge
	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving		Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving
	biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences,		biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences,
	including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to		including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to
IV.B.1.c)	patient care. (Core)	4.6.	patient care. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of pathophysiology		Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of pathophysiology
	and diagnosis and management of complex medical dermatologic conditions in		and diagnosis and management of complex medical dermatologic conditions in
I.A.1.a).(1)	, ,	4.6.a.	both adults and children. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of risks and		Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of risks and
	benefits of commonly used dermatologic therapies in infants and children compared to the risks and benefits of those therapies when used in adults.		benefits of commonly used dermatologic therapies in infants and children compared to the risks and benefits of those therapies when used in adults.
I.A.1.a).(2)	(Core)	4.6.b.	(Core)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Residents must demonstrate competence in the knowledge of diseases specific	1.0.5.	Residents must demonstrate competence in the knowledge of diseases specific
	to pediatric patients, to include neonatal disorders, congenital neoplasms and		to pediatric patients, to include neonatal disorders, congenital neoplasms and
	hamartomas, cutaneous signs of child abuse, and cutaneous manifestations of		hamartomas, cutaneous signs of child abuse, and cutaneous manifestations of
		4.6.c.	inherited and sporadic multisystem diseases. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of proper techniques for botulinum		Residents must demonstrate knowledge of proper techniques for botulinum toxin
	toxin injections, soft tissue augmentation, repairs of cutaneous surgical defects		injections, soft tissue augmentation, repairs of cutaneous surgical defects using
	using flaps and grafts, and the use of light, laser, and other energy-based		flaps and grafts, and the use of light, laser, and other energy-based modalities
I.A.1.a).(4)	modalities for skin conditions. (Core)	4.6.d.	for skin conditions. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of indications and contraindications for,		Residents must demonstrate knowledge of indications and contraindications for,
	and complications and basic techniques of elective cosmetic dermatology		and complications and basic techniques of elective cosmetic dermatology
	procedures, to include chemical peels, dermabrasion, hair transplants, invasive	4.6.0	procedures, to include chemical peels, dermabrasion, hair transplants, invasive
I.A.1.a).(5)		4.6.e.	vein therapies, liposuction, scar revision, and sclerotherapy. (Core) Residents must have didactic instruction for these topics, but neither
I.A.1.a).(5).(a)	Residents must have didactic instruction for these topics, but neither performance of these procedures nor direct observation is required. (Detail)	4.6.e.1.	performance of these procedures nor direct observation is required. (Detail)
1.7 \. 1.\aj.\\oj.\\aj	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of the	1.0.0.1.	perfermance of those procedures for an out observation to required. (Detail)
	interpretation of molecular diagnostic tests and direct immunofluorescence		Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of the interpretation
I.A.1.a).(6)	·	4.6.f.	of molecular diagnostic tests and direct immunofluorescence specimens. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Practice-based Learning and Improvement		ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement
	Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their		Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their
	care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to		care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to
	continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and		continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and
V.B.1.d)	lifelong learning; (Core)	4.7.	lifelong learning. (Core)
V.B.1.d).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
	identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and		Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths,
V.B.1.d).(1).(a)	expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and
V.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	improvement goals. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing
V.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	appropriate learning activities. (Core)
-7(7(-7	San	-	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing
	systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods,		practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at
	including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and		reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal
V.B.1.d).(1).(d)	implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement; (Core)	4.7.d.	of practice improvement. (Core)
1121114/1(1/1(4/	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and,		Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and
V.B.1.d).(1).(e)	(Core)	4.7.e.	formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)
11.51.11.41.(1).(0)			Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and
	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies		assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients'
V.B.1.d).(1).(f)	related to their patients' health problems. (Core)	4.7.f.	health problems. (Core)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Interpersonal and Communication Skills		ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills
	Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that		Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that
	result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with		result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with
IV.B.1.e)	patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)	4.8.	patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in	[None]	
V.D. 1.0).(1)	·	[NOTIC]	Pasidanta must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively
	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as		Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range
	appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances,		of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language
	cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage		capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide
V D 4 a) (4) (a)	interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each	400	appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
V.B.1.e).(1).(a)	patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	
			Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively
N/D 4 \ \ /4\ //\	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals,	4.0.1	with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies.
