Case Log Information: Obstetrics and Gynecology
Review Committee for Obstetrics and Gynecology

The ACGME Case Log System provides a critical summary of residents’ procedural activity during their residency program. This guide is provided to help facilitate uniform and accurate logging. Program leadership is expected to review residents’ Case Logs on a regular basis to ensure residents are consistently and correctly recording their cases. At a minimum, this review must take place twice a year during the semi-annual evaluation of resident performance.

Accurate logging affects programs and residents in these ways:

- Case Log data of program graduates play a major role in the Review Committee’s accreditation decisions as to whether the program offers residents adequate procedural experience.

- Case Log data play an important role in assessment, feedback, and increased responsibility for residents to ensure they have the experiences needed to progress to autonomous practice.

- Hospitals and practices may request graduated residents’ Case Log reports as data elements for hiring, granting privileges, and/or other employment processes.

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Obstetrics and Gynecology Minimum Numbers

The Review Committee has defined procedural categories required for resident education in obstetrics and gynecology. The table below outlines the minimum procedural experiences programs are required to provide residents. The Review Committee uses Case Logs to assess resident experience, as well as the breadth and depth of a program’s procedural education and training.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spontaneous vaginal delivery</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cesarean delivery</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operative vaginal delivery</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obstetric ultrasound</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abdominal hysterectomy</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vaginal hysterectomy</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laparoscopic hysterectomy</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total hysterectomy (includes abdominal, vaginal, and laparoscopic hysterectomies)</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incontinence and pelvic floor procedure (excludes cystoscopy)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cystoscopy</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laparoscopy</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hysteroscopy</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abortion</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transvaginal ultrasound</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surgery for invasive cancer</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Obstetric ultrasound includes fetal biometry performed at over 14 weeks gestation.

Notes
- Minimum numbers represent what the Review Committee believes to be an acceptable minimal experience. Minimum numbers are not a final target number and achievement of the minima does not signify competence.
- Program directors must ensure residents continue to report procedures in the Case Log System even after the minimum number of any procedure is achieved.
- Programs are considered compliant with procedural requirements if all graduating residents in a program achieve the minimum number in each category.
- Minimum counts include the roles of Surgeon and Teaching Assistant. See below for more information regarding these roles.
Resident Roles

When residents enter a case into the ACGME Case Log System, they must indicate their major role in the case.

Assistant
To be recorded as the Assistant, a resident must be scrubbed in, actively participate in the case, and perform less that 50 percent of the procedure or greater than or equal to 50 percent, but not the key portion(s) of the procedure.

Surgeon
To be recorded as the Surgeon, a resident must perform greater than or equal to 50 percent of the procedure, including the key portion(s) of the procedure. Two residents may enter the Surgeon role if they each complete one side of the same bilateral procedure, each is involved in 50 percent of the procedure, and each equally participates in key portions of the procedure.

Teaching Assistant
To be recorded as the Teaching Assistant, a PGY-3 or -4 resident must instruct and assist a more junior resident through a procedure. The more junior resident must function as the Surgeon and perform greater than or equal to 50 percent of the procedure, including the key portions. The attending surgeon must function as Assistant or Observer. Read the next section for details on the Teaching Assistant role.

Notes
- The roles of Surgeon and Teaching Assistant are given credit toward the required minimum procedural counts.
- No more than two residents may receive credit towards the minimum requirements for a single procedure. When the role criteria outlined above are met, one resident may receive credit as Surgeon and another as Teaching Assistant or two residents may each receive credit as Surgeon.
Teaching Assistants

One goal of residency is to enable graduates to serve as effective supervisors and educators. To help achieve this goal, PGY-3 and -4 residents will receive case credit toward the minimum when acting as Teaching Assistant to a more junior resident.

- To be recorded as Teaching Assistant in the Case Log System, a PGY-3 or -4 resident must instruct and assist a more junior resident through a procedure. The more junior resident must function as Surgeon and perform greater than or equal to 50 percent of the procedure, including the key portions. The attending faculty member must function as Assistant or Observer.

- A PGY-3 resident may act as Teaching Assistant to PGY-1 and -2 residents. A PGY-4 resident may act as a teaching assistant to PGY-1-3 residents.

- PGY-3 and -4 residents may use the Teaching Assistant role only after the program director has endorsed their readiness to be a Teaching Assistant for a given procedure. Decisions regarding PGY-3 and -4 eligibility should rely on direct observation and assessment using explicit criteria.

- Programs should develop a process for determining resident readiness to be a Teaching Assistant. The Review Committee has developed a sample endorsement form available at the end of this document.

Example

A PGY-3 resident is supervised by a PGY-4 resident for a total abdominal hysterectomy. The PGY-3 resident can log the case as Surgeon if the PGY-3 resident performs at least 50 percent of the case, and the PGY-4 resident can log the case as Teaching Assistant if the PGY-4 resident guided the PGY-3 resident through the key elements of the case. Both residents will get credit for the case towards the minimum requirements, as long as the program director has previously endorsed the PGY-4 resident’s competence to be a Teaching Assistant for abdominal hysterectomy.

If the PGY-4 resident performs greater than 50 percent of the procedure, the PGY-4 resident would log the case as Surgeon and the PGY-3 resident would log the case as Assistant. In this scenario, only the PGY-4 resident would receive credit towards the minimum requirements.

If the PGY-4 and -3 residents both perform 50 percent of the procedure and participate equally in the key portions, both would log the case as Surgeon and both would receive credit towards the minimum requirements.
Case Logs 101

Key Points

• Residents must be conscientious and thorough about recording cases. Case Logs should reflect the hard work a resident has done in the educational program. Residents should take credit for what they have performed and code cases appropriately. Residents should pay special attention to cases which may require additional documentation when applying for privileges after graduation, such as for cystoscopy, laser, and robotic surgery.

• Coding cases for the ACGME is not the same as coding for billing.

• While residents can log any active CPT code in the ACGME Case Log System, only some CPT codes for obstetrics and gynecology are “tracked” in Case Logs. Of the tracked CPT codes, a subset are “mapped” to a required minimum (i.e., give credit towards a minimum category). The CPT code information in the Case Log System indicates if the code is tracked, and if tracked, which minimum category(ies) will receive credit. Examples:

  o CPT code tracked in the Case Log System and credit given to a minimum category:

    ![CPT code tracked example]

  o CPT code tracked in the Case Log System, but no credit given to a minimum category:

    ![CPT code tracked example]

  o CPT code not tracked in the Case Log System and no credit given to a minimum category:

    ![CPT code not tracked example]

Non-tracked CPT codes can be entered into the system and will be stored in a resident’s Case Log record. Data for non-tracked codes can be reviewed using the Code Summary Report.
Information about which CPT codes are tracked and give credit to the minimum categories can be found in the Tracked Codes Report (ADS > Case Log > Reports > Tracked Codes Report).

- The **same** CPT code may appear in the Case Log System more than once representing different minimum Case Log mappings. For example, there are 14 versions of CPT code 59400 in the system. The code will give credit to one or two of the following minimum categories depending on which version is added: Spontaneous Vaginal Delivery; Operative Vaginal Delivery; and/or Cesarean Delivery. Prior to adding a case, residents should review which minimum category(ies) are specified to ensure the correct version of the CPT code is chosen. This is determined in the “Min Cat” area of the CPT description as shown in three examples for CPT code 59400:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CPT Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Minimum Category</th>
<th>Add</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>59400</td>
<td>Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care</td>
<td>Twins: both vacuum</td>
<td>Add</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59400</td>
<td>Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care</td>
<td>Twins: 1 vaginal and 1 cesarean</td>
<td>Add</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59400</td>
<td>Routine obstetric care including antepartum care, vaginal delivery (with or without episiotomy, and/or forceps) and postpartum care</td>
<td>Twins: 1 forceps and 1 cesarean</td>
<td>Add</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Residents should take advantage of templates and favorites to make logging easier:
  - The use of the **template** allows a resident to save preselected responses to many of the required fields in the Case Log System, including: Case Year; Role; Site; Attending; and Patient Type. All fields do not need to be completed to save a template. Saving a template allows residents to quickly log cases that share similar characteristics. CPT codes cannot be saved to a template. Each resident may save up to 10 templates.
  - Creating a **Favorite** list is helpful to access and add codes for procedures that are performed frequently or to avoid having to search again for previously located CPT codes. All residents have access to Favorite lists for obstetrics and gynecology (“Specialty 220” in the system) and their program. Residents can create additional lists. When searching for a CPT code, a yellow star can be seen next to each individual code under the “Fav” column. Clicking on the yellow star will open an additional window allowing the user to add the CPT code to an existing Favorite list or create a new Favorite list. Favorite lists can be accessed by clicking on the “Favorites” tab towards the bottom of the Case Log screen. After clicking this tab, a drop-down menu is viewable with previously created lists. When a CPT code is added to a case from a Favorite list, residents should double check the minimum category(ies) prior to clicking the green submit button to **ensure the correct version of the CPT code was chosen**. See below for additional information on managing Favorite lists.
There is a Case Log app for iPhone and Android users. Search for it in the App Store or Google Play Store by entering "ACGME Case Logs." The app is only available for residents.
Adding a Case