V.B.1.e).(1).(b)	and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	(Core)
MD 4 - 1 (4) ()	working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other	40-	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a
V.B.1.e).(1).(c)	professional group; (Core)	4.8.c.	member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
NA	educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other		Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients'
V.B.1.e).(1).(d)	health professionals; (Core)	4.8.d.	families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals;		Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role to
V.B.1.e).(1).(e)	(Core)	4.8.e.	other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if		Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive,
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	applicable. (Core)	4.8.f.	timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
I.A.1.a).(1).(a)	counseling patients regarding their disease and treatment options, and providing appropriate anticipatory guidance to parents and, as age-appropriate, to children, regarding chronic disorders, genodermatoses, and congenital	4.0.1	Residents must demonstrate competence in counseling patients regarding their disease and treatment options, and providing appropriate anticipatory guidance to parents and, as age-appropriate, to children, regarding chronic disorders,
	cutaneous anomalies. (Core)	4.8.h.	genodermatoses, and congenital cutaneous anomalies. (Core)
	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
14.0.1.0).(2)		4.0.g.	dippropriate, end-or-me godis. (oore)
	Systems-based Practice Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on		ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on
	l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.9.	other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)	coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
	advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems;	4.9.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions; (Core)	4.9.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core)
	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate;(Core)	4.9.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions; and, (Core)	4.9.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)	4.9.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)
IV.B.1.f).(2)	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals,	4.9.h.	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			4.10. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
			4.11. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	4.12. Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)	4.10.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and high-quality assessment and feedback. (Core)	4.10.a.	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and high-quality assessment and feedback. (Core)
	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows residents to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together longitudinally with shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)	4.10.b.	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows residents to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together longitudinally with shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)
	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences – Pain Management: The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
	Instruction must include pain assessment and management relevant to dermatology, including appropriate use of local anesthesia and post-procedural analgesics, and recognition of the signs of substance use disorder and drugseeking behavior. (Core)	4.12.a.	Instruction must include pain assessment and management relevant to dermatology, including appropriate use of local anesthesia and post-procedural analgesics, and recognition of the signs of substance use disorder and drugseeking behavior. (Core)
	A resident's time throughout each year of the program must be related to the direct care of outpatients and inpatients, to include clinical conferences and didactic lectures related to patient care, consultations, inpatient rounds, and other subspecialty rotations concerning dermatology. (Core)	4.11.a.	A resident's time throughout each year of the program must be related to the direct care of outpatients and inpatients, to include clinical conferences and didactic lectures related to patient care, consultations, inpatient rounds, and other subspecialty rotations concerning dermatology. (Core)

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Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	The clinical experience must include:	4.11.b.	The clinical experience must include:
	consultations, inpatient rounds, dermatologic surgery, dermatopathology, pediatric dermatology, and other dermatology-related subspecialty experiences; and, (Core)	4.11.b.1.	consultations, inpatient rounds, dermatologic surgery, dermatopathology, pediatric dermatology, and other dermatology-related subspecialty experiences; and, (Core)
	significant exposure to other procedures, either through direct observation or as an assistant in Mohs micrographic surgery, and reconstruction of these defects, to include flaps and grafts, and the application of a wide range of lasers and other energy sources. (Core)	4.11.b.2.	significant exposure to other procedures, either through direct observation or as an assistant in Mohs micrographic surgery, and reconstruction of these defects, to include flaps and grafts, and the application of a wide range of lasers and other energy sources. (Core)
	Residents must have experiences in medical dermatology, procedural dermatology, dermatopathology, and pediatric dermatology, including: (Core)	4.11.c.	Residents must have experiences in medical dermatology, procedural dermatology, dermatopathology, and pediatric dermatology, including: (Core)
	following a core group of individual patients throughout the majority of the program in a minimum of a once-monthly continuity of care clinic setting, as well as in follow-up of inpatients and patients seen as consults or during night or weekend call; (Core)	4.11.c.1.	following a core group of individual patients throughout the majority of the program in a minimum of a once-monthly continuity of care clinic setting, as well as in follow-up of inpatients and patients seen as consults or during night or weekend call; (Core)