Enter all known information into each of the available fields in the Case Log System. Starred (*) fields are required.

• Case ID
  o The Case ID is a unique identifier for each case that does not contain patient identifiable information.
  o The Case ID does not need to be a unique code generated by the hospital, such as a medical record number.
  o Residents can choose to have the Case ID appear on generated reports and, as such, could represent a patient privacy concern. An example of an alternative Case ID is combining a patient’s birthdate and initials.

• Role
  o Select whether the case was performed by the resident in the role of Surgeon, Assistant, or Teaching Assistant. See page 3 of this document for role definitions.

• Patient Type
  o This drop-down allows residents to identify if a surgery was performed for the diagnosis of invasive cancer. This is a required minimum category and is not captured by CPT codes.

• Adding a CPT Code
  o CPT codes that capture all performed procedures for the selected role should be added to the case. These codes can be selected from three different tabs toward the bottom of the Case Log screen: Favorites; Area/Type/Code; and Minimum Category.
    • The Favorites tab facilitates finding common CPT codes. Favorite lists include top codes for the program, top codes for obstetrics and gynecology (“Specialty 220” in the system) and, any Favorite list created by the resident. When a CPT code is added to a case from a Favorite list, residents should double check the minimum categories to ensure the correct version of the CPT code was chosen. See key points earlier in the document for how to create a Favorite list.
    • The Area/Type/Code tab can be used to view categories and their respective procedures.
      • The Area drop-down menu includes a list of categories, such as “Abdominal Hysterectomy” and “Cesarean Deliveries.” The Type drop-down menu allows for further specification. After selecting these options, click “Search” for a list of
all cases within that procedural domain. A procedure is added to the resident’s Case Log by selecting “Add.”

- In the **Code or Keyword** search bar, residents can type in the exact CPT code of the procedure or a select keyword used to describe the case performed. For example, typing “58570” will directly find a case corresponding to “Laparoscopy, surgical, with total hysterectomy, for uterus 250 g or less;” entering the keyword “hysterectomy” will generate a list of the CPT codes that contain the word hysterectomy.

  - The **Minimum Category** tab will bring up a drop-down menu with all the minimum categories. Selecting one of these categories and then clicking “Search” will bring up a list of all of the possible codes that can be used for credit toward a particular minimum category.

    o Residents can indicate a procedure was performed robotically by checking the “Robotic” checkbox under the CPT code description. Only procedures that can be performed robotically have this option. Tracking this information can be important for being granted privileges to perform robotic-assisted cases after completion of residency.

- **Comments**

  o This field is optional and allows a resident to record more information than is required by the ACGME, such as notes the resident would like to track for personal use, like data for board case list preparation. Do not include identifiable patient information like name or Social Security Number. With the exception of the Case Detail Report, comments are not included in reports.
Incontinence and Pelvic Floor Procedures

Logging incontinence and pelvic floor procedures can be challenging because many cases include more than one incontinence and pelvic floor procedure and/or are performed with a hysterectomy. To ensure proper credit is given for each procedure towards the required minimums, residents must ensure the correct CPT codes are chosen.

Logging cases for the ACGME is not the same as coding for billing.

- In cases where more than one incontinence and pelvic floor procedure is performed in a single case, residents should log each procedure separately. Avoid CPT codes that “bundle” several incontinence and pelvic floor procedures.

- CPT codes for procedures that include an incontinence and pelvic floor component only give credit to the primary procedure minimum. Residents should log the incontinence and pelvic floor procedure separately.

Two overarching tips for correctly logging incontinence and pelvic floor procedures:

- Use the Area/Type/Code search tab. Searching for cases by Area/Type/Code allows residents to narrow down the code choices quickly, choosing the major category first in area, then narrowing selection by type.

- Many of the incontinence and pelvic floor CPT codes state "including cystourethroscopy, when performed" in their description. This does not automatically give credit to the cystoscopy minimum, so the cystoscopy code should be added if the resident performed it.

Example 1: Anterior and Posterior Colporrhaphy with Cystourethroscopy

To log this case correctly, a resident should enter CPT codes 57240, 57250, and 52000. Credit will be given to the incontinence and pelvic floor minimum (twice) and the cystoscopy minimum.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>57240</td>
<td>Anterior colporrhaphy, repair of cystocele with or without repair of urethrocele, including cystourethroscopy, when performed</td>
<td>Incontinence and Pelvic Floor</td>
<td>Anterior and/or posterior repair, enterocoele rep</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57250</td>
<td>Posterior colporrhaphy, repair of rectocele with or without perineorrhaphy</td>
<td>Incontinence and Pelvic Floor</td>
<td>Anterior and/or posterior repair, enterocoele rep</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52000</td>
<td>Cystourethroscopy (separate procedure)</td>
<td>Cystoscopy</td>
<td>Cystoscopy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Incorrect: Logging CPT code 57260 (Combined anteroposterior colporrhaphy, including cystourethroscopy, when performed) will only give credit for one incontinence and pelvic floor procedure and does not give credit to the cystoscopy minimum.
Example 2: Total Vaginal Hysterectomy with Bilateral Salpingectomy (150g); Anterior Colporrhaphy; Repair of Incidental Cystotomy; Cystourethroscopy

To log this case correctly, a resident should enter CPT codes 58262, 57240, 51880, and 52000. Credit will be given to the vaginal hysterectomy minimum, incontinence and pelvic floor minimum (twice), and the cystoscopy minimum. Note: Logging a vaginal hysterectomy automatically gives credit towards the total hysterectomy minimum.

Example 3: Robotic-Assisted Total Laparoscopic Hysterectomy with BSO (500g) (Surgeon); Robotic Sacrocolpopexy (Bedside Assistant); Cystoscopy (Surgeon)

To log this case correctly, a resident should enter one case choosing the Surgeon role and enter CPT codes 58573 and 52000. Check the “Robotic” checkbox for CPT code 58573 (not shown below). Credit will be given to the laparoscopic hysterectomy, cystoscopy, and laparoscopy minimums. Note: Logging a laparoscopic hysterectomy automatically gives credit towards the total hysterectomy minimum.

The resident should then create a new case with the same case information, choose the Assistant role, and enter CPT code 57245 [Laparoscopy; surgical, colpopexy (suspension of...
vaginal apex]). The Robotic checkbox would be selected for CPT code 57245. The Assistant role does not give credit towards a minimum.

If a fellow serves as Teaching Assistant on this case, the fellow would create a case in the Case Log System, choose the Teaching Assistant role, and enter CPT code 58573 (with selection of the “Robotic” checkbox) and 52000. The fellow would then create a new case with the same case information, choose the Surgeon role, and enter CPT code 57245 (with selection of the “Robotic” checkbox).
Case Log Reports

A number of Case Log reports are available in the system, each providing useful information for monitoring residents’ procedural experience. Some reports will be primarily used at a program level, while others can be used by individual residents to track their progress in minimum categories.

1. Experience by Role
   This report lists the number of cases at each participation level, broken down by area and type. The end of this report provides a total number of cases performed at each participation level for robotic cases and invasive cancer patients.