	medical dermatology encounters with patients having primary skin disease, to include immunobullous diseases, contact dermatitis, connective tissue diseases, congenital skin diseases, skin cancer, and infectious diseases, as well as medically-complicated patients displaying dermatologic manifestations of systemic disease or therapy; (Core)	4.11.c.2.	medical dermatology encounters with patients having primary skin disease, to include immunobullous diseases, contact dermatitis, connective tissue diseases, congenital skin diseases, skin cancer, and infectious diseases, as well as medically-complicated patients displaying dermatologic manifestations of systemic disease or therapy; (Core)
IV.C.5.c)	pediatric dermatology encounters in diagnosing and managing infants and children with neonatal skin disorders, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, blistering disorders, disorders of hair and nails, skin infections (fungal, bacterial, and viral), vascular tumors and malformations, congenital and acquired pigmented lesions and other hamartomas, cutaneous signs of child abuse, and cutaneous manifestations of multisystem diseases; (Core) providing consultations for neonatal and pediatric inpatients; (Core)	4.11.c.3. 4.11.c.4.	pediatric dermatology encounters in diagnosing and managing infants and children with neonatal skin disorders, atopic dermatitis, psoriasis, blistering disorders, disorders of hair and nails, skin infections (fungal, bacterial, and viral), vascular tumors and malformations, congenital and acquired pigmented lesions and other hamartomas, cutaneous signs of child abuse, and cutaneous manifestations of multisystem diseases; (Core) providing consultations for neonatal and pediatric inpatients; (Core)

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Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
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	exposure to procedures, either through direct observation or as an assistant at		exposure to procedures, either through direct observation or as an assistant at
	surgery, including Mohs surgery with encounters in micrographic surgery, and		surgery, including Mohs surgery with encounters in micrographic surgery, and
	reconstruction of these defects, to include the use of flaps and grafts, the		reconstruction of these defects, to include the use of flaps and grafts, the
n	application of a wide range of lasers and other energy sources, botulinum toxin		application of a wide range of lasers and other energy sources, botulinum toxin
IV.C.5.e)		4.11.c.5.	injections, and soft tissue procedural dermatology; and, (Core)
IV.C.5.f)	dermatopathology encounters with routinely stained histologic sections from the full spectrum of dermatologic disease. (Core)	4.11.c.6.	dermatopathology encounters with routinely stained histologic sections from the full spectrum of dermatologic disease. (Core)
10.0.3.1)	A portion of this exposure must occur in an active faculty-run sign-out setting	4.11.6.0.	A portion of this exposure must occur in an active faculty-run sign-out setting
IV.C.5.f).(1)		4.11.c.6.a.	and with the use of study sets. (Core)
, ()	Each resident must record all required procedures and medical/surgical cases		Each resident must record all required procedures and medical/surgical cases in
	in the ACGME Case Log System, and ensure that the data entered is accurate		the ACGME Case Log System, and ensure that the data entered is accurate and
IV.C.6.	and complete for all 36 months of the program. (Core)	4.11.d.	complete for all 36 months of the program. (Core)
	There should be a well-organized course of instruction in the basic sciences		There should be a well-organized course of instruction in the basic sciences
11/07	related to medical dermatology, surgical and aesthetic dermatology,	4.44 -	related to medical dermatology, surgical and aesthetic dermatology,
IV.C.7.	dermatopathology, and pediatric dermatology. (Core) The curriculum should contain instruction dedicated to ethical behavior and	4.11.e.	dermatopathology, and pediatric dermatology. (Core) The curriculum should contain instruction dedicated to ethical behavior and
IV.C.8.		4.11.f.	professionalism aspects of medicine. (Core)
1110.01	Didactic sessions should include lectures, conferences, seminars,		Didactic sessions should include lectures, conferences, seminars,
	demonstrations, clinical education rounds, book and journal reviews, patient		demonstrations, clinical education rounds, book and journal reviews, patient
IV.C.9.	case reviews, and histologic slide review. (Core)	4.11.g.	case reviews, and histologic slide review. (Core)
	The majority of conference education for residents, including didactics, should		The majority of conference education for residents, including didactics, should
	occur within the program, with a clear faculty commitment. Attendance at other		occur within the program, with a clear faculty commitment. Attendance at other
	accredited programs' conferences, which may be appropriate to augment the		accredited programs' conferences, which may be appropriate to augment the
IV.C.9.a)	conference education of residents, should be supplemental, with outsourcing of faculty member-led conferences not to exceed 25 percent of the total. (Detail)	4.11.g.1.	conference education of residents, should be supplemental, with outsourcing of faculty member-led conferences not to exceed 25 percent of the total. (Detail)
11.0.0.0,	Topics relating to cosmetic techniques, including liposuction, scar revision, laser		Topics relating to cosmetic techniques, including liposuction, scar revision, laser
	resurfacing, hair transplants, and invasive vein therapies, must be included in		resurfacing, hair transplants, and invasive vein therapies, must be included in
IV.C.9.b)	1	4.11.g.2.	didactic sessions. (Core)
	Interpretation of direct immunofluorescence specimens must be included in		Interpretation of direct immunofluorescence specimens must be included in
IV.C.9.c)	didactic sessions. (Core)	4.11.g.3.	didactic sessions. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.		Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching.