2. Experience by Year
   This report summarizes the total number of logged procedures for each program year. It provides a quick way to see which procedures are most common for each program year. This report can provide useful information for monitoring procedural activity in the program.

3. Log Activity
   This is a summary report that provides total number of cases, total number of CPT codes, last procedure date, and last update date for all residents or for a selected resident. This report is a quick way to keep tabs on how frequently residents are entering their cases.

4. Case Brief
   The report lists the procedure date, case ID, CPT code, institution, resident role, attending, and description for each case logged.

5. Case Detail
   All information for each case entered into the Case Log System is displayed in this report, making this report most useful for getting an in-depth view of a resident’s procedural experience during a defined period. For example, this report could be generated for each resident for the preceding six-month period and used as part of the resident semi-annual evaluation. Notably, this is the only report that includes information entered into the Comments field.

6. Code Summary
   This report provides the number of times each CPT code is entered into the Case Log System by a given resident. Filtering by specific CPT code, resident year, attending, participating site, etc., can provide useful information on procedural activity. This report can also be helpful in identifying logged procedures that are not being tracked in the Case Log System. This information may help identify if a resident has miscoded a procedure.

7. Tracked Codes
   This report generates all the CPT codes for obstetrics and gynecology that are tracked in the Case Log System and identifies those that are mapped to a minimum category. This report is useful for identifying the correct CPT code to enter to ensure credit is given in the proper minimum category(ies).
8. **RRC Obstetrics and Gynecology Minimums**

This report tracks progress toward achieving the required procedural minimums. Counts include the roles of Surgeon and third- and fourth-year Teaching Assistant. In the fourth year of residency, the generated report will show each category as green (minimum met) or red (minimum not met).
Frequently Asked Questions

If two residents participate in a procedure, can they both enter the Surgeon role if each was involved in 50 percent of the case and equally participated in key portions of the procedure?
Yes, in some circumstances. Two residents may enter the Surgeon role when each completes one side of a bilateral procedure, each is involved in 50 percent of the procedure, and each equally participates in key portions of the procedure. For example, two PGY-4 residents who participate equally in an abdominal hysterectomy could each log the role of Surgeon.

If a PGY-3 or -4 resident instructs and assists a more junior resident through a procedure, the more senior resident should choose the role of Teaching Assistant in the Case Log System, not Surgeon. See the Resident Roles and Teaching Assistant sections of this document for more information on the Teaching Assistant role.

If a resident and a fellow participate in the same procedure, can both choose the Surgeon role?
Yes. If a resident and fellow each performs 50 percent of a bilateral procedure and equally participated in the key portions of the procedure, each may enter the role of Surgeon. Note that it is preferable for a fellow to serve as a Teaching Assistant on resident-level procedures with the resident serving in the Surgeon role, and the attending surgeon to function as an Assistant or Observer.

A resident and fellow may also both log the Surgeon role for different aspects of a case with the resident serving as the Surgeon on resident-level procedure(s) and the fellow serving as the Surgeon the fellow-level procedure(s). See the next question for more information on logging cases that include more than one procedure.

How should a resident log a case when a patient undergoes several procedures but the resident only acts as Surgeon for one?
The resident should record the CPT codes(s) associated with the procedures for which the resident was acting as a surgeon and choose the Surgeon role. If the resident participated in other procedures, the resident should enter the case into the Case Log System a second time with the CPT codes that correspond to another role and choose the applicable role—Assistant or Teaching Assistant. The resident may enter the same patient information for both cases. For an illustration of the steps to log two different roles, see Example 3 in the Incontinence and Pelvic Floor section of this document.

Can three residents receive credit towards the minimum requirements for a single procedure (two Surgeons and one Teaching Assistant)?
No. No more than two residents may receive credit towards the minimum requirements for a single procedure provided the criteria outlined above in the Resident Roles section are met (i.e., Surgeon/Teaching Assistant or Surgeon/Surgeon). The Case Log System will not permit three residents to receive credit for a single procedure.