	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical	[None]	The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	Program Responsibilities The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)
			Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
			 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or
IV.D.2.	Faculty Scholarly Activity	4.14.	 electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core)
	 Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants 		Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants
	 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or 		 Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or
IV.D.2.a)	 electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education 	4.14.	 electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards Innovations in education
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b)	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods: • faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality
	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor;		improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(1)		4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
			• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
IV.D.2.b).(2)	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)	4.14.a.	peer-reviewed publication. (Outcome)
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a)		4.15.	Resident Scholarly Activity Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(1)	Basic science and clinical investigation must be included in the educational experience of residents. (Core)	4.15.a.	Basic science and clinical investigation must be included in the educational experience of residents. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(1).(a)	All residents should participate or have education regarding basic science and/or clinical research during the program. (Core)	4.15.a.1.	All residents should participate or have education regarding basic science and/or clinical research during the program. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(2)	Residents must be provided protected time and funding to attend at least one national meeting during the program. (Core)	4.15.b.	Residents must be provided protected time and funding to attend at least one national meeting during the program. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(3)	Residents must prepare oral or poster presentations, or manuscripts suitable for publication in peer-reviewed journals. (Core)	4.15.c.	Residents must prepare oral or poster presentations, or manuscripts suitable for publication in peer-reviewed journals. (Core)
	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.a)	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b)	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment.	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1.b.	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(1).(a)	Review of resident Case Logs must be a part of the semiannual review. (Detail)	5.1.c.1.	Review of resident Case Logs must be a part of the semiannual review. (Detail)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
V.A.1.f).	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	upon completion of the program. (Core) Resident Evaluation:
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(1)	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.a.	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	The quantum and gange		Clinical Competency Committee
	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program		A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program
V.A.3.	director. (Core)	5.3.	director. (Core)
	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three		At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three
	members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty		members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty
V.A.3.a)	` '	5.3.a.	member. (Core)
	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or		Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or
V A 2 a) (4)	other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact	5 2 h	other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact
V.A.3.a).(1)	1 0 ,	5.3.b. [None]	and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-		The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's
V.A.3.b).(2)	. •	5.3.d.	progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
, , ,			The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents' semi-
	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the		annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each
V.A.3.b).(3)	program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	resident's progress. (Core)
			Faculty Evaluation
			The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's
			performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually.
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	(Core)
			Faculty Evaluation
	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's		The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's
V.B.1.	performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.D. I.		5.4.	,
	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation		This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation
	in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical		in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical
V.B.1.a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5.4.a.	performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
,	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential		This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential
V.B.1.b)		5.4.b.	evaluations by the residents. (Core)
	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least		Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least
V.B.2.	annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	annually. (Core)
	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into		Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into
V.B.3.	program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
			Program Evaluation and Improvement
			The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to
V C	Drawan Evaluation and Insurance at	<i>E E</i>	conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the
V.C.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
	The program director must experint the Dresser Fusion Committee to		Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to
	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the		The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the
V.C.1.		5.5.	program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two		The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two
	program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,		program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member,
V.C.1.a)		5.5.a.	and at least one resident. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	
	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward		Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the
V.C.1.b).(1)	meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)
V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
V.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate. The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to		Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate. The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to
V.C.3.	take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.
V.C.3.a)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	1 0 0
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.c.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)
	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier.		Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)
V.C.3.f)	(Core)	5.6.e.	condition board-engible residents that graduated seven years earlier.
			Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	The Learning and Working Environment		The Learning and Working Environment
	Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.		[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
	Culture of Safety		
VI.A.1.a).(1)	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in		The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
·	Patient Safety Events	Trequirement Number	Nequirement Language
VI.A.1.a).(2)	Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must:	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and, (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
			Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.		Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care.
VI.A.2.a)	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
VI.A.2.b)	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the resident during	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in VI.A.2.b).(1).(a). (Core)	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	i v
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VIII LIO	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.	0.0.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members.
VI.A.2.d)	(Core)	6.9.	(Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(3)	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
VI.A.2.e)	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
VI.A.2.f)	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.1.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	
	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-		The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without
VI.B.2.a)	physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)

Roman Numeral		Reformatted	
Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must		The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must
	provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and		provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and
VI.B.3.		6.12.d.	personal responsibility. (Core)
	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of		Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of
	their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their		their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their
	care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events.		care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events.
VI.B.4.	(Core)	6.12.e.	(Core)
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide
	a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is		a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is
	psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other		psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other
	forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students,		forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students,
VI.B.5.	residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)	6.12.f.	residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a
	process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional		process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional
	behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and		behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and
VI.B.6.	addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	addressing such concerns. (Core)
	Well-Being		
			Well-Being
	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the		Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the
	development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require		development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require
	proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being		proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being
	requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other		requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other
	members of the health care team are important components of		members of the health care team are important components of
	professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and		professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and
	nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training.		nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training.
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	Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression.		Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression.
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same
	same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident		responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident
	competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share		competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share
	responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a		responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a
	clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and		clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and
\/I C	prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive	[None]	prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive
VI.C.		[None]	throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
VI.O. I.	,	0.13.	· ·
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
v 1. O. 1. a)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents	J. 10.a.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents
VI.C.1.b)		6.13.b.	and faculty members; (Core)
T	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty	J. 10.D.	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty
VI.C.1.c)		6.13.c.	member well-being; and, (Core)
11.0.1.0)	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health,	0.10.0.	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health,
	and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their		and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their
VI.C.1.c).(1)		6.13.c.1.	working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	C , ,	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
• 1. 0 . 1. 4 <i>j</i>	Tadadation of residents and ractity members in.	J. 10.4.	Journal of residents and lacuity members in.

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)
VI.C.1.e)	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment, counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)
VI.C.2.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)	6.14.	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient care responsibilities. (Core)
	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure		The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure
VI.C.2.a)		6.14.a.	coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core)
VI.C.2.b)	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)	6.14.b.	These policies must be implemented without fear of negative consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical work. (Core)
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.1.	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)	6.15.	Fatigue Mitigation Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
VI.D.2.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)	6.16.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
VI.E.1.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	Clinical Responsibilities The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
VI.E.1.a)	Assuming that the severity and complexity of illnesses or conditions and available support services are comparable for the patients cared for by residents at each level of education, then PGY-2 residents are expected to carry a clinical case load equal to at least 50 percent of that of PGY-4 residents, and PGY-3 residents are expected to carry a clinical case load equal to at least 75 percent of that of PGY-4 residents. (Detail)	6.17.a.	Assuming that the severity and complexity of illnesses or conditions and available support services are comparable for the patients cared for by residents at each level of education, then PGY-2 residents are expected to carry a clinical case load equal to at least 50 percent of that of PGY-4 residents, and PGY-3 residents are expected to carry a clinical case load equal to at least 75 percent of that of PGY-4 residents. (Detail)
VI.E.2.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	Teamwork Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)

Roman Numeral Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
\(\(\(\(\) \)	Programs must maintain a process that results in referral of patients from a broad group of specialty areas outside of dermatology. Residents must be an integral part of the care of these referred patients, and must play key roles in diagnostic work-up, treatment decisions, measurement of treatment outcomes, and the communication and coordination of these activities with program faculty	0.40	Programs must maintain a process that results in referral of patients from a broad group of specialty areas outside of dermatology. Residents must be an integral part of the care of these referred patients, and must play key roles in diagnostic work-up, treatment decisions, measurement of treatment outcomes, and the communication and coordination of these activities with program faculty
VI.E.2.a)	and referring sources. (Detail)	6.18.a.	and referring sources. (Detail) Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Transitions of Care Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
VI.E.3.b)	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)	6.19.a.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
VI.E.3.c)	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating	6.19.b.	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail) Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core) Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of	6.21.a.	after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core) Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of
VI.F.2.c)	clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.		A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale.
VI.F.4.c)	The Review Committee for Dermatology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.	6.24.	The Review Committee for Dermatology will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour		Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour
VI.F.5.b)		6.25.a.	maximum weekly limit. (Core)
VI.F.5.c)	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)	6.25.b.	PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
VI.F.6.		6.26.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in- seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)

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VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of athome call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)	6.28.a.	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)