Can two residents log the Surgeon role and one fellow log the Teaching Assistant role for a single procedure?
Yes, provided the role criteria outlined in the Resident Roles section are met.

**How should a resident choose the appropriate role for a robotic case?**
To be recorded as Surgeon, a resident must perform greater than or equal to 50 percent of the procedure, including the key portion(s) of the procedure. There are times during robotic surgery, however, where the resident may have two different roles in the same case. An example would be a case in which the resident is the surgeon during the port placement and laparoscopic portion of the case but then serves as a bedside assistant during the hysterectomy performed on the console. In this situation, the resident would be 1) Surgeon for the diagnostic-operative laparoscopy, and 2) Assistant for the robotic-assisted hysterectomy.

**Can a resident choose “Invasive Cancer” from the Patient Type drop-down if cancer is suspected prior to surgery?**
Yes.

**Can residents enter cases into the Case Log System when they are on an international rotation?**
See the resource, [International Rotations](https://www.acgme.org), which is posted on the [Documents and Resources](https://www.acgme.org) page of the Obstetrics and Gynecology section of the ACGME website.

**What minimum categories are given credit for a laparoscopic assisted vaginal hysterectomy (LAVH)?**
An LAVH is given credit in two minimum categories: vaginal hysterectomy and laparoscopy.

**Are medical abortions given credit towards the abortion minimum?**
No. Only surgical abortions are tracked in the Case Log System and given credit towards the procedural minimum requirement for abortion.

**What are the Committee’s expectations for program director oversight of resident Case Logs?**
Program directors are expected to monitor resident Case Logs to ensure residents are logging consistently and accurately. Case Logs must be reviewed with each resident as part of their semi-annual evaluation to ensure breadth and depth of experience and continuing growth in technical and clinical competence. The Review Committee reviews graduate Case Log reports as part of the annual program review process. Programs will receive a citation or Area for Improvement (AFI) if one or more residents do not meet the minimum procedural requirements. Programs may also receive a citation for lack of program director oversight of the Case Logs if the Review Committee determines that residents could have met the minimums with proper program director oversight and better distribution of available cases.

**What is the proper way to record a cesarean hysterectomy in the Case Log System?**
Residents should use CPT code 59525, which will provide credit to both abdominal hysterectomy and cesarean delivery minimums. It is not necessary to “unbundle” this case into two CPT codes [58150 (total abdominal hysterectomy) and 59514 (cesarean delivery only)] to receive credit in each minimum category.
Note that while the description for CPT code 59525 states, “List separately in addition to code for primary procedure,” this is intended for billing purposes and should be ignored when logging a case in the Case Log System.

Can a product name be used as a keyword to search for the correct CPT code?
No. CPT codes do not include product names. CPT codes should be searched by procedure name (e.g., ablation as opposed to NovaSure®).

Why do the procedural counts in the Experience by Role and Experience by Year Reports sometimes differ from the procedural counts in the RRC Obstetrics and Gynecology Minimums Report?
When a resident adds a CPT code to a case, the code is linked with only one Case Log “area” in the Experience by Role or Year Report (e.g., spontaneous deliveries, forcep deliveries). However, that same CPT code may give credit to more than one minimum category and consequently the counts on the RRC Obstetrics and Gynecology Minimums Report may be higher. For example, CPT code 59525 counts toward the total for cesarean delivery and abdominal hysterectomy on the Minimums Report, but only counts toward the total for cesarean deliveries on other reports.
Sample Teaching Assistant Endorsement Form

Note: Programs may use this form, customize this form, or create their own form.

Teaching Assistant Endorsement

As program director, I attest that ________________________ is competent to act as Teaching Assistant to more junior residents in the following index cases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedure</th>
<th>Date Approved</th>
<th>Initials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spontaneous vaginal delivery</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cesarean delivery</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Operative vaginal delivery</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obstetric ultrasound</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Abdominal hysterectomy</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Vaginal hysterectomy</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Incontinence and pelvic floor procedures (excluding cystoscopy)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Laparoscopy</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hysteroscopy</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abortion</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transvaginal ultrasound</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surgery for invasive cancer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signed:

Printed:

Date: